

14 November 2023

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

Disclosure Department 6th Floor PSE Tower One Bonifacio High Street 28th Street corner 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention:

MS. ALEXANDRA D. TOM WONG

Officer-in-Charge, Disclosure Department

Subject:

2022 Definitive Information Statement

Gentlemen:

Enclosed herewith is our 2022 Definitive Information Statement with the required Annexes for the Annual Stockholders' Meeting on 11 December 2023, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on 13 November 2023, via email.

We trust that you will find the attached documents in order.

Very truly yours,

PAXYS, INC.

By:

MAYETTE H. TAPIA
Corporate Information Officer



SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

The SEC Headquarters 7907 Makati Avenue, Salcedo Village Bel-Air, Makati City, 1209

Attention:

Dir. Vicente Graciano P. Felizmenio, Jr.

Market Securities Regulation Department

Subject:

Definitive Information Statement

(SEC Form 20-IS)

Gentlemen:

In compliance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") SRC Rule 20 and in connection with Annual Stockholders' Meeting of **Paxys, Inc.** ("Company"), which will be held on 11 December 2023, we submit herewith our Definitive Information Statement ("DIS"), including the 2022 Audited Financial Statements and latest available Management Report for 2023.

We further provide our responses to the SEC's comments on the Preliminary Information Statement ("PIS") which we received on 12 October 2023 via email.

Checklist of Requirements	Page No.	Remarks	Response
THE COMPANY IS ADVIDATED MARCH 13, 2023 RIFOR DISTRIBUTING AND THE NOTICE OF MESTATEMENT, AND OTICONNECTION WITH THE STOCKHOLDERS' MEETIN	E: ALTER PROVIDI ETING, HER DO HOLDIN	NATIVE MODE NG COPIES OF INFORMATION CUMENTS IN IG OF ANNUAL	Please see Annex "A" hereof which is the SEC Letter dated 11 October 2023 granting the Company's request for the proposed distribution of the final copies of the Definitive Information Statement ("DIS") in digital version through (a) QR Code and (b) a link to the Corporation's website.
		Indicate page number	Please see DIS with indicated page numbers.
COVER SHEET			
11. Securities registered pu Sections 8 and 12 of t (information on number of s amount of debt is applicable corporate registrants): Title of Each Class	ne Code nares and	Update	
		Outstanding	



Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding or Amount of Debt Outstanding	September 30, 2023.	Please see page 6 of the DIS for the updated Outstanding shares as of September 30, 2023.
	Part I.	
B. Control and Compensation Informati	on	
ITEM 5. DIRECTORS & EXECUTIVE OFFICERS		
If action is with respect to election of directors		
Information required by Part IV paragraphs (A), (D)(1) and (D)(3) of Annex "C"		
(A) (1) Identity of Directors including Independent Directors and Executive Officers	Submit updated Certification on the Qualifications	Please see filed Certification of Independent Director by Mr. George Edwin Y. SyCip, attached as Annex "3" of the DIS.
	and Disqualification of Independent Directors pursuant to SEC Memo. Circular No. 5, Series of 2017, of Mr. George Edwin Y. SyCip.	
ITEM 6. COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS & EXECUTIVE OFFICERS		
If action to be taken with regard to election, any bonus, profit sharing, pension/retirement plan granting of extension of option, warrant or right to purchase any securities, furnish the following:		
(1) Summary of Compensation Table	Incomplete re: per diem of each of the member Board of Directors or Trustees.	Please see table at page 17 which details the per diem fees received by each member of the Board of Directors for the year 2022.
	PART II	
a. Manner in which the form shall be acomplished, including validation process must be clearly discussed.b. Disclosure on how the form shall be voted upon in case the same is not properly exercised.	(1) Incomplete. Comply with the highlighted portion; (2) Submit Proxy Form.	Please see updated Proxy Form attached as Annex "4" of the DIS, which provides for the matters to be taken up during the meeting, including the election of nominee directors.



The state of the s		
c. Matters to be taken up in the meeting		
must be enumerated opposite the boxes.		
Likewise, names/s of nominee director/s		
(if applicable) must be enumerated		
opposite the boxes.	A STATE OF THE STA	
	PART III	
MANAGEMENT REPORT		
(b) Interim Periods: Comparable	Attached	Please find attached 3rd Quarter
discussion to assess material changes (last	Quarterly Report	Report, which includes the latest
fiscal year and comparable interim period	SEC Form 17-Q	balance sheet, income statement,
in the preceding year). Disclose the	period ended	comprehensive income, cash flows
required information under	September 30,	and stockholders equity for the period
subparagraph (2)(a)(I) to (viii) above.	2023.	ended 30 September 2023 attached as
Shoparagraph (2)(a)(2) to (raily above)	2023.	Annex "1" of the DIS.
Market Price of and Dividends		anner i si die 21s.
required by Part V of Annex C		
(1) Market Information		
(b) If the information called for by	Comply with	The high and low closing prices of the
paragraph (A) of this Part is being	highlighted	Company's shares for the 3 rd quarter
presented, the document shall also	portion Re:	and the last traded price as of 30
include the price information as of the	portion ite	September 2023 have been updated.
latest practicable trading date, and in		Please refer to page 28 of the DIS.
the case of securities to be issued in		Trouble refer to puge 20
connection with an acquisition, business		
combination or other reorganization, as of		
the trading date immediately prior to the		
public announcement of such transaction.		
Sec. 49 RCC, required disclosure		
a) A description of the voting and vote	Not complied	In compliance with Section 49 of the
tabulation procedures used in the previous	with.	Revised Corporation Code, please see
meeting;		the draft Minutes of the previous
b) A description of the opportunity given		meeting (13 December 2022)
to stockholders_or members to ask		attached as Annex "6" of the DIS,
questions and a record of the questions		which provides the following:
asked and answers given;		l
c) The matters discussed and resolutions	1	a) A description of the voting and vote
reached;		tabulation procedures used in the
d) A record of the voting results of each	1	previous meeting – (page 1, Minutes)
agenda item;		"As set out in the Requirements and
e) A list of the directors or trustees,	1	Procedure for Participation and
officers and stockholders or members who		Voting in the meeting, which was
attended the meeting;		attached to the Company's Definitive
f) Material information on the current	-	Information Statement and posted in
stockholders, and their voting rights;		the Company's website, stockholders
g) Appraisals and performance report for		who successfully registered within the
the board and the criteria and procedure		prescribed period will be included in
for assessment; and		the determination of quorum. By
h) Directors disclosures on self-dealing	1	voting in absentia or by proxy, a
and related party transactions.		stockholder will be deemed present
and related party transactions.		for purposes of determining quorum."
	1	



And (page 1 to 2, Minutes)
"Participation and Voting
Procedures During the Annual
Meeting. The Corporate Secretary
explained the participation and
voting procedures adopted for the
annual meeting. According to her,
under the Company's By-Laws, every
stockholder shall be entitled to one
vote for each share of stock standing
in his/her name in the books of the
Corporation. For the election of
directors, each stockholder may
cumulate his/her votes. XXX"

b) A description of the opportunity given to stockholders or members to ask questions and a record of the questions asked and answers given -(page 2, Minutes) "Finally, stockholders, once successfully registered, were also given an opportunity to raise questions or express comments limited to the agenda items by submitting the same through the Company's email. Management will endeavor to reply to these questions or address these comments via email."

And (page 5, Minutes) "Other Matters/Question and Answer. The Chairman inquired if there were any questions or comments on the agenda submitted by email or through the meeting portal. The Corporate Secretary confirmed that there were no questions or comments received by email or through the meeting portal, prior to the meeting. The Corporate Secretary reminded the attendees that for any questions that may have been raised through email or on the meeting portal during this meeting, the response will be sent via email."

c) The matters discussed and resolutions reached —The Minutes provided for the matters to be



discussed and approved during the meeting. All the resolutions were also quoted in the Minutes. Please see pages 2, 3, 4 and 5 of the Minutes.

d) A record of the voting results of each agenda item-- The Minutes provided a tabulation of the votes of each item of the agenda. For (i) the approval of the Minutes of the previous meeting; (ii) the approval of the annual report; (iii) the ratification of corporate acts; and (iv) the appointment of external auditor, the Minutes provide: "The Corporate Secretary noted for the record that stockholders owning at least 976,600,929 shares representing at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock, voted in favor of approving the minutes; 0 shares voted against; and 0 shares abstained on the matter. The affirmative votes are sufficient to approve the resolution."

Likewise, for the election of directors, the Minutes provide that "The Corporate Secretary noted that based on the tabulation and validation by our stock and transfer agent, stockholders owning at least 976,600,929 shares representing at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock, voted to elect all the seven (7) candidates to the Board of Directors. The Corporate Secretary also flashed on the screen is the summary of the votes received by each candidate.

Based on the tabulation and validation by our stock and transfer agent, and there being only seven (7) nominees to the seven (7) available seats for directors, the above nominees were unanimously elected by the stockholders holding at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation, as directors for the current year to serve as such for a period of one year and until their



successors are duly elected and qualified.
The Chairman also declared that the independent directors on the Board are Mr. George Edwin Y. SyCip and Mr. Jose Antonio A. Lichauco"
e) A list of the directors or trustees, officers and stockholders or members who attended the meeting—the Minutes enumerated the directors who were present when the meeting was called to order as follows "The Chairman, Mr. Tarcisio M. Medalla, called the meeting to order and presided over the same. He introduced the members of the Board
of Directors who were present, namely, Roger Leo A. Cariño, Christopher B. Maldia, Roberto A. Atendido, and Independent Director Jose Antonio A. Lichauco. The Corporate Secretary, Atty. Mayette H. Tapia, recorded the proceedings."
Likewise, the Minutes provide "The Corporate Secretary announced that there were present, in person and by proxy, at least 976,600,929 shares representing at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock. The list of attendees and proxies is available at the office of the Corporation. She therefore certified that there was a quorum for the transaction of business."
f) Material information on the current stockholders, and their voting rights — Please see page 28 of the DIS, which provides for the list of Shareholders of the Company and their voting rights as discussed in page 7 under Item 4 on Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof.
g) Appraisals and performance report for the board and the criteria and procedure for assessment –Please see page 36 of the DIS, which provides

15th Floor • 6750 Ayala Office Tower Ayala Avenue, Makati City, Philippines 1226 Tel No. (632) 8250-3800 • Fax No. (632) 8250-3801 www.paxys.com



that "The Company continues to have four (4) Board Committees namely the Executive Committee, the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Nominations Committee, and the Compensation and Remuneration Committee. In keeping with regulatory requirements, each Committee continuously updates its Charter and Performance Assessment Procedures, as needed. Upon review of its respective Charter and evaluation ofits respective Committee performance based on defined rating system, the Committees assessed their performance to be satisfactory, able to engage the Board, management and other stakeholders in risk management, control and governance processes to bring about a positive impact while furthering the goals of the Company."

Please see attached relevant documents attached as Annexes "7" to "15" of the DIS.

h) Directors disclosures on selfdealing and related party transactions -This is not applicable as there was no transaction of such nature concerning the directors. Please see page 26 of the DIS on the Related Party Transaction, which provides that "Transactions between related parties mainly include cash advances for working capital advances and are accounted for at arms-length prices. In 2022, the Group extended cash advances in support of working capital requirements of related parties amounting to ₱6.9 million."

Copies of the Definitive Information Statement ("DIS"), including the 2022 Audited Financial Statements and latest available Management Report for 2022 and the 3rd Quarter Report for 2023 (SEC Form 17-Q), will be available on the Company's website. Notice of the Annual Stockholder Meeting will be published in the business section two (2) newspaper of general circulation, in print and online format for two (2) consecutive days starting on 13 November 2023 in compliance with SEC's Notice dated 16



February 2022 and 13 March 2023 as an alternative mode for distributing and providing copies of the Notice of Meeting.

We trust that you will find the attached documents in order. We hope to receive the SEC's clearance on or before the distribution date.

Very truly yours,

PAXYS, INC.

By:

Corporate Secretary and Corporate Information Officer





MARKETS AND SECURITIES REGULATION DEPARTMENT

11 October 2023

PAXYS, INC. 15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower Ayala Ave., Makati City

Email: investor relations@paxys.com; paxys legal@paxys.com

ATTENTION: ATTY. MAYETTE H. TAPIA Corporate Secretary

Gentlemen:

This refers to your letter dated September 20, 2023, requesting approval of the request for PAXYS, INC. ("Company") to be allowed to distribute via (a) Quick Response ("QR") Code and (2) a link to the Corporation's website the Definitive Information Statement ("DIS") for its 2023 Annual Stockholders' Meeting on 11 December 2023 and its related materials, including the following:

- 1. Definitive Information Statement Cover Page;
- 2. Notice of Annual Stockholders' Meeting;
- 3. Definitive Information Statement;
- 4. Proxy form, in case of a proxy solicitation;
- 5. Management Report;
- 6. Audited Financial Statements for year ended December 31, 2022;
- 7. Interim Financial Statements; and
- 8. Statement of Management Responsibility.

Please be advised that the Commission allows the distribution of said documents through verifiable soft copy, such as via QR Code and website link, pursuant to the E-Commerce Law and 2015 Amended Implementing Rules and Regulations of the SRC particularly Rule 20.3.1 which states that:

"In the conduct of annual or other stockholders' meetings, the Issuer shall transmit either a written or verifiable soft copy of the information statement and proxy form (in case of a proxy solicitation) containing the information specified under SEC Form 20-IS, and a management report under SRC Rule 20.4, if applicable, to security holder of the class entitle to vote." (emphasis supplied)

Relative to the subject request, it is emphasized that the distribution of the DIS and Notice of the Meeting via QR Code is subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Hard copies of the said documents shall, upon request by shareholders, be given within the period required under the Rules;
- 2. The shareholders shall be informed that the hard copy of the documents shall be provided upon their request; and
- Important information such as date, time, venue and agenda of the meeting must be posted in the website and indicated in the email that will be distributed to the shareholders.

☑ The SEC Headquarters, 7907 Makati Avenue Salcedo Village, Bel-air, Makati City

28 (+63 2) 8818 0921

www.sec.gov.ph | Imessagema@sec.gov.ph







This permission only pertains to the specific request of distributing the Definitive Information Statement for the Fiscal Year 2023 via QR Code and link to Corporation's websiite, and shall not be construed to allow the use of other data storage materials. Separate requests should be filled for the Definitive Information Statement of succeeding years.

Very truly yours,

VICENTE GRACIANO E. PEL MINIO, JR Director

PAXYS, INC.

15/F 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City

NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

To all Stockholders:

Please be advised that the annual meeting of the stockholders of **PAXYS**, **INC.**, will be held on **11 December 2023** at the Manila Golf & Country Club, Harvard Road, Forbes Park, Makati City, Philippines at 2:00 PM.

The agenda is as follows:

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Proof of Notice and Certification of Quorum
- 3. Approval of Minutes of Previous Stockholders' Meeting
- 4. Management Report and Audited Financial Statements for the Year Ended December 31, 2022
- 5. Ratification of Previous Corporate Acts
- 6. Election of Directors
- 7. Appointment of External Auditors
- 8. Other Matters
- 9. Adjournment

For purposes of the meeting, stockholders of record as of 31 October 2023 are entitled to notice and to vote at the said meeting. Registration for the meeting begins at 12:30 PM. For convenience in registering your attendance, please present government issued identification, such as a driver's license, voter's ID, TIN card, SSS card or passport.

If you will not be able to attend the meeting but would like to be represented thereat, you may submit your proxy form, duly signed and accomplished, to the Corporate Secretary at the 15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, Philippines on or before 1 December 2023. Beneficial owners whose shares are lodged with PDTC or registered under the name of a broker, bank or other fiduciary allowed by law must, in addition to the required ID, present a notarized certification from the owner of record that he is the beneficial owner, indicating thereon the number of shares. Corporate shareholders shall likewise be required to present a notarized secretary's certificate attesting to the authority of its representative to attend and vote at the stockholders' meeting. In accordance with Rule 20.11.2.18 of the 2015 Implementing Rules and Regulations of the Securities and Regulation Code, proxies executed by brokers shall be accompanied by a certification under oath stating that before the proxy was given to the broker, he had obtained the written consent of the persons in whose account the shares are held.

Validation of proxies will be held not later than 6 December 2023 at the office of the Company's stock transfer agent.

Pursuant to SEC Notices dated 16 February 2022 and 13 March 2023, a copy of this Notice of meeting and accompanying annex containing a brief statement of the rationale and explanation for each item in the agenda, Definitive Information Statement, Management Report, SEC Form 17-Q, Proxy Form and other documents related to the meeting are available at the Company's website at www.paxys.com.

Makati City, Metro Manila, Philippines, 10 October 2023.

Corporate Secretary

AGENDA Details and Rationale

1. Call to order

The Chairman of the Board of Directors and President, Mr. Tarcisio M. Medalla, will call the meeting to order.

2. Proof of notice and certification of quorum

The Corporate Secretary, Atty. Mayette H. Tapia, will certify that copies of the Notice have been sent to all stockholders of record as of 31 October 2023, and whether the attendees represented at the meeting hold a sufficient number of shares for quorum to exist for the valid transaction of business.

3. Approval of the Minutes of Previous Stockholders' Meeting

Copies of the draft minutes have been distributed together with the Notice of Stockholders' Meeting and Information Statement.

The stockholders will be requested to approve the draft minutes. The following is the proposed resolution:

"RESOLVED, that the minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of Paxys, Inc. held on December 13, 2022 be, as it is hereby, approved."

4. Management Report & Audited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

The Chairman and President will present the report of Management to the stockholders, discuss initiatives undertaken and challenges faced by the Company in 2022 and share his personal perspective of the Company's future.

The audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 were prepared by the Company's independent auditors, Reyes, Tacandong & Co., and approved by the Company's Board of Directors. In compliance with regulatory requirements, the audited financial statements were also submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission and Bureau of Internal Revenue.

Copies of the Management Report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been distributed with the Information Statement.

Questions will be entertained from the stockholders after the presentation.

The stockholders will be requested to approve the Management Report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022. The following is the proposed resolution:

"RESOLVED, that the Management Report and the Corporation's audited financial statements for year ended December 31, 2022 be, as it is hereby, approved."

5. Ratification of Previous Corporate Acts

The Company's performance is the result of the acts, contracts, resolutions and actions of the Board of Directors and Management of the Company, and the stockholders will be requested to ratify the same. The following is the proposed resolution:

"RESOLVED, that all acts, contracts, resolutions and actions of the Board of Directors and Management of the Corporation from the date of the last annual stockholders' meeting up to the present be, as they are hereby, approved, ratified and confirmed."

6. Election of Directors

The individuals named below have been nominated as regular or independent directors and their respective nominations have been screened by the Nominations Committee. The re-election of the independent directors has been approved by the Board of Directors, which believes that their re-election as independent directors will be beneficial to the continuing growth, strategic direction, and corporate governance of the Company. The Board and Management further believe that their industry experience and knowledge will be most valuable in the successful governance of the Company.

For Regular Directors

- 1. TARCISIO M. MEDALLA
- 2. ROGER LEO A. CARIÑO
- 3. CHRISTOPHER B. MALDIA
- 4. LIM GHEE KEONG
- 5. ROBERTO A. ATENDIDO

For Independent Directors:

- 6. GEORGE EDWIN Y. SYCIP
- 7. JOSE ANTONIO A. LICHAUCO

Voting may be done in person or by proxy. Proxy forms can be downloaded from the Company's website at www.paxys.com. Signed and accomplished proxy forms are required to be submitted not later than 5:00 p.m. of 1 December 2023 and shall be validated no later than 6 December 2023. Votes may be cumulated as provided in the Revised Corporation Code.

7. Appointment of External Auditors

The Company's Audit, Risk Management, and Related-Party Transactions Committee has reviewed the qualifications and performance of its current external auditor, Reyes Tacandong & Co., and has endorsed its reappointment for the current year 2023. The following is the proposed resolution:

"RESOLVED, that the accounting firm of Reyes Tacandong & Co. be reappointed external auditors of the Company for the current year 2023."

8. Other Matters

Stockholders may propose to discuss other issues and matters.

9. Adjournment

After all matters in the agenda have been taken up, the Chairman shall entertain a motion to adjourn the meeting.

COVER SHEET

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PAXYS, INC.

15/F 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City

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Makati City, Metro Manila, Philippines, 10 October 2023.

MAYETTE H. TAPIA

Corporate Secretary

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5. Ratification of Previous Corporate Acts

The Company's performance is the result of the acts, contracts, resolutions and actions of the Board of Directors and Management of the Company, and the stockholders will be requested to ratify the same. The following is the proposed resolution:

"RESOLVED, that all acts, contracts, resolutions and actions of the Board of Directors and Management of the Corporation from the date of the last annual stockholders' meeting up to the present be, as they are hereby, approved, ratified and confirmed."

6. Election of Directors

The individuals named below have been nominated as regular or independent directors and their respective nominations have been screened by the Nominations Committee. The re-election of the independent directors has been approved by the Board of Directors, which believes that their re-election as independent directors will be beneficial to the continuing growth, strategic direction, and corporate governance of the Company. The Board and Management further believe that their industry experience and knowledge will be most valuable in the successful governance of the Company.

For Regular Directors

- 1. TARCISIO M. MEDALLA
- 2. ROGER LEO A. CARIÑO
- 3. CHRISTOPHER B. MALDIA
- 4. LIM GHEE KEONG
- 5. ROBERTO A. ATENDIDO

For Independent Directors:

- 6. GEORGE EDWIN Y. SYCIP
- 7. JOSE ANTONIO A. LICHAUCO

Voting may be done in person or by proxy. Proxy forms can be downloaded from the Company's website at www.paxys.com. Signed and accomplished proxy forms are required to be submitted not later than 5:00 p.m. of 1 December 2023 and shall be validated no later than 6 December 2023. Votes may be cumulated as provided in the Revised Corporation Code.

7. Appointment of External Auditors

The Company's Audit, Risk Management, and Related-Party Transactions Committee has reviewed the qualifications and performance of its current external auditor, Reyes Tacandong & Co., and has endorsed its reappointment for the current year 2023. The following is the proposed resolution:

"RESOLVED, that the accounting firm of Reyes Tacandong & Co. be reappointed external auditors of the Company for the current year 2023."

8. Other Matters

Stockholders may propose to discuss other issues and matters.

9. Adjournment

After all matters in the agenda have been taken up, the Chairman shall entertain a motion to adjourn the meeting.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 20-IS DEFINITIVE INFORMATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 20 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE

1.	Check	the	appropriate	box:	
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	Preliminary Information Statement
V	Definitive Information Statement

2. Name of Registrant as specified in its charter:

PAXYS, INC.

3. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization: Makati City, Philippines

4. SEC Identification Number: 6

6609

5. BIR Tax Identification Code:

000-233-218-000

6. Address of principal office:

15th Floor 6750 Ayala Office Tower

Ayala Avenue,

Makati City

Postal Code

1226

7. Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (+632) 8250-3800

8. Date, time and place of the meeting of security holders:

Date:

December 11, 2023

Time:

2:00 PM

Venue:

Manila Golf & Country Club, Harvard Road, Forbes Park,

Makati City, Philippines

9. Approximate date on which the Information Statement is to be first sent or given to security holders:

November 16, 2023

10. Compliance with Section 49 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines and SEC Memorandum Circular No. 3, Series of 2020:

The approximate date when the notice of the annual stockholders' meeting will be first sent to security holders will be on 16 November 2023 through newspaper publication via The Philippine Star and online publication via Business World. Said date is at least twenty-five (25) calendar days prior to the date of the meeting in compliance with Section 49 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines and SEC Memorandum Circular No. 3 Series of 2020.

Likewise, in compliance with Section 49 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines and SEC Memorandum Circular No. 3, Series of 2020, the written notice contains all information and deadlines relevant to the shareholders' participation in the proxy meeting and exercise of the right to vote (in person or through a proxy).

11. In case of Proxy Solicitations:

Name of Person Filing the Statement/Solicitor: PAXYS, INC.

Address and Telephone No.: 15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City

(+632) 8250-3800

12. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Securities Regulations Code (information on number of shares and amount of debt is applicable only to corporate registrants):

a. Authorized Capital Stock

Title of Each Class	Par Value	No. of Shares	Authorized Capital Stock
Common	Php1.00	1,800,000,000	Php1,800,000,000.00

b. No. of Common Shares Outstanding as of September 30, 2023: 1,148,534,866

C.	Amount of	of Debt	Outstanding	as of Decei	mber 31	. 2022:
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nil

13. Are any or all of registrant's securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes	✓	No

If yes, disclose the name of such Stock Exchange and the class of securities listed therein: The Common Stock of the Company is listed at the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (PSE)

PAXYS, INC. INFORMATION STATEMENT

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Date, Time and Place of Meeting of Security Holders

The annual stockholders' meeting of PAXYS, INC. (hereafter the "Registrant" or "Company" or "Paxys") will be held on 11 December 2023 at 2:00 p.m. at the Manila Golf & Country Club, Harvard Road, Forbes Park, Makati City, Philippines.

The complete mailing address of the principal office of the Registrant is 15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City.

The approximate date when the notice of the annual stockholders' meeting and the information statement will be first sent to security holders is on 16 November 2023 through newspaper publication via The Philippine Star and online publication via Business World. Said date is at least twenty-five (25) calendar days prior to the date of the meeting in compliance with Section 49 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines and the SEC Memorandum Circular No. 3, Series of 2020.

Likewise, in compliance with Section 49 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines and the SEC Memorandum Circular No. 3, Series of 2020, the written notice contains all information and deadlines relevant to the shareholders' participation in the meeting and exercise of the right to vote.

Item 2. Dissenters' Right of Appraisal

There are no matters to be taken up during the annual stockholders' meeting with respect to which the law allows the exercise of the appraisal right by any dissenting stockholder. The Corporation Code limits the exercise of the appraisal right to the following instances:

- a. In case any amendment to the articles of incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting the rights of any stockholder or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in respect superior to those of outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence (Section 81);
- b. In case of the sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property and assets (Section 81);

- c. In case of merger or consolidation (Section 81);
- d. In case of investments in another corporation, business or purpose (Section 42).

Since the matters to be taken up do not include any of the foregoing, the appraisal right will not be available.

However, if at any time after this Information Statement has been sent out, an action which may give rise to the right of appraisal is proposed at the meeting, any stockholder who voted against the proposed action and who wishes to exercise such right must make a written demand, within thirty (30) days after the date of the meeting or when the vote was taken, for the payment of the fair market value of his shares. Upon payment, he must surrender his certificates of stock. No payment shall be made to any dissenting stockholder unless the Company has unrestricted retained earnings in its books to cover such payment.

Item 3. Interest of Certain Persons in or Opposition to Matters to be Acted Upon

The directors, officers, nominees for directors and their associates do not have a substantial interest, direct or indirect, in any matter to be acted upon, other than election to office.

The registrant has not been informed in writing by any person that he intends to oppose any action to be taken by the Company at the meeting.

B. CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 4. Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof

As of 30 September 2023, there are 1,148,534,866 outstanding common shares entitled to notice and to vote at the meeting.

The record date for the purpose of determining the stockholders entitled to notice of meeting and to vote at, the Annual Meeting of Stockholders is on 31 October 2023.

The election of the board of directors for the current fiscal year will be taken up and all stockholders have the right to cumulate their votes in favor of their chosen nominees for director in accordance with Section 24 of the Revised Corporation Code. Section 24 provides that a stockholder, may vote such number of shares registered in his name as of the record date for as many persons as there are directors to be elected or he may cumulate said shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of shares shall equal, or he may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as he shall see fit. The total number of votes cast by such stockholder should not exceed the number of shares owned by him as shown in the books of the corporation multiplied by the whole number of directors to be elected.

Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners and Management

(1) Persons Known to the Registrant to be Directly or Indirectly the Record or Beneficial Owner of More than 5% of Any Class of the Registrant's Voting Securities:

As of 30 September 2023, Paxys has no knowledge of any individual or any party who beneficially owns in excess of 5% of Paxys common stock except as set forth in the table below:

	Name and Address of	Name of Beneficial Owner	Citizenship	Number of	Percent of
Title of	Record Owner &	& Relationship with		Shares Held	Class
Class	Relationship with Issuer	Record Owner			

Common	All Asia Customer Services Holdings, Ltd. (AACSHL) 5/F Manulife Place 348 Kwun Tong Road Kowloon, Hong Kong	Expac Holdings Ltd. owns 100% of AACSHL. Paxys has neither corporate relationship nor information about Expac Holdings Ltd.	Hong Kong	630,844,038*	54.93%
Common	Paxys N.V. Kaya W.F.G. (Jombi) Mensing 36, Curaçao	Paxys, Inc. owns 100% equity of Paxys N.V.	Curação	345,622,477**	30.09%
Common	PCD Nominee Corp. G/F MSE Bldg., 6767 Ayala Ave., Makati City	Beneficial owners are the clients of the PCD participants' brokers. There are no beneficial owners owning more than 5% of the Registrant's capital stock.	Philippines	170,162,539	14.82%
		1	Total	1,146,629,054	99.84%

^{*}This includes the 9,583,218 lodged shares of AACSHL under PCD Nominee Corporation (Non-Filipino)
**The 345,622,477 shares of Paxys N.V. are currently lodged under PCD Nominee Corporation (Non-Filipino)

The right to vote the shares of AACSHL shall be exercised through its duly appointed proxy. AACSHL has previously appointed Mr. Tarcisio M. Medalla, Chairman and President of Paxys, Inc., as proxy for past stockholders' meetings. It is expected that AACSHL shall reappoint him as proxy for this year's meeting.

The shares held by AACSHL include 3,970,818 shares lodged with AB Capital Securities, Inc. and 5,612,400 shares lodged with S.J. Roxas & Co., Inc.

Paxys N.V., a wholly owned subsidiary of Paxys, owns 30.09% of the Company. As of 30 September 2023, the public ownership level of Paxys was 14.96%. Paxys N.V. has appointed Mr. Tarcisio M. Medalla, Chairman and President of Paxys, Inc., as proxy for this year's stockholders' meeting.

(2) Security Ownership of Directors and Management (as of 30 September 2023):

Title of	Name of Beneficial	Position	Amount of	Citizenship	Percent
Class	Owner		Beneficial		Owned
			Ownership		
Directors					
Common	Tarcisio M. Medalla	Chairman &	1,120	Filipino	0.0001%
		President			
Common	Christopher B. Maldia	Director	129,520 ¹	Filipino	0.0113%
Common	Ghee Keong Lim	Director	82,800 ²	Malaysian	0.0072%
Common	Roger Leo A. Cariño	Director &			
		Treasurer	1,120	Filipino	0.0001%
Common	Roberto A. Atendido	Director	1,000	Filipino	0.0001%
Common	George Edwin Y.	Independent			
	SyCip	Director	1,120	American	0.0001%
Common	Jose Antonio A.	Independent			
	Lichauco	Director	1,120	Filipino	0.0001%
Other Na	med Officers		·		
Common	Pablito O. Lim	Group, Chief	-	Filipino	-
		Financial Officer			

¹ Includes 129,400 lodged and uncertificated shares.

8

² Includes 1,000 lodged and uncertificated shares.

Common	Ana Maria A. Katigbak Sheri A. Inocencio	Assistant Corporate Secretary Chief Risk Officer		Filipino Filipino	
Common	Ruth M. Mariñas	Chief Audit Executive	-	Filipino	-
	Total		217,800		0.019%

(3) Voting Trust Holder of 5% or more

There are no voting trust agreements or any other similar agreement which may result in a change in control of the Company of which the Company has any knowledge.

(4) Changes in control

No change in control of the Registrant has occurred since the previous fiscal year.

Item 5. Directors and Executive Officers

Directors

The following are the names, age, citizenships, and period of service of the current directors/independent directors, who are nominated for re-election at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting:

Name	Age	Citizenship	Period during which individual has served as such
Tarcisio M. Medalla	74	Filipino	Since 2003
Roger Leo A. Cariño	64	Filipino	Since 2003
Christopher B. Maldia	63	Filipino	Since 2003
Lim Ghee Keong	55	Malaysian	Since 2005
Roberto A. Atendido	75	Filipino	Since 2004
George Edwin Y. SyCip (Independent)	66	American	Renominated for year 2023 (after 9 consecutive years and reappointment for another 2 consecutive years)
Jose Antonio Lichauco (Independent)	64	Filipino	Renominated for year 2023 (after 9 consecutive years and reappointment for 2 years)

Background, experience and positions held of each of the directors/independent directors of the company is as follows:

Mr. Tarcisio M. Medalla (Chairman and President), 74 years old, Filipino, has been a Director and President of the Company since 30 December 2003. He is concurrently a Director of UT Global Services Limited, a privately held company with an RHQ in Manila and affiliated with All Asia Customer Services Holdings Ltd., an investment holding company that owns the controlling equity

interest in Paxys. He has been connected with the Group since 1983. He is also a director of Pacific Online Systems Corporation, a company listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange. He graduated with a BSC degree, major in Accounting, from De La Salle University. He attended the Advanced Management Program (AMP) at the Harvard Business School. He is a Certified Public Accountant.

Mr. Roger Leo A. Cariño (Director & Treasurer), 64 years old, Filipino, has been a Director of the Company since 30 December 2003. He is currently the Company's Treasurer, which he also held from 2004 to 2006 and 2009. He is concurrently a Director of UT Global Services Limited, a privately held investment company with an RHQ in Manila and affiliated with All Asia Customer Services Holdings Ltd. He is also the Chairman and President of UT Foundation, Inc. He has been connected with the Group since 1990. He graduated with a BSC degree, major in Accountancy, from Ateneo de Naga University and attended the MBA Program at Murdoch University and the Strategic Business Economics program at the University of Asia and the Pacific. He is a Certified Public Accountant.

Mr. Christopher B. Maldia (*Director*), 63 years old, Filipino, has been a Director of the Company since December 2003. He graduated with a Bachelor of Laws degree from the Ateneo de Manila University. He also has a Master of Laws in International Legal Studies from New York University School of Law. He is a member of the Philippine Bar and the New York Bar.

Mr. Lim Ghee Keong (Director), 55 years old, Malaysian, was appointed as Director of the Company on 3 June 2005. He has more than 30 years of experience in finance, treasury and credit general management. Prior to joining the Usaha Tegas Sdn. Bhd. ("UTSB") Group in 1995, he was attached to General Electric Capital Corporation in the USA and Ban Hin Lee Bank in Malaysia. He is a Director and Chief Operating Officer of UTSB and serves on the boards of several other companies in which UTSB Group has interests, such as Maxis Berhad (listed on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"), and Astro Malaysia Holdings Berhad (listed on Bursa Securities). He holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree, majoring in Finance from the University of Hawaii at Manoa, USA.

Mr. Roberto A. Atendido (*Director*),75 years old, Filipino, has been a Director of the Corporation since 1 October 2004. He is currently the President of Asian Alliance Holdings and Develop Corp., Chairman/Director of Myka Advisory & Consultancy Services, Inc., Vice Chairman of Asian Alliance Investment Corp. He is currently a member of the board of the following companies: Philippine Business Bank, and Macay Holdings Inc. He is also an independent Director of Mega Global Corporation. He holds a Masters Degree in Business Management from the Asian Institute of Management.

Mr. George Edwin Y. SyCip (Independent Director), 66 years old, American, has been a Director of the Company since 1 October 2004. He advises a variety of companies in their cross-border endeavors between the US/Europe and Asia and serves on the corporate Boards of Asian Alliance Holdings and Development Corp., Cityland Development Corporation, and Bank of the Orient in San Francisco. He is also a Trustee or Director of the International Institute for Rural Reconstruction, Give2Asia, Global Heritage Fund. He holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration from Harvard Business School and a Bachelor's degree in International Relations/Economics from Stanford University.

Mr. Jose Antonio Lichauco (Independent Director), 64 years old, Filipino, is the Treasurer and a Director of Automated Technology (Philippines), Inc. where he was previously Senior Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer. He is concurrently the President of Asia Alliance Investment Corp., specializing in Investment Banking and Corporate Finance. He also held positions at Insular Investment and Trust Corporation and at SGV & Co. He obtained his Master's Degree in Business Administration from Columbia University in New York, USA in 1989.

Executive Officers

The following are the names, ages, positions, citizenship and periods of service of the incumbent officers of the Company:

Name	Position	Age	Citizenship	Period during which individual has served as such
Tarcisio M. Medalla	President and CEO	74	Filipino	Since 2003
Roger Leo A. Cariño	Treasurer	64	Filipino	Since 2003
Pablito O. Lim	Group, Chief Financial Officer	65	Filipino	Since 2013
Sheri A. Inocencio	Chief Risk Officer	57	Filipino	Since 2021
Mayette H. Tapia	Corporate Secretary, Corporate Legal Counsel, Corporate Information Officer, Compliance Officer and Investor Relations Officer	37	Filipino	Since 2017
Ana Maria A. Katigbak	Assistant Corporate Secretary	54	Filipino	Since 1997
Ruth M. Mariñas	Chief Audit Executive	38	Filipino	Since 2021

Background, experience and positions held of each of the officers of the Company are as follows:

Mr. Pablito O. Lim, 65 years old, Filipino, is the Group Chief Financial Officer since 2013. He was the former CFO of Stellar Philippines, Inc. and Stellar Global Solutions Philippines, Inc. Prior to joining the Group, he was the CFO of Brightpoint Italy and served as an Audit Executive in Sycip Gorres Velayo & Co., a member firm of Ernst & Young. He is also concurrently a Director of some of the Company's subsidiaries such as Simpro Solutions Philippines, Inc., Scopeworks Asia, Inc. and Paxys Realty, Inc. He is a Certified Public Accountant. He also completed both the Executive Development Program and the Management Development Program at the Asian Institute of Management.

Ms. Sheri A. Inocencio, 57 years old, Filipino, is the Group's Chief Risk Officer (CRO). Prior to joining the Group, she was the Vice President for Finance in BA Continuum Philippines, Inc. (a subsidiary of Bank of America) from August 2013 up to February 2015 and in Advanced Contact Solutions, Inc. from March 2003 up to November 2008. She also held several key finance and audit roles in C3/Customer Contact Channels, Inc., People, Inc., NGL Pacific Ltd., Pacific Cable & DTU Systems, Inc., and SGV & Co. Ms. Inocencio graduated cum laude from University of the Philippines with a degree in Business Administration and Accountancy and is a Certified Public Accountant.

Atty. Mayette H. Tapia, 37 years old, Filipino, is the Corporate Secretary, Corporate Legal Counsel, Corporate Information Officer, Compliance Officer, and Investor Relations Officer beginning September 4, 2017. She previously served as a General Counsel of a multinational company and as an associate lawyer at Angara Abello Concepcion Regala & Cruz (ACCRA) Law Offices. She is currently a member of the Association of Southeast Asian Nation (ASEAN) Law Association and served as a corporate secretary of the San Beda Law Alumni Association Board of Trustees. She obtained her Bachelor of Laws degree from San Beda University-College of Law in Manila and became a member of the Integrated Bar of the Philippines on April 2013.

Atty. Ana Maria A. Katigbak, 54 years old, Filipino, is the Assistant Corporate Secretary of the Company and has held the office since 1997. She is a partner in Castillo, Laman, Tan, Pantaleon & San Jose Law Offices and also acts as Director of Mabuhay Holdings, Inc. and Corporate Secretary of Alsons Consolidated Resources, Inc. and IPM Holdings, Inc., and Assistant Corporate Secretary of Energy Development Corporation, Solid Group, Inc., and Vulcan Industrial and Mining Corp., She is a member of the Integrated Bar of the Philippines.

Ms. Ruth M. Mariñas, 38 years old, Filipino, is the Chief Audit Executive of the Company. She is a Certified Public Accountant with comprehensive experience in fields of general accounting, financial auditing, and taxation. She is knowledgeable in handling local and international companies of different industries, as well as small and medium enterprises.

Term of Office of Directors

Each director of the Company holds office for a period of one year and until the annual meeting of stockholders is held next after his election and/or his successor shall have been elected and qualified, except in case of death, resignation, disqualification or removal from office.

Directors' Attendance

All directors met the SEC's requirements of more than 50% attendance. Directors' attendance for the board meetings held for the year 2022 are as follows.

$\sqrt{-Present}$ A – Absent R – Resign	ned	Resig	R-	bsent	-A	A	resent	P_{I}	V-	1
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Directors			D	ate of Board I	Meeting	
	14 Dec. 2021 Organization al	28 Mar. 2022 Regular	5 May 2022 Regular	4Aug. 2022 Regular	7 Nov. 2022 Regular	13 Dec. 2022 Organizational
Tarcisio M. Medalla		/	/	/	✓.	/
Roger Leo A. Cariño	/	/	/	/		✓
Roberto A. Atendido	/	✓	/	A	A	A
Christopher B. Maldia	/	/	/	/	✓	/
Jose Antonio A. Lichauco	/	/	/	/	✓	/
Lim Ghee Keong	/	/	/	/	✓	/
George Edwin Y. SyCip	/	/	/	/	✓	/

Directorships in Other Companies

The following are directorships held by directors and executive officers in other companies during the last five years:

Name of Director	Name of Corporation	Position	Period
Tarcisio M. Medalla	Pacific Online Systems	Director	2007 to present
	Corporation		
Roger Leo A.	UT Foundation Inc.	Chairman/President	2011 to present
Cariño			
Roberto A. Atendido	Asian Alliance Holdings &	President	2021 to present
	Develop Corp.		
	Asian Alliance Investment	Vice Chairman	2021 to present
	Corp.		
	Myka Advisory &	Chairman/	2010 to present
N	Consultancy Services, Inc.	Shareholder	
	Macay Holdings, Inc.	Director	2014 to present

Name of Director	Name of Corporation	Position	Period
	Philippine Business Bank	Director	2006 to present
	Mega Global Corporation	Independent Director	2021 to present
Jose Antonio A.	Asian Alliance Investment	President	2013 to present
Lichauco	Corp.		
	Automated Technology (Philippines) Inc.	Director	2000 to present
George Edwin Y.	Asian Alliance Holdings and	Director	November
SyCip	Development Corp.		1995 to present
	Cityland Development Corp.	Director	December
			2017 to present

Nomination for Election of Directors

In accordance with the Company's By-Laws and Corporate Governance Manual, nominations for election of directors were submitted to the Company's Corporate Secretary at the Company's principal place of business at least thirty (30) days before the date of the Annual Meeting.

There will be seven (7) nominees for regular and independent directors. All nominees are currently incumbent directors.

Nominations for Independent Directors

In accordance with SRC Rule 38, the Company has established a Nomination and Governance Committee with the following as members:

- 1. Mr. Tarcisio M. Medalla (Chairman)
- 2. Mr. George Edwin Y. SyCip (Independent Director)
- 3. Mr. Jose Antonio A. Lichauco (Independent Director)
- 4. Mr. Roger Leo A. Cariño (non-voting)
- 5. Mr. Christopher B. Maldia (non-voting)

The Nomination and Governance Committee has pre-screened in accordance with the criteria prescribed under SRC Rule 38 and the Company's Code of Corporate Governance, the nominations made by Mr. Tarcisio M. Medalla, Chairman and President of Paxys, of the following independent director nominees:

- 1) George Edwin Y. SyCip (incumbent)
- 2) Jose Antonio A. Lichauco (incumbent)

As of September 30, 2023, the above nominees have served the Company for more than a cumulative term of nine (9) years reckoned from year 2012. Pursuant to the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines and the SEC Memorandum Circular No. 19 dated November 22, 2016 on Code of Corporate Governance, the Company intends to retain and reappoint these Independent Directors for another year, subject to the Board's finding of meritorious justification/s and shareholders' approval.

The Board of Directors is endorsing the re-election of Messrs. SyCip and Lichauco who have served as independent directors for more than nine years. The Board believes that their re-election as independent directors will be beneficial to the continuing growth, strategic direction, and corporate governance of the Company, and that their industry experience and knowledge will be most valuable in the successful governance of the Company.

None of these independent director nominees are officers nor employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, nor related by affinity or consanguinity to the persons who nominated them or other relationships, which could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment in carrying out their responsibilities as independent directors.

Both nominees have submitted a Certificate of Qualification as required by the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to its Notice dated October 20, 2006.

Significant Employees

All the employees are considered important assets of the Company who collectively make significant contributions to the Company.

Family Relationships

None of the directors and executive officers is related to each other by affinity or consanguinity.

Involvement of Directors and Executive Officers in Certain Legal Proceedings

None of the directors and executive officers was involved, during the past five years and as of the date of this report, in any bankruptcy proceeding. Neither have they been convicted by final judgment in any criminal proceeding or been subject to any order, judgment or decree of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending, or otherwise limiting their involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities or banking activities, nor found in action by any court or administrative body to have violated a securities or commodities law.

In any case, its independent director, George Edwin Y. SyCip is involved in the following legal proceedings:

Offense Charged/Investigated	Tribunal/Agency Involved	Status
Alleged violation of Sections 74 and 75 in relation to Section 144 of the Corporation Code (or alleged violation of the right to inspect) – preliminary investigation	Office the Secretary – Department of Justice (OSEC-PR-DTF-2- 010916-001; NPS Docket Nos. XVI-INV- 15B-00033 to 00034, titled Harvest All Investment Limited, et al. v. Annsley B. Bangkas, et al./Harvest All Investment Limited, et al. v. George SyCip, et al.)	The Department of Justice ("DOJ") reversed the dismissal of the cases by the DOJ Prosecution Staff even though there was a finding that the directors, including, Mr. SyCip, had not issued a board resolution that expressly denied the inspection request. Mr. SyCip's Motion for Reconsideration of the DOJ Resolution is pending to date.
Alleged violation of Sections 74 and 75 in relation to Section 144 of the Corporation Code (or alleged violation of the right to inspect) – filed in court	Metropolitan Trial Court of Pasig, Branch 71 and Office of the City Prosecutor of Pasig (Criminal Case Nos. M-PSG-18-00148-CR to 00149-CR, titled People of the Philippines v. Annsley B. Bangkas, et al.)	This is an offshoot of the case above (e.g., NPS Docket Nos. XVI-INV-15B-00033 to 00034). The case was initially raffled to the Metropolitan Trial Court of Pasig, Branch 71, which issued and <i>Order</i> finding probable cause against Mr. SyCip and his co-accused for the issuance of a warrant of arrest. The <i>Order</i> is the subject of the of a <i>Petition for</i>

		Certiorari pending with the Regional Trial Court of Pasig.
		The Metropolitan Trial Court of Pasig, Branch 71 eventually issued a <i>Resolution</i> dated November 11, 2020 ("November 11, Resolution") dismissing the case for lack of jurisdiction without prejudice to its refiling with the proper Regional Trial Court. The motion for reconsideration filed by the prosecution was denied by the court through a <i>Resolution</i> dated February 22, 2021. The Office of the City Prosecutor of Pasig has issued a Resolution dated May 27, 2021 recommending the refiling of the <i>Information</i> with the Regional Trial Court of Pasig.
Alleged violation of Sections 74 and 75 in relation to Section 144 of the Corporation Code (or violation of the right to inspect) – preliminary investigation	Department of Justice – Office of the Secretary of Justice (NPS Docket No. XVI-INV-15B-00053, titled Hedy S.C. Yap-Chua v. Jonathan Y. Dee, et al.)	The Office of the Prosecutor General of the DOJ, through a Review Resolution dated March 20, 2018 ("March 20 Resolution") ruled in favor of the complainant even though the inspection request was granted by the board of directors, including Mr. SyCip. Mr. SyCip's Petition for Review of the March 20 Resolution, as well as Petitions filed by some of my corespondents, are currently pending with the Secretary of Justice.
Alleged violation of Sections 74 and 75 in relation to Section 144 of the Corporation Code (or alleged violation of the right to inspect) – filed in court	Regional Trial Court of Pasig, Branch 157 (Criminal Case Nos. R-PSG-21-01844-CR to 01845-CR, titled People of the Philippines v. Jonathan Y. Dee, et al.)	This is an offshoot of the case above (e.g., NPS Docket No. XVI-INV-15B-00053). The case was initially raffled to the Metropolitan Trial Court of Pasig, Branch 70, which eventually issued an Order dated March 6, 2020 ("March 6 Order") dismissing the case for lack of subject matter jurisdiction. A motion for reconsideration of the March 6 Order was filed by the prosecution and was denied by the court through a <i>Resolution</i> dated November 12, 2020.
		The Office of the City Prosecutor of Pasig refiled the <i>Information</i> with the Regional Trial Court of Pasig and the case was raffled to Branch

		157.
Alleged violation of Presidential Decree No. 1689, in relation to Article 315(2)(a) of the Revised Penal Code (syndicated estafa) and Article 171(1) of the Revised Penal Code (falsification of public document) — preliminary investigation	Office the Secretary – Department of Justice (NPS Docket Nos. XV- 07-INV-16B-01028 & XV-07-INV-16D-01843, titled Victory Fund Limited, et al. v. Jonathan Y. Dee, et al./Jonathan Y. Dee, et al. v. Hedy S.C. Yap- Chua)	The Office of the City Prosecutor – Manila dismissed both <i>Complaints</i> . The complainants' <i>Appeal</i> to the DOJ was also denied. Through a <i>Resolution</i> dated March 27, 2018 ("March 27 Resolution"), the DOJ partially granted the complainants' motion for reconsideration by finding probable cause for simple <i>estafa</i> against Mr. SyCip and some co-respondents; the DOJ affirmed its ruling dismissing the syndicated <i>estafa</i> and falsification of public document charges. Several respondents, including Mr. SyCip,
*		have filed <i>Motions for Reconsideration</i> of the March 27 Resolution, which are pending. One of the respondents filed a <i>Petition for Certiorari</i> with the
		Court of Appeals to challenge the March 27 Resolution.
Alleged violation of Article 315(2)(a) of the Revised Penal Code (<i>estafa</i>) – filed in court	Regional Trial Court of Makati, Branch 143 (Criminal Case Nos. R- MKT-19-01308, titled People of the Philippines v. Jonathan Dee, et al.)	This is an offshoot of the case above (e.g., NPS Docket Nos. XV-07-INV-16B-01028 & XV-07-INV-16D-01843). The prosecution filed the <i>Information</i> in court after the DOJ, in its March 27 Resolution, found probable cause to charge Mr. SyCip and other co-respondents with simple estafa.
	ż	Though the court has not acquired personal jurisdiction over Mr. SyCip, it is sending notices to his counsel of record in the preliminary investigation for the schedule of the prosecution's evidence presentation.

Notwithstanding the existence of the legal proceedings involving Mr. SyCip, the Company does not find the same to be material to the evaluation of his ability or integrity to occupy the position of director for the current year, and to be elected again as independent director for the year 2023.

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

There has been no transaction during the last five years, nor is any transaction presently proposed, to which the Company was or is to be a party in which any director or executive officer of the Company, or nominee for election as a director, or owner of more than 10% of the Company's voting securities, or voting trust holder of 10% or more of any class of the Company's securities, or any member of the immediate family of any of the foregoing persons had or is to have a direct

or indirect material interest. In the ordinary and regular course of business, the Company had or may have transactions with other companies in which some of the foregoing persons may have an interest.

Item 6. Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers

Summary of Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers

The table below shows the Company's four most highly compensated executive officers for the last three (3) years and the compensation estimated to be paid for the ensuing fiscal year, as well as the directors of the Company, are as follows:

Name	Position	
Tarcisio M. Medalla	President and CEO	
Pablito O. Lim	Group, Chief Financial Officer	
Sheri A. Inocencio	Chief Risk Officer	
Mayette H. Tapia	Corporate Secretary, Corporate Legal Counsel, Corporate Information Officer, Compliance Officer, and Investor	
	Relations Officer	
Ruth M. Mariñas	Chief Audit Executive	

The aggregate compensation paid or incurred during the last two fiscal years and estimated to be paid in the ensuing fiscal year of the Company's CEO and four most highly compensated executive officers, as well as the directors of the Company are as follows:

	Year	Total ¹ (In Php Millions)
CEO and the four (4) above-named most highly	2021	24.7
compensated officers and all other directors unnamed	2022	24.9
as a group	2023 (estimated)	25.5

^{*}The Group has a lean organizational structure. There are no other highly compensated officers other than the above. The names are shown in Item 6 in this report.

Per diem fees of the Group's executive officers and directors amounted to ₱826,000, ₱910,000, and ₱930,000 for the last three years ending December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. Below table provides the details of the total per diem fees received by the directors for the year 2022:

Directors	Per Diem
Medalla	100,000.00
Lichauco	140,000.00
Cariño	140,000.00
SyCip	140,000.00
Atendido	60,000.00
Maldia	100,000.00
Katigbak	50,000.00
Lim Ghee Keong	96,000.00
Total	826,000.00

As set by the Compensation and Remuneration Committee of the Company, the following are the key considerations in determining the proper remuneration of the directors and key officers of the Company: (i) the remuneration of the directors and key officers are commensurate to the

¹ Include salaries, bonuses, benefits, per diem and other fees

responsibilities of the role (ii) no director shall participate in deciding on his remuneration, and (iii) the remuneration should consider long-term interests of the Company.

Employment Contracts and Termination of Employment and Change-in-Control Arrangements.

There are no agreements between the registrant and its key management personnel providing for benefits upon termination of employment, except for such benefits to which they may be entitled under the law.

Warrants and Options Outstanding: Repricing

The Company has no outstanding warrants and options.

Item 7. Independent Public Accountants

- a) The external auditor of the Company is Reyes, Tacandong & Co. (RT & Co.). The Audit, Risk and Related Party Transactions Committee¹ recommends to the Board of Directors the reappointment of the external auditor and the fixing of the audit fees. The Board of Directors and stockholders approve the reappointment of the external auditor.
- b) Representatives of RT & Co. for the current year and for the most recently completed fiscal year are expected to be present at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting. They will have the opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so and are expected to be available to respond to appropriate questions. Pursuant to the general requirements of SRC Rule 68 Par 3(b)(iv) on "Compliance with the Seven (7) Year Rotation of External Auditor", Ms. Haydee M. Reyes was replaced by Ms. Michelle M. Cruz as Partner-in-Charge for 2022 audit.
- c) There are no disagreements with our independent auditors on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosures, or auditing scope or procedure.
- d) The consolidated fees billed for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements amounted to ₱1.59 million for 2022 and P1.3 million for 2021 and 2020, respectively.
- e) There are no professional services rendered by the external auditor for tax accounting, compliance, advice, planning and any other form of tax services for the last two fiscal years. There is no other assurance and related services rendered by the external auditor. There are no other services provided by the external auditor other than the services reported above.

Item 8. Compensation Plans

No action is to be taken during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting with respect to any plan pursuant to which cash or non-cash compensation may be paid or distributed.

C. ISSUANCE AND EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

Item 9. Authorization or Issuance of Securities Other than for Exchange

No action is to be taken during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting with respect to authorization or issuance of any securities.

¹ Audit, Risk, and Related Party Transactions Committee members are: 1) Mr. Jose Antonio Lichauco – Chairman; 2) Mr. George Edwin Y. SyCip; 3) Mr. Roberto A. Atendido; and 4) Mr. Roger Leo A. Cariño.

Item 10. Modification or Exchange of Securities

No action is to be taken during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting with respect to modification of any class of securities or the issuance or authorization for issuance of one class of securities in exchange for outstanding securities of another class.

Item 11. Financial and Other Information

A copy of the Company's consolidated financial statements and a discussion by Management of its operations is included in the accompanying Management Report.

Item 12. Mergers, Consolidations, Acquisitions and Similar Matters

No action is to be taken during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting with respect to any transaction involving: (a) merger or consolidation into or with any other person or of any other person into or with Paxys; (b) acquisitions or any of its security holders of securities of another person; (c) acquisition of any other going business or of the assets thereof; (d) sale or other transfer of all or any substantial part of the assets of the Group.

Item 13. Acquisition or Disposition of Property

No action is to be taken during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting with respect to acquisition or disposition of any property.

Item 14. Restatement of Accounts

No action is to be taken during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting with respect to restatement of any asset, capital or surplus account.

D. OTHER MATTERS

Item 15. Action with Respect to Reports

The Management Report, as set forth in the Annual Report, will be submitted for stockholder's approval. The Company's Audited Financial Statements as of 31 December 2022 is made part of the Company's 2022 Definitive Information Statement, a copy of which is distributed to the stockholders of the Company at least 15 days prior to the Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

Item 16. Matters Not Required to be Submitted

No action is to be taken with respect to any matter that does not require the submission to a vote of security holders.

Item 17. Other Proposed Actions

A. Approval of the Minutes of the 2022 Annual Stockholders' Meeting

The minutes of the previous annual stockholders' meeting which includes the discussion of prior year's Annual and Management Reports will be presented to the stockholders for approval. Approval of the Minutes constitutes a ratification of the accuracy and faithfulness of the Minutes to the events that transpired during the meeting. This does not constitute a second approval of the same matters taken up at the annual stockholders' meeting, which has already been approved.

B. Ratification of Previous Corporate Acts

Among the major corporate acts for ratification by the stockholders in the annual stockholders' meeting are the following which were previously disclosed in the following Current Reports (SEC Form 17-C):

Date Filed	Items Reported	
13 December 2022	The Company advised the Exchange of the highlights and results of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on 13 December 2022.	
04 January 2023	The Company submitted the Directors' Attendance for 2022.	
24 March 2023	The Company informed the Exchange that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Paxys, Inc. for the year 2022, which is scheduled to be held on any day in May, has been postponed to a later date. The purpose of the postponement is to provide the Board and management of Paxys with greater opportunity in determining the Company's strategic direction.	
9 August 2023	The Company submitted the Certificates of Completion for Corporate Governance Seminar for the Directors and Officers of Paxys, Inc. in compliance with the SEC Memorandum Circular No. 20 Series of 2013.	
4 October 2023	The Company informed the Exchange that the scheduled annual meeting of the stockholders of Paxys Inc. is on 11 December 2023 at the Manila Golf & Country Club, Harvard Road, Forbes Park, Makati City, Philippines.	
9 October 2023	The Company submitted the notarized Independent Director's Certificate of Mr. Jose Antonio A. Lichauco.	
2 November 2023	The Company submitted the certified list of stockholders of Paxys Inc. as of 31 October 2023, the record date of our Annual Stockholders' Meeting, which is scheduled on 11 December 2023.	
13 November 2023	The Company submitted the notarized Independent Director's Certificate of Mr. George Edwin Y. SyCip.	

A resolution to ratify the above acts, resolutions and proceedings of the Board of Directors, corporate officers and management shall be presented to the stockholders for approval.

C. Election of directors

In accordance with the Company's Corporate Governance Manual, all nominations for director were reviewed and evaluated by the Nominations and Governance Committee. The final list of nominees for directors including their background information, experiences and positions held are included in the Information Statement.

D. Appointment of External Auditors

A resolution for the reappointment of the Company's external auditor for year 2023 shall be presented to the stockholders for approval.

In line with good corporate governance practices, the Audit, Risk, and Related Party Transactions Committee provides recommendations to the Board of Directors on qualified auditing firms which can best provide assurance to the directors and stockholders on the fairness and integrity of the Company's financial statements and the adequacy of internal controls.

Item 19. Voting Procedures

For the election of directors, the seven (7) nominees receiving the most number of votes will be elected to the Board of Directors. Cumulative voting will be applied.

For all other matters to be taken up, majority vote of the outstanding capital stock present or represented at the meeting where a quorum exists will be sufficient. Voting shall be done by proxy or ballot and the votes cast for or against the matter submitted shall be tallied by the Corporate Secretary in case of a division of the house.

CERTIFICATION

Upon the written request of a stockholder, the Company undertakes to furnish said stockholder with a copy of SEC Form 17-A free of charge. Any written request for a copy of SEC 17A shall be addressed to the following:

Attention:

Atty. Mayette H. Tapia

Corporate Secretary and Corporate Information Officer

15/F 6750 Ayala Office Tower Ayala Avenue, Makati City

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, we certify that the information set forth in this report is true, complete and correct. This report is signed in Makati City on 9 November 2023.

PAXYS, INC.

By:

Tarcisio M. Medalla
Chairman and President

Mayette H. Tapia

Corporate Secretary

and Corporate Information Officer

PART II. INFORMATION REQUIRED IN PROXY FORM

Item 1. Identification

This proxy is solicited by the Board of Directors and Management of Paxys, Inc. <u>The solicited proxy shall be exercised by Mr. Tarcisio M. Medalla, President of the Corporation, or the chairman of the meeting, or the stockholder's authorized representative.</u>

Item 2. Instruction

a. For agenda items other than election of directors, the proxy form shall be accomplished by marking in the appropriate box either "YES", "NO" or "ABSTAIN" according to the stockholder's/proxy's preference.

For election of directors, the stockholder/proxy shall mark with an "X" the space across the name of his chosen nominee for regular and independent director.

If no instructions are indicated on a returned and duly signed proxy form, the shares represented by the proxy will be voted:

FOR the approval of the minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on 13 December 2022;

FOR the approval of the Management Report and audited financial statements for year ended 31 December 2022;

FOR the confirmation and ratification of all acts and resolutions of Management and the Board of Directors from the date of the last stockholders' meeting to date as reflected in the books and records of the Company;

FOR the election of the following directors:

For Regular Directors:

- 1. Tarcisio M. Medalla
- 2. Roger Leo A. Cariño
- 3. Christopher B. Maldia
- 4. Lim Ghee Keong
- 5. Roberto A. Atendido

For Independent Directors:

- 6. George Edwin Y. Sycip
- 7. Jose Antonio A. Lichauco

FOR the approval of the reappointment of Reyes Tacandong & Co. as the external auditor of the Company for 2023;

and to authorize the Proxy to vote according to discretion of the Company's President or Chairman of the Meeting on any matter that may be discussed under "Other Matters".

A Proxy Form that is returned without a signature shall not be valid.

- b. The matters to be taken up in the meeting are enumerated opposite the boxes on the form. The names of the nominee directors are likewise enumerated opposite an appropriate space.
- c. The proxy forms may be submitted to the Corporation on or before 5:00 p.m. of 1 December 2023 (i) by email to investor_relations@paxys.com or (ii) by delivery or mail to the principal

office of the Corporation at 15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Ave. Makati City. In case a proxy form is emailed to the Corporation, the original signed copies of the proxy form should also be **received** by the Corporation by delivery or mail not later than 1 December 2023 in time for validation procedures. Proxy forms shall be validated until 6 December 2023, at the Corporation's principal office. Proxy forms not received within the prescribed period shall not be counted as part of the quorum for the meeting and the votes therein shall not be recognized.

PLEASE USE THE ATTACHED PROXY FORM

Item 3. Revocability of Proxy

A stockholder may revoke his proxy on or before the date of the Annual Meeting. The proxy may be revoked by the shareholder's written notice to the Corporate Secretary advising the latter of the revocation of the proxy, or by a shareholder's personal attendance during the meeting.

Item 4. Persons Making the Solicitation

This solicitation is made by the Corporation. No director has informed the Corporation in writing or otherwise of his intention to oppose any action intended to be taken up at the meeting. Solicitation of proxies will be done via email or any online manner. The estimated amount to be spent by the Corporation to solicit proxies for the Board of Directors is Php89,308.80 more or less. The cost of solicitation will be borne by the Corporation.

Item 5. Interest of Certain Persons in Matters to be Acted Upon

No member of the Board of Directors or executive officer since the beginning of the last calendar year, or nominee for election as director, or their associates, has had any substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, in any of the matters to be acted upon in the meeting, other than election to office.

The Corporation does not intend to bring any matter before the meeting other than those set forth in the notice of the annual meeting of stockholders and does not know of any matter to be brought before the meeting by others. If any other matter does come before the meeting, the proxy shall vote in the manner indicated by the stockholder, or if no such indication is made, in accordance with proxy's discretion.

The Company will provide without charge to each stockholder solicited, upon his written request, a copy of the Company's annual report on SEC Form 17-A duly filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. At the discretion of Management, a reasonable fee may be charged for the expense incurred in providing a copy of the exhibits. All requests may be sent to the Company's head office and addressed to:

Attention: ATTY. MAYETTE H. TAPIA

PAXYS INC.

15th FLOOR, 6750 AYALA OFFICE TOWER, AYALA AVE., MAKATI

CITY

+632-8250-3800

MANAGEMENT REPORT Pursuant to RSA Rule 20(B)

For the 2023 Annual Stockholders' Meeting

General Nature and Business of the Company

Paxys, Inc. ("Paxys" or the "Company") is an investment holding company incorporated in the Philippines and listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange (stock symbol: PAX). It was formerly known as Fil-Hispano Holdings Corporation and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on 14 February 1952. Its major shareholders are All Asia Customer Services Ltd (AACSHL), a privately held company incorporated in Hong Kong, and Paxys NV, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, with 54.93% and 30.09% interests, respectively.

In 2004, the Company's principal shareholder undertook a reverse takeover of Paxys by injecting Advanced Contact Solutions, Inc. ("ACS") in exchange for a controlling stake in the Company. ACS at that time was a major call center in the Philippines. Effectively, Paxys became the first call center firm to be listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange. Thereafter, Paxys made several other investments in the business processes outsourcing (BPO) industry and other related businesses by means of acquisitions and joint ventures. Due to exigencies of the business, Paxys sold all of its equity interests in ACS in January 2011 and henceforth divested most of its BPO assets. At present, the Company's operating subsidiaries provide general transcription, proofreading, data conversion, contact center and back-office outsourcing services. Previous investments of Paxys include the following:

- The Parent Company expanded its business and made several acquisitions in Australia through Paxys Australia Pty Ltd ("PAU"). The most significant acquisition was made in April 2006 when PAU acquired SmartSalary Pty Ltd ("SmartSalary"), a salary packaging company based in Australia. In 2009, SmartSalary acquired two major Australian providers of in-house salary packaging software solutions, namely, Melbourne System Group Pty Ltd and Seqoya Pty Ltd. In 2010, PAU incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary, Smartfleet Management Pty Ltd ("Smartfleet"), for the purpose of engaging in fleet management-related business. Smartfleet further expanded by acquiring the assets of Webfleet Management Services Pty Ltd, a leading provider of software solutions for online fleet management. Smartfleet also acquired Australian Vehicle Consultants Pty Ltd, a full-service fleet management company and a leading provider of vehicle maintenance services. Smartsalary also acquired PBI Benefit Solutions Pty Ltd, a company engaged in issuing credit card products to employees of public hospitals and public benevolent institutions in Australia. In June 2012, the Company, through Paxys N.V., sold its 100% interest in PAU and its subsidiaries to SmartGroup Investments Pty Ltd.
- In January 2007, Paxys, together with joint venture partner Stellar Global, Inc., established Stellar Global Solutions Philippines, Inc. ("SGSP"). SGSP was organized to provide cost-effective Philippine offshore outsourcing for the Australian and UK clients of the Stellar Community. In April 2011, SGSP formed a wholly owned subsidiary Stellar Philippines, Inc. ("Stellar Philippines") to further expand Stellar's operations in the Philippines. Paxys sold all of its equity interests in SGSP and Stellar Philippines to Stellar Global, Inc. in July 2013.
- In 2008, Paxys partnered with WNS Global Services Netherlands Cooperative U.A. ("WNS Global") to form WNS Philippines, Inc. Based in Mumbai India, WNS Global is a leading provider of business process outsourcing for various services such as banking, travel, telecommunications, logistics, insurance, and healthcare. In October 2011, Paxys transferred all of its equity interests in WNS Philippines, Inc. to its foreign partner.

To further improve its IT capabilities and expertise, the Company acquired a majority stake in Ubaldo Reidenbach Solutions, Inc. ("URSI") in 2008. URSI is a Philippine company engaged in IT consultancy focusing on Linux, Open Source Software and Red Hat Software. In 2008, Paxys acquired majority ownership in Global Idealogy Corporation ("GIC"), a software solutions provider. In October 2012, Paxys transferred all of its equity interests in URSI in favor of URSI's minority shareholders. In August 2011, Paxys sold all of its equity interests in GIC in favor of GIC's minority shareholders.

In October 2014, Paxys N.V., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent Company, completed a tender offer to acquire 345,622,477 common shares of the Parent Company representing 30.09% of its outstanding capital stock. AACSHL remains the majority shareholder owning 54.93% of the Parent Company's total issued and outstanding shares as of 31 December 2021. The public ownership level of Paxys is at 14.96% as of 30 September 2023.

The registered office address of the Parent Company is at 15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, Philippines.

Competition

Philippines is among the top 3 choices for offshore operations due to its strategic business location, steady supply of competent workers and world-class telecom infrastructure.

Competition within the global BPO services industry includes US-based outsourcing companies and offshore BPO companies.

Sources and Availability of Raw Materials and the Names of Principal Suppliers

Paxys and its subsidiaries obtain equipment and other materials mostly from local suppliers. The Company is not dependent upon one or limited number of suppliers for essential equipment and other materials as it continuously looks for new suppliers that can satisfy the Company's requirements.

Major Customers

For the past year, the Company's major customers include UK courtrooms for the legal transcription services, Asia-Pacific for the data document processing, customers, television contents in Singapore, healthcare services consumers in Canada.

Related Party Transactions

Transactions between related parties mainly include cash advances for working capital advances and are accounted for at arms-length prices. In 2022, the Group extended cash advances in support of working capital requirements of related parties amounting to \$\mathbb{P}6.9\$ million.

Discontinued Operations

On May 6, 2015, SSPI terminated its Philippine operations due to non-renewal of its revenue contracts. Thereafter, SSPI amended its Articles of Incorporation shortening the term of its existence to June 30, 2018. Said amendment has been approved by the Board of Directors on March 15, 2017 and by the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 24, 2017. By virtue of the Amended Articles of Incorporation, the Corporation has dissolved its corporate existence on June 30, 2018. Paxys has joint control in SSPI through its wholly owned subsidiary, Paxys Ltd.

On April 30, 2022, SWA terminated its data conversion operations due to the cancellation of its contracts effective March 31, 2022.

Licenses

On 25 November 2009, SWA's registration of its expanding business process outsourcing service in the field of data transcription activity was approved by the Board of Investments (BOI). This certification entitles SWA to a three-year Income Tax Holiday (ITH) starting December 2009 until November 2012. The ITH shall be limited only to the revenue generated from the registered expansion project. As a registered entity, SWA is required to export at least 70% of its total services, among other requirements. The ITH incentive has expired in November 2012. Thus, starting December 2012, SWA was subjected to 30% regular corporate income tax.

Simpro Philippines¹ was previously registered with the Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) in October 2012 as an Ecozone Information Technology Enterprise. Under Simpro's registration conditions, Simpro's operations shall not be entitled to ITH, but shall be entitled only to the 5% Gross Income Tax (5% GIT) incentive, in lieu of all national and local taxes, including the additional deduction of training expenses, as provided in RA 7916, as amended, and to incentives under Article77, Book VI of EO 226. To date, however, Simpro Philippines is processing the formal deregistration of the company with PEZA.

Need for any government approval of principal products or services

There are no products or services that need any government approval.

Effect of existing or probable governmental regulations on the business

The limitation and conditions on ScopeWorks imposed by BOI has already ended in November 2012. Starting calendar and taxable year 2013, ScopeWorks is subject to government regulations same as a regular business entity.

Likewise, Simpro Philippines has terminated its corporates existence as of June 2018 and currently processing its clearances from BIR and PEZA.

Research and Development

The Company has not spent any amount during the last three fiscal years on research and development activities.

Environmental Matters

The Company is not involved in any action or proceeding involving non-compliance in any material respect with relevant environmental laws and regulations of the Philippines.

Employee and Labor Relations

As of 31 December 2022, the Group has eight (8) regular employees. There are no existing bargaining agreements (CBA) covering the Company's employees nor its subsidiaries. The Group provides its employees with medical insurance and leave benefits. For professional development, the Group provides for team building activities and offers training programs that address the specific needs of employees. To foster work-life balance, the Group sponsors, among others, annual summer and year-end activities.

¹ Please refer to Discontinued Operations

Legal Proceedings

There are no material pending legal proceedings to which the Company or any of its subsidiary or affiliates is a party, or of which any of their property is the subject.

Market Price of and Dividends on Common Equity

Market Information

The Company's common shares are traded on the Philippine Stock Exchange. As of 30 September 2023, last traded price was Php1.04 per share. Trading prices for each quarter within the last two fiscal years are set forth below:

	Closing	Prices
	High	Low
2023		
First quarter	1.80	1.80
Second quarter	1.65	1.28
Third quarter	1.26	1.06
2022		
First quarter	2.00	1.63
Second quarter	1.87	1.81
Third quarter	1.83	1.70
Fourth quarter	1.83	1.83
2021		
First quarter	2.48	2.05
Second quarter	2.33	2.25
Third quarter	2.48	2.25
Fourth quarter	2.25	2.06

Shareholders

As of 30 September 2023, the number of stockholders of record in the Company's stock and transfer book is 714. The common shares issued is 1,148,534,866 based on the last Report on Number of Shareholders. The list of the top 20 stockholders of Paxys common shares as of 30 September 2023 are as follows:

Name	Class of Securities	No. of Shares Held	Percentage to Total
All Asia Customer Services Holdings Ltd. ¹	Common	621,260,820	54.09%
PCD Nominee Corporation (Non-Filipino)	Common	464,367,704	40.43%
PCD Nominee Corporation (Filipino)	Common	61, 000,530	5.31%
Kho, Jimmy Jao	Common	250,000	0.03%
Chua, Carmen	Common	216,276	0.02%
Granados, Juan P.	Common	158,112	0.01%
Yao Shiong Shio	Common	95,184	0.01%
Kaw Sek & Company	Common	86,088	0.01%
Lim, Ghee Keong	Common	81,800 ²	0.01%
Paredes, Antonio	Common	79,728	0.01%
Urrutia, Kevin	Common	75,000	0.01%
Willis, Hugh Warren	Common	63,111	0.01%

¹ AACSHL 9,583,218 shares are currently lodged under PCD Nominee (Non-Filipino). Total ownership of AASCHL is at 630,844,038 which is 54.93% of the total outstanding shares.

28

² Does not include the 1,000 lodged and uncertificated shares.

Name	Class of Securities	No. of Shares Held	Percentage to Total
Jalandoni, Rodegelio M.	Common	62,052	0.01%
Celis, Angela	Common	55,776	0.00%
Martinez, Emilio G.	Common	55,236	0.00%
Santiago, Eduardo A.	Common	37,920	0.00%
Tangco, Francisco F.	Common	37,896	0.00%
Co, Victor C.	Common	31,536	0.00%
Asiamerit Securities, Inc	Common	24,000	0.00%
Reyes, Leopoldo T.	Common	19,800	0.00%
Hollywood Stars Cosmetics, Inc.	Common	19,788	0.00%
Total		1,148,060,357	99.96%

Dividends

There were no dividends declared to public for the last three (3) years. As of 31 December 2022, there are no restrictions imposed on the Company on the declaration of cash or property dividends. There are no recent sales of unregistered or exempt securities including recent issuance of securities constituting an exempt transaction.

Recent Sales of Unregistered or Exempt Securities

- (a) Securities Sold Not applicable.
- (b) Underwriters and Other Purchasers Not applicable.
- (c) Consideration Not applicable.
- (d) Exemption from Registration Claimed Not applicable.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Plan of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of the Company should be read in conjunction with the accompanying audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020. All amounts are in thousand pesos unless otherwise stated.

Year Ended December 31, 2022

Financial and Operational Highlights

Below is a summary of the Group's operations for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021:

In Php'000, except percentage	2022	2021	Y22 vs Y21
Service Income	₽29,044	₽44,680	-35%
Gross Profit	6,127	12,644	-52%
EBITDA ¹	57,396	7,627	653%
Loss from operations ²	(70,807)	(63,842)	-11%
Net (Income) Loss attributable to equity holders	31,074	(13,413)	332%

The Group generated P29.0 million and P44.68 million revenues in 2022 and 2021, respectively, coming mainly from the data conversion and managed facility service programs of Scopeworks Asia,

¹ EBITDA is defined as Earnings Before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization.

Operating Income (Loss) = Gross Profit - Gen & Admin Expenses

Inc. (SWA), the remaining operating subsidiary of the Group. Compared to prior year, 2022 revenues went down by about 35% due to lower volume of business for the subsidiary and the termination of its contract with a major client effective March 31, 2022.

Direct costs of operations also went down by about 28% due to cost saving initiatives undertaken to mitigate the impact of lower revenues. The resulting Gross Profit of P6.1 million in 2022 is 52% lower compared to 2021 Gross Profit of P12.6 million.

The Interest Income from the Group's surplus funds amounted to P88.6 million in 2022. This is higher by 149% compared to P35.6 million interest income earned in 2021, due to higher interest rates in the market.

Financial Condition

The Group's assets are mainly cash equivalents and investment securities. These funds are invested in various local and international bank and the Group provided interest income which mostly covered the overhead costs. With minimal corporate overhead, the Interest Income earned from these funds are more than enough to cover the Group's expenses.

Following are the highlights of the Group's financial position as at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

In Php'000, except percentage	2022	2021	Y22 vs Y21
Current Assets	₽4,012,167	₽3,790,840	6%
Noncurrent Assets	55,539	59,618	-7%
Assets	4,067,706	3,850,458	6%
Current Liabilities	49,373	40,704	21%
Noncurrent Liabilities	33,053	47,251	-30%
Equity	3,985,280	3,762,503	6%

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In Php'000, except percentage	2022	2021	Y22 vs Y21
Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	₽82,645	₽103,840	-20%
Net Cash provided by (used in) Investing Activities	511,618	(622,189)	182%
Net Cash used in Financing Activities	(19,195)	(14,858)	29%
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	575,068	(533,207)	208%

The net increase in cash pertains mainly to matured funds invested in securities as disclosed in the Group's consolidated financial statements for year 2022. The total investment securities of the group amounted to P1,071.8 and P1,582.6 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, registering a decrease of P510.8 million or about 32%.

The Company's management believes that the current level of cash generated from operations and the borrowing capability are sufficient to meet the Company's immediate future cash needs. The Company does not anticipate any liquidity problems that may arise from its operating activities in the near future.

Updates on Operating Subsidiary - ScopeWorks Asia, Inc. (SWA)

The contracts for the data conversion business of SWA ended on March 31, 2022. Upon cessation of this segment of the business, SWA focused on its facilities management. Revenues in 2022 dropped by 35% compared to the revenue in 2021 as a result of the termination of the data conversion operations. Direct cost and administrative expenses went down by 28% and 36%, respectively compared to 2021. Overall, operations resulted in a net profit of P3.6 million in 2022.

SWA is continuously exploring other business opportunities and expanding its facilities management business to further increase its revenues.

SWA's financial highlights for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021:

In Php'000, except percentage	2022	2021	Y22 vs Y21
Service Income	P29,044	P44,680	(35%)
Gross Profit	6,127	12,644	(52%)
EBITDA ¹	15,431	10,382	49%
Net Income	3,583	928	286%

Key Performance Indicators

The following are the major financial ratios of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 and year ended 31 December 2021:

	2022	2021	Y21 vs Y20
Current Ratio ²	81.27	93.13	(13%)
Debt to Equity Ratio ³	0.02	0.02	-
Return on Equity ⁴	0.78%	(0.36%)	316%
EBITDA Margin	198%	17%	1,065%
Net Income (Loss) Margin	107%	(30%)	457%

All KPI ratios are within the management's expectation within the periods under review.

Plan of Operation

- 1. The Group is continuously evaluating other investment opportunities. There are prospects and potential investment partner but these are still at the very early stage and none has been finalized to date. Paxys will continue to provide updates to its shareholders once any of the prospective investment opportunities proceed to the next level.
- 2. Other than Cash, the Group's main assets consist of cash equivalents and short-term fund. These assets are highly liquid and are convertible to cash as soon as additional cash requirement arises. The Management believes that it has sufficient level of fund to meet its cash requirement in the next twelve (12) months. The Group also does not anticipate any liquidity problems that may arise from its operating activities in the near future.
- 3. There are no expected purchase or sale of plant and significant equipment in the near term.
- 4. There are no expected significant changes in the number of employees in the Group.

Others Matters

In general, there are no material known trends, demands, commitments, events, transactions, arrangements or items of, by or involving the Company that would require a disclosure pursuant to Part III (A)(2)(A)(i) to (vii) of "Annex C" of the Implementing Rules and Regulations Code, to wit:

1. There are no known trends or any demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the Group's liquidity increasing or decreasing in any

EBITDA is defined as Earnings Before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization.

² Current Assets/Current Liabilities

³ Total Liabilities/Total Stockholders' Equity

Net Income / [(Equity end + Equity beg - Net Income)/2]

material way. The Company does not anticipate any cash flow or liquidity problems within the next 12 months. As discussed in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations above, the management believes that the current level of cash generated from Operations and borrowing capability are sufficient to meet the Company's immediate cash needs.

- 2. There are no known events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.
- 3. There were no material commitments for expansion or capital expenditures as of reporting period.
- 4. There were no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationship of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons during the reporting period.
- 5. There are no unusual items as to nature and amount affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income or cash flows, except those stated in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations.
- 6. There were no known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favourable or an unfavourable impact on net sales or revenue or income from continuing operation.
- 7. The causes for any material change from period to period are stated under Management's discussion and analysis section "financial condition".
- 8. The effects of seasonality or cyclicality on the operations of the Company's business are not material.
- 9. There were no material changes in estimates of amounts reported in interim periods of the current year or changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior financial years.

Year Ended December 31, 2021

Financial and Operational Highlights

Below is a summary of the Group's operations for the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020:

In Php'000, except percentage	2021	2020	Y21 vs Y20
Service Income	₽44,680	₽54,648	-18%
Gross Profit	12,644	13,892	-9%
EBITDA ¹	7,627	(1,425)	635%
Loss from operations ²	(63,842)	(75,612)	-16%
Net Loss attributable to equity holders	(13,413)	(25,925)	-48%

The Group generated P44.7 million and P54.6 million revenues in 2021 and 2020, respectively, coming mainly from the data conversion and managed facility service programs of Scopeworks Asia, Inc. (SWA) the remaining operating subsidiary of the Group. Compared to prior year, 2021 revenues went down by 18% due to lower volume of business for the subsidiary.

Direct costs of operations also went down by about 21% also due to lower expenses because of the decreased volume in data conversion service which resulted to additional savings on personnel cost.

EBITDA is defined as Earnings Before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization.

Operating Income (Loss) = Gross Profit - Gen & Admin Expenses

The resulting Gross Profit of P12.6 million in 2021 also resulted to about 9% decrease compared to 2020 Gross Profit of P13.9 million.

The Interest Income from the Group's surplus funds amounted to \$\text{P35.6}\$ million in 2021. This is lower by 31% compared to \$\text{P51.3}\$ million interest income earned in 2020, due to lower interest rates in the market as a result of the impact of covid-19 in the global economy.

Financial Condition

The Group's assets are mainly cash equivalents and investment securities. These funds are invested in various local and international bank and the Group provided interest income which mostly covered the overhead costs.

Following are the highlights of the Group's financial position as at December 31, 2021 and 2020:

In Php'000, except percentage	2021	2020	Y21 vs Y20
Current Assets	₽3,790,840	₽3,657,366	4%
Noncurrent Assets	59,618	35,926	66%
Assets	3,850,458	3,693,292	4%
Current Liabilities	40,704	33,433	22%
Noncurrent Liabilities	47,251	29,840	58%
Equity	3,762,503	3,630,019	4%

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In Php'000, except percentage	2021	2020	Y21 vs Y20
Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	₽103,840	₽96,800	7%%
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	(622,189)	(699,555)	-11%%
Net Cash used in Financing Activities	(14,858)	(15,909)	-7%
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(533,207)	(618,664)	-13%

The net decrease in cash pertains mainly to funds invested in securities as disclosed in the Group's consolidated financial statements for year 2021. The total investment securities of the group amounted to P1,582.6 and P1,049.8 million in 2021 and 2020, respectively, or an increase of P532.8 million or about 51%.

The Company's management believes that the current level of cash generated from operations and the borrowing capability are sufficient to meet the Company's immediate future cash needs. The Company does not anticipate any liquidity problems that may arise from its operating activities in the near future.

Updates on Operating Subsidiary - ScopeWorks Asia, Inc. (SWA)

SWA business has been significantly impacted by the covid-19 pandemic. The data conversion service reported lower demand in 2021. As a result, revenues in 2021 dropped by 18% compared to the revenue in 2020. Direct cost and administrative expenses went down by 21% and 31%, respectively compared to 2020.

SWA is continuously looking and exploring other business opportunities to further increase its revenues, not just limited to business processing outsourcing but for other similar services as well.

SWA's financial highlights for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020:

In Php'000, except percentage	2021	2020	Y21 vs Y20
Service Income	P44,680	P54,648	(18%)

Gross Profit	12,644	13,892	(9%)
EBITDA ¹	10,382	4,719	120%
Net Income (Loss)	928	(7,368)	113%

Key Performance Indicators

The following are the major financial ratios of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 and year ended 31 December 2020:

	2021	2020	Y21 vs Y20
Current Ratio ²	93.1	109.4	(14.9%)
Debt to Equity Ratio ³	0.02	0.02	8
Return on Equity ⁴	(0.36%)	(0.71%)	49%
EBITDA Margin	17%	3%	467%
Net Loss Margin	(30%)	(47%)	36%

All KPI ratios are within the management's expectation within the periods under review.

Plan of Operation

- 1. The Group is continuously evaluating other investment opportunities. There are prospects and potential investment partners but these are still at the very early stage and none has been finalized to date. Paxys will continue to provide updates to its shareholders once any of the prospective investment opportunities proceed to the next level.
- 2. Other than Cash, the Group's main assets consist of cash equivalents and short-term fund. These assets are highly liquid and are convertible to cash as soon as additional cash requirement arises. The Management believes that it has sufficient level of fund to meet its cash requirement in the next twelve (12) months. The Group also does not anticipate any liquidity problems that may arise from its operating activities in the near future.
- 3. There are no expected purchase or sale of plant and significant equipment in the near term.
- 4. There are no expected significant changes in the number of employees in the Group.

Others Matters

In general, there are no material known trends, demands, commitments, events, transactions, arrangements or items of, by or involving the Company that would require a disclosure pursuant to Part III (A)(2)(A)(i) to (vii) of "Annex C" of the Implementing Rules and Regulations Code, to wit:

- 1. There are no known trends or any demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the Group's liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way. The Company does not anticipate any cash flow or liquidity problems within the next 12 months. As discussed in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations above, the management believes that the current level of cash generated from Operations and borrowing capability are sufficient to meet the Company's immediate cash needs.
- 2. There are no known events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

EBITDA is defined as Earnings Before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization.

² Current Assets/Current Liabilities

³ Total Liabilities/Total Stockholders' Equity

Net Income / [(Equity end + Equity beg - Net Income)/2]

- 3. There were no material commitments for expansion or capital expenditures as of reporting period.
- 4. There were no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationship of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons during the reporting period.
- 5. There are no unusual items as to nature and amount affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income or cash flows, except those stated in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations.
- 6. There were no known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favourable or an unfavourable impact on net sales or revenue or income from continuing operation.
- 7. The causes for any material change from period to period are stated under Management's discussion and analysis section "financial condition".
- 8. The effects of seasonality or cyclicality on the operations of the Company's business are not material.
- 9. There were no material changes in estimates of amounts reported in interim periods of the current year or changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior financial years.

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Financial and Operational Highlights

Below is a summary of the Group's operations for the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019:

In Php'000, except percentage	2020	2019	Y20 vs Y19
Service Income	₽54,648	₽78,506	(30%)
Gross Profit	13,892	20,123	(31%)
EBITDA ¹	(1,425)	55,614	(103%)
Loss from operations ²	(75,612)	(80,267)	6%
Net Income (Loss) attributable to equity holders	(25,925)	24,282	(207%)

The Group generated P54.6 million and P78.5 million revenues in 2020 and 2019, respectively, coming mainly from the data conversion and managed facility service programs of Scopeworks Asia, Inc. (SWA) the remaining operating subsidiary of the Group. Compared to prior year, 2020 revenues went down by about 30% due to forced operational shutdown from March up to May in compliance with government-mandated enhanced community quarantine as a result of Covid-19 pandemic.

Direct costs of operations also went down by about 30% also due to lower expenses because of the operational shutdown. The resulting Gross Profit of P13.9 million in 2020 also resulted to about 31% decrease compared to 2019 Gross Profit of P20.1 million. The Interest Income from the Group's surplus funds amounted to P51.3 million in 2020. This is lower by 56% compared to P116.5 million interest income earned in 2020, due to lower interest rates in the market as a result of the impact of covid-19 in the global economy.

Operating Income (Loss) = Gross Profit - Gen & Admin Expenses

EBITDA is defined as Earnings Before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization.

Financial Condition

The Group's assets are mainly cash equivalents and investment securities. These funds are invested in various local and international bank and the Group provided interest income with a net yield of about 1.5% and 2.8% in 2020 and 2019, respectively. With minimal corporate overhead, the Interest Income earned from these funds are more than enough to cover the Group's expenses.

Compliance with Corporate Governance Practices

The Board of Directors and management, employees and shareholders of Paxys, Inc. firmly believe that good corporate governance is a key component of what constitutes sound strategic business management that will support its pursuit of sustainable long-term shareholder value. Our approach to governance is predicated on the belief that good governance is closely linked to the creation of long-term shareholder value. The basic structures for the company's corporate governance are primarily contained in its Articles of Incorporation and By-laws, Manual on Corporate Governance and its Code of Ethics. The Board recognizes that it is accountable to the company's shareholders for good governance.

The Company continues to have four (4) Board Committees namely the Executive Committee, the Audit and Risk Management Committee, the Nominations Committee, and the Compensation and Remuneration Committee. In keeping with regulatory requirements, each Committee continuously updates its Charter and Performance Assessment Procedures, as needed. Upon review of its respective Charter and evaluation of its respective Committee performance based on defined rating system, the Committees assessed their performance to be satisfactory, able to engage the Board, management and other stakeholders in risk management, control and governance processes to bring about a positive impact while furthering the goals of the Company. Please find attached the following documents for these purposes, which are also provided in the Company's website:

- 1. Charter of the Board of Directors (Annex "7");
- 2. Annual Board Assessment Form (Board) (Annex "8");
- 3. Annual Board Assessment Form (Member) (Annex "9");
- 4. Charters of the Different Committees (Annexes "10" "11" "12" and "13")
- 5. Assessment of the Committees (Annexes "14" and "15")

Management and the Board continues to assess the company's risks and implements measures to curb and address its exposures while at the same time optimizing opportunities relative to these risks. The Company monetized several investments in the past. The Company's strong liquidity allows financial flexibility and has prepared the group for future growth and business opportunities. Henceforth, the Company's Directors and management believes it has adequate resources to continue in operation and as such continue to adopt a going concern basis for the annual report.





10 November 2023

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

Disclosure Department 6th Floor PSE Tower One Bonifacio High Street 28th Street corner 5th Avenue Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Attention:

MS. ALEXANDRA D. TOM WONG

Officer-in-Charge, Disclosure Department

Subject:

3rd Quarter Report for 2023

(SEC Form 17-Q)

Gentlemen:

Enclosed is our Quarterly Report for the nine (9)-month period ending 30 September 2023 (SEC Form 17-Q).

We trust that you will find the attached document in order.

Very truly yours,

PAXYS, INC.

By:

MAYETTE H. TAPIA Corporate Information Officer

COVER SHEET

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1.	For the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2023
2.	SEC Identification Number: 6609 3. BIR Tax Identification No. 000-233-218
4.	Exact Name of the registrant as specified in its charter: PAXYS, INC.
5.	Province, country or other jurisdiction of Incorporation or organization: <u>Manila, Philippines</u>
6.	Industry Classification Code: (SEC Use Only)
7.	Address of registrant's principal office: Postal Code: 1226
	15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City
8.	Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (+632) 8250-3800
9.	Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report
	Not Applicable
10.	Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA
	a) Authorized Capital Stock
	Common shares, P1.00 par value 1,800,000,000 shares
	b) Issued and Outstanding Shares
	Common shares, P1.00 par value 1,148,534,866 shares
	c) Amount of Debt Outstanding as of September 30, 2023
	Short-term and Long-term loans None
11.	Are any or all of the securities listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange
	Yes [x] No []

1	2.	Indicate	by	check	mark	whether	the	registran	t

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the SRC and SRC Rule 17 and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines during the preceding 12 * months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports);

Yes [x] No []

(b) Has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [x] No []

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Paxys, Inc. ("Paxys", the "Company", or the "Parent Company") and the following subsidiaries and joint ventures (collectively referred to as the "Group"):

				Percentag	e of Ownersh	nip
			Sept 30,	2023	December 3	1, 2022
Subsidiaries	Place of Incorporation	Principal Activity	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect
Paxys N.V.*	Curacao	Investment Holding	100.0%	_	100.0%	-
ScopeWorks Asia, Inc. (SWA)	Philippines	Business Process Outsourcing	100.0%	_	100.0%	-
Paxys Realty, Inc. (PRI)	Philippines	Real Estate	100.0%	_	100.0%	-
Paxys Global Services Pte Ltd (PGSPL)	Singapore	Business Process Outsourcing	100.0%	_	100.0%	=
Paxys Global Services Pte Ltd ROHQ (PGS ROHQ)	Philippines	Shared Services	-	100.0%		100.0%
Paxys Ltd.	Hong Kong	Investment Holding	100.0%	-	100.0%	-
Simpro Solutions Ltd.	Hong Kong	Regional Office	-	50%	-	50%
Simpro Solutions Philippines, Inc. (Simpro Phils)	Philippines	Contact Center	<u>a</u> .	50%		50%
Paxys Global Services (Dalian) Ltd.	China	Contact Center	50%	_	50%	_

^{*} As at September 30, 2022, Paxys N.V. owns 345,622,477 common shares of the Parent Company representing 30.09% of total outstanding capital stock

The unaudited consolidated financial statements as at and for the six-month period ended September 30, 2023, has been prepared in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. Accordingly, the unaudited consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles in the Philippines ("Philippine GAAP") for complete financial statements as set forth in the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) and are filed as Annex A of this report.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A")

The MD&A is a discussion and analysis of the Group's financial performance for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023. The primary objective of this MD&A is to help the readers understand the dynamics of the Group's business and the key factors underlying the Group's financial results.

The MD&A for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023, should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes, and are filed as Annex B of this report.

Item 3. Aging of Trade Receivables

Please see Annex C.

PART II. SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Registrant: PAXYS, INC.

Tarcisio M. Medalla

Chairman of the Board and President

November 3, 2023

Mayette H. Tapia Corporate Secretary November 3, 2023

Annex A

PAXYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and for the Nine-Month Period Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 (Amounts in Thousands)

	September 30	December 31
Looping	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
ASSETS		
Current Assets	D2 102 251	D2 5 17 2/0
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	₽2,403,274	₽2,847,269
Short-term investments (Note 5)	1,614,269	1,071,765
Trade and other receivables (Note 6)	89,575	62,024
Other current assets (Note 7)	36,126	31,109
Total Current Assets	4,143,244	4,012,167
Noncurrent Assets		
Right-of-use (Note 17)	28,920	43,944
Property and equipment (Note 9)	629	1,270
Other noncurrent assets (Note 10)	10,043	10,325
Total Noncurrent Assets	39,592	55,539
	₽4,182,836	₽4,067,706
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current Liabilities		
Trade and other payables (Note 11)	₽32,258	₽27,960
Lease liability – current portion (Note 17)	16,422	21,293
Income tax payable	_	120
Total Current Liabilities	48,680	49,373
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Lease liability (Note 17)	12,902	23,670
Retirement liability (Note 16)	6,337	6,337
Other noncurrent liability	3,046	3,046
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	22,285	33,053
Total Liabilities	70,965	82,426
Equity		
Capital stock (Note 12)	1,148,535	1,148,535
Additional paid-in capital (Note 12)	451,364	451,364
Parent shares held by a subsidiary (Note 12)	(1,149,886)	(1,149,886
Other equity reserves	655,441	617,388
Retained earnings	3,006,417	2,917,879
Total Equity	4,111,871	3,985,280
	₽4.182.836	₽4,067,706

See accompanying Management Discussion and Analysis and Selected Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements,

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)
For the Nine-month Periods Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022
(Amounts in Thousands, except Basic/Diluted Earnings per share)

	Nine N	lonths	Three M	Ionths	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
SERVICE INCOME	₽12,444	₽31,702	₽4,164	₽10,263	
COST OF SERVICES (Note 13)	(11,788)	(18,708)	(4,022)	(5,617)	
GROSS PROFIT	656	12,994	142	4,646	
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES (Note 14)	(55,361)	(54,222)	(17,568)	(19,018)	
INTEREST INCOME (Note 15)	132,192	48,720	48,628	23,250	
NET FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAIN (Note 15)	2,372	15,385	4,352	7,658	
INTEREST EXPENSE (Note 15)	(1,148)	(1,429)	(326)	(496)	
OTHER INCOME (Note 15)	9,840	1,485	3,257	572	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	88,551	22,933	38,485	16,612	
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	13	-	5	_	
NET INCOME	₽88,538	₽22,933	₽38,480	₽16,612	
INCOME PER SHARE	171				
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share	₽0.11	₽0.03	₽0.05	₽0.03	

See accompanying Management Discussion and Analysis and Selected Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

For the Nine-month Periods Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Nin	e Months	Three	Months
	2023	2022	2023	2022
NET INCOME	₽88,538	₽22,933	₽38,480	₽16,612
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Translation gain Net fair value changes on short-term	48,168	430,247	80,474	206,706
investments at FVOCI	(10,115)	(94,807)	(14,152)	(24,136)
	38,053	335,440	66,322	182,570
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	₽126,591	₽358,373	₽104,802	₽199,182

See accompanying Management Discussion and Analysis and Selected Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

PAXYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited) For the Nine-Month Periods Ended September30, 2023 and 2022 (Amounts in Thousands)	ED STATEMEN nber30, 2023 and	ITS OF CHA 1 2022	NGES IN EQU	JIY (Unaudited)				
				Total Equity At	Total Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company	uity Holders o	of the Parent C	ompany
				Parent shares	Other	Other Equity Reserve	ve	
	Capital Stock PI Par Value	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained	held by a subsidiary (Note 12)	Cumulative Translation	Unrealized gains on financials assets at	Actuarial	Total
At January 1, 2023	3.00	P451,364	#2,917,879	(P1,149,886)	₽705,739	(P88,056)	(P 295)	P3,985,280
Total comprehensive income for the perion			00000		00160	(Cirtar)	1000	1000
At September 30, 2023	P1,148,535	P451,364	F3,006,417	(#1,149,886)	¥753,907	(#98,171)	(#295)	¥4,111,8/1
				Total Equity /	Total Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company	uity Holders of	f the Parent Cor	npany
	Capital Stock			Parent shares	Other E	Other Equity Reserve		
	•			held by a		Unrealized		
		Additional Paid in		subsidiary (Note 12)	Cumulative	gains on financials		
	P1 Par Value (Note 12)	Capital (Notes 12)	Retained Earnings		Translation	assets at FVOCI	Actuarial gains (loss)	Total
At January 1, 2022	P1,148,535	P451,364	P2,881,202	(P1,149,886)	₽438,368	(P11,537)	P4,457	P3,762,503
Total comprehensive income for the period	Ī	Ė	22,933	1	430,247	(94,807)	T	358,373
	DI 140 525	DAS1 364	D7 004 135	(A88 6)	P868 615	(P106 344)	P4 457	P4 120 876
At September 30, 2022	F1,140,222	1421,204	12,707,133	(11,177,000)	210,000	(110,0011)		

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) For the Nine-month Periods Ended September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2022 (Amounts in Thousands)

	2022
₽88,551	₽22,933
	144. (144. March 144.
(132,192)	(48,720)
	7) (2)
15,024	12,183
660	972
(2,285)	(13,520)
	(26,152)
· · · · · · /	
(27,551)	(12,756)
	(5,430)
192	(2,257)
(4,298)	1,490
(66,916)	(45,105)
	48,720
1,000,000	-
(1,143)	3,615
(542,504)	(75,413)
	-
3.50	(431)
(548,109)	(75,844)
(14.401)	(11,833)
	(1,429)
	(13,262)
(15,057)	(13,202)
(564,891)	(85,491)
120,896	346,649
2,847,269	2,142,257
P2.403.274	₽2,403,415
	(132,192) 15,024 660 (2,285) (30,242) (27,551) (5,017) 192 (4,298) (66,916) 65,786 (13) (1,143) (542,504) (5,599) (6) (548,109) (14,491) (1,148) (15,639) (564,891)

See accompanying Management Discussion and Analysis and Selected Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

Paxys, Inc. ("Paxys", the "Company", or the "Parent Company") is an investment holding company incorporated in the Philippines and listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange (stock symbol: PAX). It was formerly known as Fil-Hispano Holdings Corporation and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 14, 1952. At present, the Parent Company's operating subsidiaries provide general transcription, data conversion, contact center and back-office outsourcing services. As of September 30, 2023, its major shareholders are All Asia Customer Services Holdings Ltd. (AACSHL), a privately held company incorporated in Hong Kong, and Paxys NV, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, with 54.93% and 30.09% interests, respectively. The registered office address of Paxys is at 15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, Philippines.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). PFRS includes statements named PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine interpretations from the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council.

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets at fair value though other comprehensive income (FVOCI), which have been measured at fair value. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso, which is the Parent Company's functional and presentation currency. All values are rounded to the nearest thousands (₱000), except when otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the six-month period ended September 30, 2023, have been prepared in accordance with PAS34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. Accordingly, the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles in the Philippines ("Philippine GAAP") for complete financial statements as set forth in the PFRS.

Adoption of New and Revised PFRS

The Group adopted the following new and revised PFRS effective January 1, 2021:

- Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in PFRS The amendments include a new
 chapter on measurement; guidance on reporting financial performance; improved definitions and
 guidance—in particular the definition of a liability; and clarifications in important areas, such as the
 roles of stewardship, prudence, and measurements uncertainty in financial reporting. The
 amendments should be applied retrospectively unless retrospective application would be
 impracticable or involve undue cost or effort.
- Amendments to PFRS 3 Definition of a Business This amendment provides a new definition of a "business" which emphasizes that the output of a business is to provide goods and services to customers, whereas the previous definition focused on returns in the form of dividends, lower costs or other economic benefits to investors and others. To be considered a business, an integrated set of activities and assets must now include 'an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create an output'. The distinction is important because an acquirer may recognize goodwill (or a bargain purchase) when acquiring a business but not a group of assets. An optional simplified assessment (the concentration test) has been introduced to help companies determine whether an acquisition is of a business or a group of assets.

• Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements and PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - Definition of Material - The amendments clarify the definition of "material" and how it should be applied by companies in making materiality judgments. The amendments ensure that the new definition is consistent across all PFRS. Based on the new definition, an information is "material" if omitting, misstating, or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions that the primary users of general-purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

Deferred effectivity -

• Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28 - Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture – The amendments address a conflicting provision under the two standards. It clarifies that a gain or loss shall be recognized fully when the transaction involves a business, and partially if it involves assets that do not constitute a business. The effective date of the amendments, initially set for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, was deferred indefinitely in December 2015 but earlier application is still permitted.

Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing new and amended PFRS is not expected to have any material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Additional disclosures will be included in the consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

Basis of Consolidation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Parent Company and the following subsidiaries:

	Place of	Principal Activity	2023		2022	
Subsidiaries	Incorporation		Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect
Paxys N.V.*	Curação	Investment holding	100%	-	100%	_
ScopeWorks Asia, Inc. (SWA)	Philippines	Data conversion	100%		100%	-
Paxys Realty, Inc.	Philippines	Real Estate	100%	2	100%	-
Paxys Global Services Pte Ltd (PGSPL)	Singapore	Business Process Outsourcing	100%	÷.	100%	-
Paxys Global Services Pte Ltd ROHQ (PGS ROHQ)	Philippines	Shared services	*	100%	-	100%
Paxys Ltd.	Hong Kong	Investment holding	100%	-	100%	

^{*}Paxys N.V. owns 345,622,477 common shares of the Parent Company representing 30.09% of the total outstanding capital stock of the Parent Company

The Parent Company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as "the Group."

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting years as that of the Parent Company. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. All intercompany accounts, transactions and balances including intercompany profits, unrealized profits and losses and dividends are eliminated in full in the consolidated financial statements.

Foreign Currencies

The Group's interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso, which is also the Parent Company's functional and presentation currency. The Philippine peso is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates. This is also the currency that mainly influences the revenue and cost of rendering products and services. All the subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures evaluate their primary economic and operating environment and determine their functional currency. Items included in the financial statements of each entity are initially measured using that functional currency.

The functional currency of the Parent Company, SWA, Simpro Philippines, PRI and PGS ROHQ is the Philippine Peso. The functional currency of PGSPL is Singapore Dollar (SG\$). The functional currency of Paxys Ltd., Simpro Solutions Limited and Paxys N.V. is U.S. Dollar (US\$).

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency spot rates at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional closing rate of exchange at the end of the reporting period. The exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss.

Foreign operations. On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Philippine pesos at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their income statements are translated at weighted average exchange rates at the end of the year. The exchange differences arising on translation for consolidation are included in the cumulative translation adjustment, a separate component of equity under other equity reserves. Upon disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative translation adjustment relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in profit and loss.

Current versus Noncurrent Classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. An asset is current when:

- It is expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- It is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as noncurrent. A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid deposits that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of three months or less and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Financial Assets and Liabilities

Date of Recognition. Financial assets and liabilities are recognized in the statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date (i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase the asset). Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of the assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Initial Recognition. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value of the consideration given (in the case of an asset) or received (in the case of a liability). Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement of all financial instruments, except for financial instruments classified as fair value through profit or loss (FVPL). Fair value is determined by reference to the transaction price or other market prices. If such market prices are not readily determinable, the fair value of the consideration is estimated as the sum of all future cash payments or receipts, discounted using the prevailing market rate of interest for similar instruments with similar maturities.

"Day 1" Difference. Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value from other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data observable from the market, the Group recognizes the

difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" difference) in profit or loss unless it qualifies for recognition as some other type of asset. For each transaction, the Group determines the appropriate method of recognizing a "Day 1" difference amount.

Classification. Financial instruments are classified as liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. Interest, dividends, gains and losses relating to a financial instrument or a component that is a financial liability, are recognized in profit or loss. Distributions to holders of financial instruments classified as equity are charged directly to equity, net of any related income tax.

The Group classifies its financial assets into the following categories: financial assets at FVPL, financial assets at amortized cost and financial assets through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The Group classifies its financial liabilities as either financial liabilities at FVPL or other financial liabilities at amortized cost.

The classification of financial instruments largely depends on the Group's business model.

The Group does not have financial instruments classified as financial asset or financial liabilities at FVPL.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. A financial asset shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment, if any. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized and through amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included under current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

Financial assets at amortized cost are included in current assets if maturity is within 12 months from the reporting date. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

Cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and held-to-maturity investments are classified under this category.

Financial Assets at FVOCI. For debt instruments, financial assets shall be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met:

the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and

the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

For equity instruments, the Group may irrevocably designate the financial asset to be measured at FVOC1 in case the above conditions are not met.

Financial assets at FVOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. After initial recognition, financial assets at FVOCI are measured at fair value with unrealized gains or losses recognized in OCI and are included under "Other equity reserves" account in the equity section of the unaudited interim consolidated statement of financial position. These fair value changes are recognized in equity and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

The Group classifies its quoted debt and equity instruments under this category.

Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost. Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Group having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the obligation other

than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized or impaired or through the amortization process.

Trade and other payables (excluding statutory payables) are classified under this category.

Reclassification

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at amortized cost, any gain or loss previously recognized in OCI, and any difference between the new amortized cost and maturity amount, are amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest method. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired, any gain or loss that has been recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

In the case of a financial asset that does not have a fixed maturity, the gain or loss shall be recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset is sold or disposed. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired, any previous gain or loss that has been recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

Financial Assets Carried at Amortized Cost.

The Group records an allowance for "expected credit loss". Expected credit losses (ECL) are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

For trade and other receivables, the Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the industry's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Financial Asset at FVOCI. For debt instruments classified as financial asset at FVOCI, the impairment is assessed based on the same criteria as financial assets carried at amortized cost. Interest income continues to be recognized on the reduced carrying amount using the interest rate used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. If, in a subsequent year, the fair value of a debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, the impairment loss is reversed in profit or loss.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized by the Group when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset has expired; or
- The Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and benefits of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and benefits of the asset but has transferred control over the asset.

Where the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and benefits of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset, if any, is measured at the lower of original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to pay.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in profit or loss.

Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. The cost of property and equipment consists of its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Cost also includes the cost of replacing the part of such property and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects when the recognition criteria are met.

Expenditures incurred after the property and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, are normally recognized as expense in the period such costs are incurred. Depreciation commences once the property and equipment are available for use and is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Asset Type	Number of Years			
Computer equipment	3 to 5			
Communication equipment	3 to 5			
Leasehold improvements	5 or lease term, whichever is shorter			
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	2 to 5			
Transportation equipment	5			

Other Intangible Assets

Other intangible assets with finite useful lives are composed of the Company's website and software packages. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. Amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognized under "Costs of services" and "General and administrative expenses" accounts in the consolidated statement of income.

Investments in Joint Ventures

The Parent Company has interests in joint ventures, whereby the venturers have a contractual arrangement that establishes joint control. A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control, and a jointly controlled entity is a joint venture that involves the establishment of a separate entity in which each venture has an interest.

Interest in a joint venture is initially recognized at cost and subsequently accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, the interest in a joint venture is carried at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share in the net assets of the joint venture, less any impairment in value. The share in the results of the operations of the joint venture is recognized in profit or loss. The Group's share of post-acquisition movements in the joint venture's equity reserves is recognized directly in equity. Profits or losses resulting from the transactions between the Group and the joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture and for unrealized losses to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment of the asset transferred. The dividends received are treated as a reduction of the carrying value of the interest. If the Group's share of losses of a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture, the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses.

After the application of the equity method, the Group determines at the end of each reporting year whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired. If this is the case, the amount of impairment is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the investment and recoverable amount and recognizes the difference in profit or loss.

After the Group's investment is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the entity has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture. If the joint venture subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes the recognition of its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not previously recognized.

Equity

Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction from proceeds, net of tax. Proceeds and/or fair value of consideration received in excess of par value are recognized as additional paid-in capital (APIC).

APIC on stock options represents the cumulative compensation expense recognized from equity-settled share-based payment plan, net of cumulative compensation expense related to exercised and expired stock options.

Parent Shares Held by a Subsidiary. Where any entity of the Group purchases the Parent Company's shares (treasury stock), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of related taxes), is deducted from equity until the shares are cancelled, reissued or disposed of. Where such shares are subsequently sold or reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transactions costs and the related income tax effect, is included in equity attributable to the Parent Company's equity holders.

Retained earnings represent accumulated earnings net of dividends declared.

Other equity reserves comprise items of income and expense, including reclassification adjustments, that are not recognized in the consolidated statement of income as required or permitted by other PFRS.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates and value-added tax or duties. The Company assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria in order to determine if it is acting as principal or agent. The Company has concluded that it is acting as principal in all of its revenue arrangements. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

Service Income. Revenue is recognized as services are rendered.

Interest Income. Revenue is recognized as the interest accrues using the effective interest method, that is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Equity in Net Earnings (Losses) of Joint Ventures. The Company recognizes its share in the net income (loss) of joint ventures proportionate to its interest in the joint ventures in accordance with the equity method of accounting for investments.

Other Income. Revenue is recognized when there is an incidental economic benefit, other than the usual business operations, that will flow to the Company through an increase in asset or reduction in liability and that can be measured reliably.

Cost and Expense Recognition

Costs and expenses are decreases in economic benefits during the accounting period in the form of outflows or decrease of assets or incurrence of liabilities that result in decrease in equity, other than those

relating to distributions to equity participants. Costs and expenses are recognized in the consolidated statement of income in the year these are incurred.

Employee Benefits

Short-term Employee Benefits. The Group recognizes a liability net of amounts already paid and an expense for services rendered by employees during the year. Short-term employee benefits given by the Group to its employees include salaries and wages, social security contributions, short-term compensated absences, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits.

Short-term employee benefit liabilities are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

Retirement Benefits. Retirement benefit costs are actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method. This method reflects services rendered by employees up to the date of valuation and incorporates assumptions concerning employees' projected salaries. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary.

Remeasurements of the retirement liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, are recognized immediately in Other Comprehensive Income. The Group determines the net interest expense to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then defined benefit liability, taking into account any changes in the defined benefit liability during the year as a result of contributions and benefit payments.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

The retirement liability recognized by the Group is the present value of the defined benefit obligation. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using risk-free interest rate of government bonds that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related retirement and other long-term benefits liability.

Termination Benefits. Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognizes termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either: terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal or providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting year are discounted to present value.

Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease.

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether:

- The contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be specified or implicitly and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified.
- The Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- The Group has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Group has this right when it has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used. In rare cases where the decision about how and for what purpose the asset is predetermined, the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset if either:
 - The Group has the right to operate the asset; or
 - The Group designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently amortized using the straight-line method from the commencement date to earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability is mainly composed of fixed payments and variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or termination option. When the liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

3. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial statements in compliance with PFRS requires management to make judgments and estimates that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. The judgment and estimates used in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates, and such estimates will be adjusted accordingly.

Indoments

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Determination of Functional Currency. Based on the economic substance of the underlying circumstances, the Group has determined that its functional currency is the Philippine Peso. The Philippine Peso is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Parent Company and certain subsidiaries operate. It is the currency that mainly influences the sale of services and the costs of providing the services.

Determination of Operating Segments. Determination of operating segments is based on the information about components of the Group that management uses to make decisions about the operating matters. Operating segments use internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the Parent Company's chief operating decision maker, which is defined to be the Parent Company's BOD, in order to allocate resources to the segment and assess its performance. The Parent Company reports separate information about an operating segment that meets any of the following quantitative thresholds: (a) its reported revenue, including both sales to external customers and intersegment sales or transfers, is 10% or more of the combined revenue, internal and external, of all operating segments; (b) the absolute amount of its reported profit or loss is 10% or more of the greater, in absolute amount, of (i) the combined reported profit of all operating segments that did not report a loss and (ii) the combined reported loss of all operating segments that reported a loss; and (c) its assets are 10% or more of the combined assets of all operating segments.

The Group determined that its operating segments are organized and managed separately based on the nature of the business segment, with each business representing a strategic business segment.

Non-Recognition of Deferred Tax Liability (DTL) on Undistributed Income of a Foreign Subsidiary. Since Paxys N.V., a company incorporated and domiciled in Curacao, is a wholly owned subsidiary by the

Parent Company, management believes that the Parent Company can control the timing of the dividend distribution of Paxys N.V. to the Parent Company. Thus, no deferred tax liability was recognized on the undistributed income of Paxys N.V.

Leases. Management applied PFRS 16 standard in classifying its leases. Right of use asset and lease liability for outstanding lease commitments were recognized starting January 2019.

Other Lease Commitments. The Company has entered into various lease agreements. These leases are classified as short-term leases (12 months or less) and/or the underlying assets have no significant value, thus, accounted for under operating lease principle.

Rent expense amounted to \$\mathbb{P}\$130 thousand and \$\mathbb{P}\$656 thousand for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. See notes 13 and 14.

Provisions and Contingencies. The Group is involved in various labor disputes, litigations, claims and tax assessments that are normal to its business. Based on the opinion of the Group's legal counsels on the progress and legal grounds of certain claims and assessments, no provision is deemed necessary in 2023 and 2022. The Group has no outstanding provision for probable losses as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Estimates and Assumptions

The key assumptions concerning future and other key sources of estimation at the statement of financial position date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Determination of Fair Value of Financial Instruments. PFRS require that certain financial assets and liabilities be carried at fair value. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using degree of judgment required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

Estimation of Useful Lives of Property and Equipment and Other Intangible Assets with Finite Useful Lives. The useful life of each of the Company's items of property and equipment and intangible assets with finite useful lives is estimated based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. Such estimation is based on a collective assessment of similar business, internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. There is no change in the estimated useful lives of property and equipment and other intangible assets with finite useful lives in 2023 and 2022.

Estimation of Impairment Losses on Receivables. The Company maintains allowance for doubtful accounts at a level based on the result of the individual and collective assessment. Under the individual assessment, the Company considers the payment history, past due status, and term. The collective assessment would require the Company to group its receivables based on the credit risk characteristics (customer type, length of the Company's relationship with the customers, average age of accounts and collection experience) of the customers.

Allowance for impairment losses on trade and other receivables amounted to \$102.8 million and \$100.67 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. The carrying values of trade and other receivables amounted to \$89.6 million and \$62 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively (see Note 6).

Determination of Realizability of Input Value Added Tax (VAT). The carrying amount of input tax is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it will not be utilized. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

An increase in provision for potential losses on input tax would increase the Company's recorded expenses and decrease current assets.

The carrying value of input VAT, net of allowance, amounted to \$\text{P28.2}\$ million and \$\text{P27.05}\$ million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively (see Note 7). Allowance for non-recoverability of Input VAT amounted to \$\text{P49.6}\$ million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Determination of Retirement liability. The cost of defined benefit pension plans and other postemployment medical benefits as well as the present value of the pension obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions. These include the determination of the discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and its long-term nature, defined benefit obligations are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The retirement liability amounted to ₱6.3 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 (see Note 16), respectively

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	Sept 30, 2023	Dec 31, 2022
Cash on hand and in banks	P54,430	₽33,626
Cash equivalents	2,348,844	2,813,643
	₽2,403,274	₽2,847,269

Cash in banks earn interest at the prevailing bank deposit rates. Cash equivalents are made for varying periods depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

5. Short-term investments

This account consists of:

	Sept 30, 2023	Dec 31, 2022
Financial Assets at Fair Value		
Profit or Loss (FVPL)	₽660,649	P833,672
Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)	586,446	12
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost	367,174	238,093
	₽1,614,269	₽1,071,765

Financial assets at FVPL are investments held at local and international banks. Financial assets at FVOCl pertain to investments managed by international banks which provide fixed interest income and capital appreciation. Financial assets at amortized cost consist of unquoted bonds with fixed interest rate and maturity.

6. Trade and Other Receivables

	Sept 30, 2023	Dec 31, 2022
Trade	₽12,249	₽10,958
Advances to related parties	101,331	95,632
Other receivables	78,797	56,104
	192,377	162,694
Allowance for impairment losses	(102,802)	(100,670)
	89,575	₽62,024

Trade receivables are noninterest-bearing and generally have 30 to 60-day terms. Other receivables, which include advances to employees, security deposits, and other nontrade receivables are expected to be settled/liquidated within the year.

7. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	Sept 30, 2023	Dec 31, 2022
Input VAT, net of allowance for un-recoverability	₽28,275	₽27,049
Prepayments	7,851	4,060
	₽36,126	₽31,109

8. Investments in Joint Venture

Percentage of Ownership

Joint venture	Place of Incorporation	Principal Activity	Sept 30, 2023	Dec 31, 2022
PGS Dalian	China	Contact center	50%	50%
Simpro Solutions Limited	Hong Kong	Contact center	50%	50%

The Company recognizes its interest in these joint ventures using equity method of accounting.

Investments in joint ventures as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are nil. Due to share in accumulated losses, investment in PGS Dalian and Simpro Solutions Limited is already depleted, thus, Paxys did not recognize further losses for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023 and in 2022.

9. Property and Equipment

The movement of this account follows:

			Septe	mber 30, 202	3	
	Computer Equipment	Communication Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost						
Balance at beginning of period	₽110,406	₽7,624	₽158,233	₽13,871	₽9,749	₽299,883
Additions	6			-		6
Balance at end of period	110,412	7,624	158,233	13,871	9,749	299,889
Accumulated Depreciation Balance at beginning of period	110,060	7,624	157,513	13,667	9,749	298,613
Depreciation for the period	152	-	381	114	-	647
Balance at end of period	110,212	7,624	157,894	13,781	9,749	299,260
Net Book Value	₽200	₽	₽339	P90	₽-	₽629

Property and equipment are depreciated using the economic lives as follows:

Computer equipment	3 to 5 years
Communication equipment	3 to 5 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years or lease term whichever is shorter
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	2 to 5 years
Transportation equipment	5 years

	December 31, 2022					
	Computer Equipment	Communication Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost						
Balance at beginning of year	₽110,316	₽7,624	P161,048	₽15,279	₽9.749	₽304,016
Additions	157		338	-	/2	495
Disposal	(67)	_	(3,153)	(1.408)	_	(4,628)
Balance at end of year	110,406	7,624	158,233	13,871	9,749	299,883
Accumulated Depreciation						***
Balance at beginning of year	109,848	7,624	160,075	14,704	9,749	302,000
Depreciation for the year	279	<u>-</u>	591	352	_	1,222
Disposal	(67)	-	(3.153)	(1,389)	-	(4,609)
Balance at end of year	110,060	7,624	157,513	13,667	9,749	298,613
Net Book Value	₽346	₽_	₽720	₽204	₽-	₽1,270

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, fully depreciated property and equipment with aggregate cost amounting to \$\mathbb{P}69.5\$ million and \$\mathbb{P}68.4\$ million, respectively are still being used in the operations.

10. Other Noncurrent Assets

This consist of:

	Sept 30, 2023	Dec 31, 2022
Rental and security deposits	4,841	₽5,119
Intangible assets	14	28
Others	5,188	5,178
	10,043	₽10,325

Rental and security deposits mainly pertain to cash deposits on lease agreements, which are refundable at the end of lease period. Intangible assets pertain to computer software and programs, which are amortized over three to five years.

Others pertain mainly to claims of tax refund expected to be received beyond 12 months after reporting date.

11. Trade and Other Payables

	Sept 30, 2023	Dec 31, 2022
Trade payables	3,421	₽2,105
Accrued expenses	9,668	8,922
Dividend payable	6,554	6,554
Statutory payable	6,078	6,298
Other current liabilities	6,537	4,081
	₽32,258	₽27,960

Trade payables are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled on a 90-day term.

Accrued expenses mainly represent accruals for utilities, communications, and other employee benefits. Statutory payables represent withholding tax payable and other liabilities to the government.

12. Stockholders' Equity

Capital Stock

On June 27, 2008, the Company's Board of Directors authorized and approved the increase in authorized capital stock from \$1,200 million to \$1,800 million by way of a stock dividend declaration.

		Number of Shares	
	Number of Shares Authorized	Issued and Outstanding	Cost
Balance as at and beginning and end			D
of period	1,800,000,000	1,148,534,866	₽1,148,535

Parent Shares Held by a Subsidiary

In October 2014, Paxys N.V., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent Company, completed the tender offer to acquire 345,622,477 common shares of the Parent Company representing 30.09% of its outstanding capital stock.

Additional Paid-in Capital (APIC)

This account consists of:

Premium on issuance of shares of stocks	₽348,213
Premium on forfeited stock option	103,151
	₽451,364

Premium on issuance of shares of stocks represents the excess of paid capital over the par value of capital stock. Premium on forfeited stock options represents increase in equity arising from equity-settled share-based payment transactions.

13. Cost of Services

	Nine Mo	nths	Th	ree Months
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Personnel cost	₽_	₽3,864	₽-	₽180
Depreciation - right-of-use asset	9,630	6,789	3,184	3,223
Depreciation and amortization - property & equipment and intangibles	254	463	75	141
Communication	1	1,732	1	307
Utilities	1,903	2,832	762	927
Security and janitorial services	-	1,984	-	678
Rent	-	276	-	(19)
Others	-	768	-	180
	11,788	18,708	₽4,022	₽5,617

14. General and Administrative Expenses

	Nine Me	onths	Three Mo	nths
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Professional fees	₽5,772	₽19,862	₽1,540	₽7,902
Personnel cost	31,210	17,385	10,134	5,811
Depreciation and amortization on:				
Right-of-use	5,394	5,394	1,798	1,798
Property, equipment, and intangibles	406	509	120	163
Utilities	2,141	2,087	715	688
Supplies	246	376	55	376
Bank charges	2,283	2,141	722	2,141
Communication	1,292	1,396	425	504
Security and janitorial services	1,130	1,039	404	360
Taxes and licenses	342	542	76	189
Insurance	348	329	114	(401)
Entertainment, amusement and recreation	938	407	154	160
Repairs and maintenance	298	355	81	118
Transportation and travel	424	364	110	112
Rent	130	380	42	166
Provision for impairment losses on trade and other receivables	,-		-	4
Others	3,007	1,656	1,078	(1,069)
	55,361	54,222	17,568	19,018

15. Interest Income (Expense), Foreign Exchange Gains and Losses, and Other Income

Interest Income

Interest income for the comparative periods was generated mainly from bank deposits, and short-term placements, and short-term bonds amounting to ₱132.2 million and ₱48.7 million as at September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2022, respectively.

Interest Expense

Interest Expense on leases amounted to ₱1.1 million and ₱1.4 million as at September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2022, respectively.

Foreign Exchange

Net foreign exchange gain amounted to \$2.3 million and \$15.4 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2022, respectively.

Other Income - net

Other income for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2022 pertains mainly to rental and miscellaneous income.

16. Retirement Benefits

The Parent Company and SWA maintain separate unfunded, non-contributory, defined benefit plans covering all eligible employees. An independent actuary conducts an actuarial valuation of the retirement liability. The latest actuarial report was dated December 31, 2021.

No cumulative remeasurement gain (loss) on retirement liability was recognized as of September 30, 2023.

	September 30, 2023
Balance at beginning of year	(₽295)
Remeasurement gain (loss)	1.5
Balance at September 30, 2023	(₽295)
	December 31, 2022
Balance at beginning of year	December 31, 2022 \$\text{P4,457}\$
Balance at beginning of year Remeasurement gain	
	₽4,457

The present value of the obligation as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 amounted to ₱6.3 million. There are no changes in the present value as of the current period.

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance at beginning of year	₽6,337	₽9,335
Current service cost	1.	114
Interest cost	-	427
Payment of retirement liability		(2,688)
Remeasurement gain recognized in OCI		(851)
Balance at end of year	₽6,337	₽6,337

The principal assumptions used in determining the cost of retirement benefits of the Group in 2022 are shown below:

Discount rate	7.00%
Salary increase rate	2.00%

17. Lease Commitments

a. The Group as a Lessee

The Parent Company has an existing lease agreement with a third party for the lease of office space and parking spaces for five years until April 30, 2026. The quarterly rent is subject to escalation rates ranging from 5% to 10% per annum. The lease is renewable upon mutual consent of the parties to be covered by a separate lease agreement. As at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, refundable security deposit, amounted to P1.4 million.

SWA has an existing non cancellable five year agreement with a third party for the lease of an office space until December 31, 2018. This was extended for four years up to December 31, 2022, with an option to extend for another year and six months until June 2024. The rental rate is subject to an escalation rate of 5% per annum. As at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, refundable security deposit amounted to P1.5 million.

On October 21, 2018, SWA entered into a two year lease agreement with a third party for the lease of an office space until October 20, 2020. This was extended for another two years until October 20, 2022 and was no longer renewed thereafter. The rental rate was subjected to an escalation rate of 5% per annum. The refundable security deposit amounting to P0.3 million was refunded on June 19, 2023.

On July 1, 2022, the Company entered into a two-year lease agreement with a third party for the lease of an office space in Cebu until May 17, 2024. The lease is renewable for another year upon mutual agreement. The rental rate is subject to an escalation rate of 5% per annum effective on the third year of

lease term. Refundable security deposit amounted to ₱1.2 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Movements in right-of-use assets and lease payments under leases as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are summarized below:

	September 30, 2023
Right-of-use assets, January 1, 2023	₽43,944
Less: Amortizations under Cost of Service	(9,630)
Amortization under General and Administrative Expense	(5,394)
Right-of-use assets, September 30, 2023	₽28,920
Lease liabilities	
Lease liability, beg	₽44,963
Add: additional lease liability	82
Less: Principal payments	(14,491)
Less: Interest payments	(1,148)
Lease liability, end	29,324
Current portion	16,422
Noncurrent portion	12,902
Right-of-use assets, January 1, 2022	₽48,790
	December 31, 2022
Add: additional ROU assets	13,055
Less: Amortizations under Cost of Service	(10,011)
Amortization under General and Administrative Expense	(7,192)
Adjustment	(698)
Right-of-use assets, December 31, 2022	P43,944
Lease liabilities	
Lease liability, beg	₽50,016
Add: additional lease liability	13,055
Less: Principal payments	(19,195)
Less: Interest payments	1,917
Less: Adjustment	(830)
Lease liability, end	
	44,963
Current portion	44,963 21,293

b. The Group as a Lessor

SWA also subleased a portion of its office space in Laguna to related parties and third parties, which ended in September 30, 2022. On October 1, 2022, the Company subleased office space to a third party for 21 months from October 1, 2022 to June 30, 2024.

Rent income from subleased portion amounted to nil, \$\P\$5.2 million as of September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2022, respectively. Security deposit under this lease agreement, which are presented under other noncurrent liabilities, amounted to \$\P\$0.3 million as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

18. Segment Information

The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of the services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different services and serves different markets.

Segment Assets and Liabilities. Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and consist principally of operating cash, receivables, property and equipment and other intangible assets, net of allowances and provision. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of accounts payable and other liabilities.

Inter-segment Transactions. Segment revenues, segment expenses and segment performance include transfers among business segments. Such transfers are eliminated in consolidation.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating income or loss and is measured consistently with operating income or loss in the consolidated financial statements.

Business segment information is reported on the basis that is used internally for evaluating segment performance and deciding how to allocate resources among operating segments.

For management purposes, the Company is organized into business units based on their products and services and has four reportable operating segments as follows:

- Data Conversion This segment includes data transcription and scoping services, voice-to-text message conversion and electronic data encoding and processing.
- Others This segment includes the operations of the Parent Company and its non-operating subsidiaries.

Business Segment Data
The following table presents revenues and expenses information and certain assets and liabilities information regarding the business segments for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

		September 30, 2023	30, 2023	
	Outsourcing	Others	Eliminations	Consolidated
Results of Operations				
Segment revenues from external customers	P12,444	ᆲ	<u>al</u>	P12,444
Segment expenses	(11,788)	(55,361)	I	(67,149)
Sement result	929	(55,361)	ı	(54,705)
Interest income	326	131,866	1	132,192
Net foreign exchange gain	867	1,406	66	2,372
Interest expense	(421)	(727)	1	(1,148)
Other segment operating income – net	7,245	2,595	1	9,840
Net income	P8,673	P79,779	66	P88,551
Assets and Liabilities				
Segment assets	P55,616	P5,782,484	(P1,655,264)	P4,182,836
Segment liabilities	65,826	195,622	(190,483)	70,965
Other Segment Information				
Capital expenditures:		1		,
Property and equipment	aL.	P6	aL.	140
Intangibles	1	To l	1	1
Denreciation and amortization	9,884	2,800	1	15,684

		September 30, 2022	0, 2022	
	Outsourcing	Others	Eliminations	Consolidated
Results of Operations				
Segment revenues from external customers	P27,703	₽3,998	4	P31,701
Segment expenses	(27,533)	(45,396)	1	(72,929)
Segment result	170	(41,398)	1	(41,228)
Interest income	44	48,676	1	48,720
Net Foreign exchange gain (loss)	2,238	15,944	(2,901)	15,281
	(488)	(636)	1	(1,428)
Other segment operating income - net	1,588	(0)	1	1,588
Net income (loss)	₽3,551	P22,283	(2,901)	₽22,933
Assets and Liabilities				
Segment assets	P49,484	P5,799,597	(P1,654,989)	₽4,194,092
Segment liabilities	61.821	200,616	(189,221)	73,216
Other Segment Information				
Capital expenditures:	4		f	5170
Property and equipment	4.	F413	1	£413
Intangibles		18	1	81
Depreciation and amortization	755	208	1	963

Geographical Segment Data

The following table presents the revenue and expenditure and certain asset information regarding geographical segments for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

		oc bream	Contract on word	
	Philippines	Others	Eliminations	Eliminations Consolidated
Revenue				
External revenue	P12,444	aL	4	F12,444
Other Segment Information				
Segment assets	P5,838,100	-d	(1,655,264)	P4,182,836
Capital expenditures:				
Property and equipment	9	1		9
Intangibles	1	1		1
	Philippines	Others	Others Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenue				
External revenue	F31,702	-d-	Ol.	P31,702
Other Segment Information				
Segment assets	P5,849,081	d.	(1,654,989)	P4,194,092
Capital expenditures:				
Property and equipment	413	1)		- 413
Intanoibles	18	1		18

19. Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Cash and Cash Equivalents, Trade and Other Receivables, Trade and Other Payable, and Dividends Payable. Due to the short-term nature of transactions, the fair value approximates the carrying amounts at initial recognition.

Refundable Deposits. The estimated fair values of refundable deposits are based on the discounted values of future cash flows using as discount rate the prevailing MART1 rates that are specific to the tenor of the instruments' cash flows as of financial reporting date.

Financial assets at FVOCI. Net asset value per unit has been used to determine the fair value of AFS investments.

20. Other Matters

Detailed schedules have been omitted for purposes of preparing these interim condensed financial statements as allowed by SRC Rule 68.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITIONS AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

INTRODUCTION

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the attached unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022 (with comparative figures as at and for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022. All necessary adjustments to present fairly the consolidated financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the Group for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022, and for all the other periods presented, have been made. Certain information and footnote disclosure normally included in the audited financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been omitted.

ABOUT PAXYS GROUP

Paxys is an investment holding company registered with the SEC on February 14, 1952. Through its operating subsidiaries, Paxys has been engaged in diversified services such as business process outsourcing, data conversion. In the past years, it has divested its investments in salary packaging, call center, IT consulting and software solutions business.

Scopeworks Asia, Inc. (SWA) is a Philippine BPO company engaged in data transcription, editing, proofreading, and data conversion services with clients in the US, Australia, and UK.

Paxys Realty, Inc. (formerly Paxys Global Services, Inc.) has recently amended its Articles of Incorporation to include real estate business among its primary purpose. These changes have been approved by Paxys Realty's Board of Directors in November 2017 and subsequently by the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 2018.

Simpro Solutions Limited (SSL) is a joint venture company engaged in call center and back-office outsourcing activities thru its wholly owned subsidiary, Simpro Solutions Philippines, Inc. (SSPI). In 2014, SSPI amended its Articles of Incorporation shortening the term of its existence up to June 2018. Said amendment has been approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on May 24, 2017. By the virtue of the Amended Articles of Incorporation, SSPI has dissolved its corporate existence on June 30, 2018.

Key Performance Indicators (KPI)

The Company's management uses the following KPI:

1) Net Service Income : Service Income less discounts and allowances

2) Gross Profit Margin : Gross profit/Service Income

3) EBITDA : Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization

4) EBITDA Margin : EBITDA/Service Income

5) Income from Operations : Gross Profit - Operating Expenses

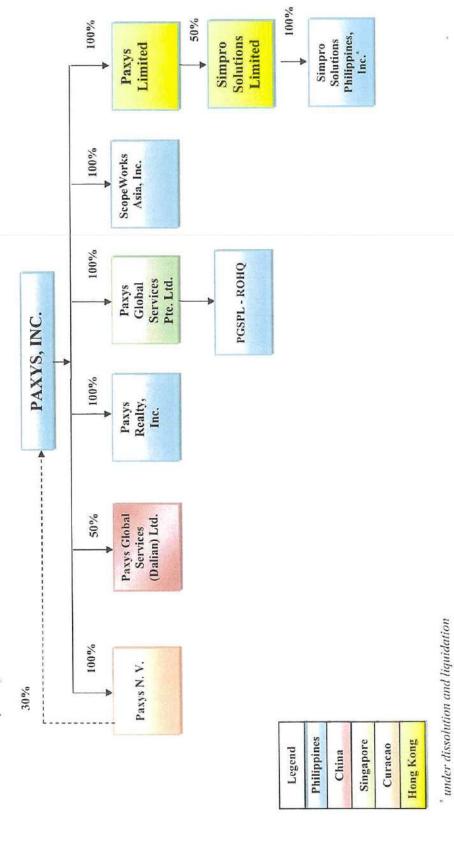
6) Net Income Margin : Net Income/Service Income

7) Return on Equity : Net Income/ (Equity end + Equity beg - Net Income)/2

8) Current Ratio : Current Assets/Current Liabilities

Overview of Our Business

Below is the Group's corporate structure as of September 30, 2023:



RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND DISCUSSION OF KPIS

Summary Profit and Loss For the Nine-month Period Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (Amounts in Thousands)

	2	2023		122
	Amount	% to Sales	Amount	% to Sales
Service Income	₽12,444	100%	₽31,702	100%
Gross Profit	656	5%	12,994	41%
Loss from Operations	(54,705)	-440%	(41,228)	-130%
Net Income	88,538	711%	22,933	72%
EBITDA	105,383	847%	37,516	118%

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHT

The Group generated P12.4 million revenues as of September 30, 2023 coming from the operations of Scopeworks Asia, Inc. (SWA). This is lower by 61% compared to prior year of the same period due to the termination of its contract with a major client effective March 31, 2022. The Group is aggressively pursuing other business opportunities, particularly in the area of facilities management. Translation gains and overall reduced costs resulted in net income of P88.5 million as of September 2023.

Summary Financial Condition For the Periods Ended September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 (Amounts in Thousands)

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	% Change
Current Assets	₽4,143,244	₽4,012,167	3.3%
Noncurrent Assets	39,592	55,539	-28.7%
Assets	4,182,836	4,067,706	2.8%
Current Liabilities	48,680	49,373	-1.4%
Noncurrent Liabilities	22,285	33.053	-32.6%
Equity	4,111,871	3,985,280	3.2%

The assets of the Group comprised mainly of cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. Other than the net income for the period, amortization of right of use assets and payments for lease liabilities, there are no other significant movement in the Group's balance sheet.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The following are the cash flow movements:

For the Nine-Month Period Ended September 30	2023	2022	% change
Net Cash provided by (used in) Operating Activities	(₽1,143)	₽3,615	-132%
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	548,109	75,844	623%
Net Cash used in Financing Activities	15,639	13,262	18%

Negative cash flows resulted from operating loss of the group, placement in short-term investments and financing activities as at September 30, 2023. Nevertheless, the Group's current level of funds is more than sufficient to meet the Company's immediate and future cash requirements. The Group does not have loans and the Company does not anticipate any liquidity problems that may arise from its operating activities in the near future.

Financial Ratios

	September 30, 2023	Dec 31, 2022
Financial Ratios:	W. W.	
Current Ratio	85.11	81.27
Debt to Equity Ratio	0.02	0.02
Return on Equity	2%	.78%
EBITDA Margin	847%	198%
Net Profit Margin	711%	107%

FINANCIAL RISK

Foreign Currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposure. Such exposure arises from US\$ denominated service income of SWA and US\$ funds of Paxys NV. As at September 30, 2023, cash and cash equivalents of the Group consist of about 82% US\$.

In view of the above, the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial performance and financial position can be affected significantly by movements in the US\$/Philippine Peso exchange rates.

The Group's primary strategy to address its forex exposures is to make use of hedging instruments including derivatives (i.e., currency forward contracts) to manage the effects of foreign exchange fluctuations on financial results. These hedging instruments or derivatives are not used for trading or speculative purposes. Counterparties to derivative contracts are carefully selected from major financial institutions which are assessed based on their industry standing and historical performance. As at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Group does not have outstanding derivative instruments.

The Group adopted the following rates of exchange in translating foreign currency statement of comprehensive income and statement of financial position as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	September 30, 2023		Decembe	er 31, 2022
	Closing	Average	Closing	Average
Philippine Peso to 1 unit of:				
United States Dollar (US\$)	56.58	55.46	55.76	54.47

Credit Risk

The Group trades only with recognized, creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures.

Since the Group trades only with recognized third parties, there is no requirement for collateral. Also, the Group has an existing contract or master agreement with its key customer to protect itself from bad debt losses.

OTHER MATTERS

a. On March 31, 2022, SWA and its client in the data conversion services terminated their agreement. As a result, employees servicing this customer were separated in April 2022. SWA is working on expanding its current managed facility and support services.

- b. There were no material commitments of the Company.
- c. There were no material off-statement of financial position transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationship of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons during the reporting period.
- There are no unusual items as to nature and amount affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income, or cash flows.
- There were no known trends, demands, commitments, events, or uncertainties that will have a
 material impact on the Company's liquidity.
- f. There were no known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a favourable or an unfavourable impact on net sales or revenue or income from continuing operation.
- g. The causes for any material change from period to period are stated under Management's discussion and analysis section "financial condition".
- h. The effects of seasonality or cyclicality on the operations of the Company's business are not material.
- There were no material changes in estimates of amounts reported in interim periods of the current year or changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior financial years.

Key Variable and Other Quantitative and Factors

Trends, Events, Uncertainties or Contingent Financial Obligation with Material Impact on Liquidity

The Company does not anticipate liquidity problem within the next twelve (12) months since it has adequate amount of cash to pay its maturing obligations and to support its working capital requirements.

Paxys, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Trade Receivables Aging Schedule As of September 30, 2023

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Age of Receivables						
Types of customers	<30 days	<30 days 31-60 days		90-120 days	>120 days	Total	
International	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽10,024	₽10,024	
Local	2,186	-	-	-	39	2,225	
	2,186	1	2	123	10,063	12,249	
Allowance for							
impairment losses	-	-	-	-	(9,116)	(9,116)	
	₽2,186	₽1	P-	₽-	₽947	₽3,133	

Re: Fw: PaxysInc_SECForm17Q (Q3 of 2023)_9Nov.2023

ICTD Submission <ictdsubmission+canned.response@sec.gov.ph>

Thu 11/9/2023 4:38 PM

To:Investor Relations <investor_relations@paxys.com>

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	 NOTICE TO
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- 2. 17-C 7. 23-A 12. AMLA-CF 17. 36-AR 22. Quarterly Reports
- 3. 17-L 8. 23-B 13. NPM 18. PNFS 23. Letters
- 4. 17-Q 9. GIS-G 14. NPAM 19. MCG 24. OPC (Alternate Nominee)
- ICASR 10. 52-AR 15.BP-FCLC 20.S10/SEC-NTCE-EXEMPT

Further, effective 01 July 2023, the following reports shall be submitted through https://efast.sec.gov.ph/user/login.

- 1. FORM MC 18 7. Completion Report
- 2. FORM 1 MC 19 8. Certificate-SEC Form MCG- 2009
- 3. FORM 2- MC 19 9. Certificate-SEC Form MCG- 2002, 2020 ETC.
- 4. ACGR 10. Certification of Attendance in Corporate Governance
- 5. I-ACGR 11. Secretary's Certificate Meeting of Board Directors (Appointment)
 - 6 MRPT

Please be informed that the submission of the abovementioned eleven (11) reports through the ictdsubmission@sec.gov.ph shall no longer be accepted. For further information, please access this link Notice for guidance on the filing of reports:

Likewise, the following reports shall be filed through the Electronic

about:blank

Fwd: Quarterly Report

Mayette Tapia < mayette.tapia@paxys.com >

Fri 11/10/2023 3:26 PM

To:Jennifer Apolonio < jennifer.apolonio@paxys.com>

From: Philippine Stock Exchange <no-reply@pse.com.ph>

Sent: Friday, November 10, 2023 3:25:23 PM

To: Mary Gwyn Gagaboan <gwyn.gagaboan@paxys.com>; Mayette Tapia <mayette.tapia@paxys.com>; mhtapia86@gmail.com <mhtapia86@gmail.com>; disclosure@pse.com.ph <disclosure@pse.com.ph>

Subject: Quarterly Report

Dear Sir/Madam:

Your disclosure was approved as Company Report. Details are as follows:

Company Name: Paxys, Inc.

Reference Number: 0038450-2023

Date and Time: Friday, November 10, 2023 15:25 PM

Template Name: Quarterly Report Report Number: CR07588-2023

Best Regards, PSE EDGE

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Republic of the Philippines)
Makati City) S.S.

UNDERTAKING

- I, MAYETTE H. TAPIA, of legal age, Filipino citizen, with office address at 15th Floor 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, Philippines, after having been sworn under oath in accordance with law hereby depose and state that:
 - 1. I am the Corporate Secretary and Corporate Information Officer of PAXYS, INC. (the "Company"), a corporation duly organized under Philippine law with principal office at 15th Floor, 6750 Avala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, Philippines;
 - 2. I hereby undertake on behalf of the Company to submit to the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") the Company's 3rd Quarter Report (SEC Form 17-O) for 2023 and upload the same to the Company's website (www.paxys.com) once it becomes available. Copies of the report will also be distributed to the stockholders on or before the Annual Stockholders' Meeting on 11 December 2023; and
 - 3. I am executing this Affidavit to attest to the truth of the foregoing and for whatever legal purpose it may serve.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have signed this Affidavit on this OCT 0 4 2023 at Makati City.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN on this CT 0 4 2023 at affiant exhibiting to me the following competent evidence of identity:

Name	Competent Evidence of Identity				
	Type of ID and Number	Date and Place of Issue			
Mayette H. Tapia	Philippine Passport No. P0985037B	Issued on 9 March 2019 by DFA NCR Central which expires on 8 March 2029			

Doc. No. Page No.

Series of 2023.

TY. JOEL FERRER FLOR NOTARY PUBLIFOR MAKATICITY UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2023 (2023-2024) APPOINTMENT NO. M-115 ROLL NO. 77376

F COMPLIANCE NO. 0001393, Jan. 03, 2023 Until Apr. 14, 2028 PTR NO. 9563564 / JAN.03.2023/MAKATI CITY IBP NO. 261994 / JAN.03, 2023 / PASIG CITY 1107 D BATAAN ST., GUADALUPE NUEVO, MAKATI CITY

Republic of the Philippines)
Makati City) S.S.

CERTIFICATION

I, **MAYETTE H. TAPIA**, of legal age, Filipino citizen, with office address at 15th Floor 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, Philippines, after having been sworn under oath in accordance with law hereby depose and state that:

- I am the Corporate Secretary and Corporate Information Officer of PAXYS, INC. (the "Company"), a corporation duly organized under Philippine law with principal office at 15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, Philippines;
- 2. I hereby certify that based on information provided to me, none of the following directors and officers of the Company, as of the date of this certification, are employed by nor work for the Philippine Government:
 - a) Tarcisio M. Medalla
 - b) Roger Leo A. Cariño
 - c) Christopher B. Maldia
 - d) Lim Ghee Keong
 - e) Roberto A. Atendido
 - f) Jose Antonio A. Lichauco
 - g) George Edwin Y. SyCip
 - h) Pablito O. Lim
 - i) Mayette H. Tapia
 - j) Ana Maria A. Katigbak
 - k) Sheri A. Inocencio
 - 1) Ruth M. Mariñas

3. I have executed this Certification to attest to the truth of the foregoing facts as required by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

OCT 0 4 2023

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have signed this Certification on this _____ at Makati City.

MAYETTE H.TAPIA

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN on this

at <u>MAKATI CITY</u> affiant

exhibiting to me the following competent evidence of identity:

Name	Competent Evidence of Identity				
	Type of ID and Number	Date and Place of Issue			
Mayette H. Tapia	Philippine Passport No. P0985037B	Issued on 9 March 2019 by DFA NCR Central which expires on 8 March 2029			

Doc. No. 23; Page No. 23; Book No. 23; Series of 2023. ATTY, JOEL FERRER FLORES

NOTARY PUBLIC FOR MAKATI CITY
UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2023 (2023-2024)

APPOINTMENT NO. M-115

ROLL NO. 77376

COMPLIANCE NO. 0001393, Jan. 03, 2023 Until Apr. 14, 2028

PTR NO. 9563564 / JAN. 03. 2023 / MAKATI CITY

IRD NO. 261994 / JAN. 03. 2023 / PASIG CITY

107 D JAIAAN ST., GUADALUPE NUEVO, MAKATI CITY



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CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

- GEORGE EDWIN Y. SYCIP, American, of legal age and a resident of 60 Cambridge Circle, North Forbes Park, Makati City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law, do hereby declare:
- I am one of the nominees as Independent Director of Paxys, Inc. (hereinafter, the "Company") for the year 2023. I have been one of its independent directors since May 2004 to December 2020, and have been reappointed as such for years 2021 and 2022 as approved by the stockholders during the annual stockholders' meeting in compliance with the Company's By-Laws and Manual on Corporate Governance.
- I am affiliated with the following companies and organizations (including Government-Owned and Controlled Corporations):

Company/ Organization	Position/Relationship	Period of Service		
Asian Alliance Holdings and Development Corp.	Director	November 1995 to present		
Cityland Development Corporation	Director	December 2017 to present		

- I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of Paxys, Inc., as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
- I am not related to any director, officer or substantial shareholder of Paxys, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Implementing Rules of the Securities Regulation Code (Republic Act 8799).
- I disclose that I am the subject of the following criminal/administrative investigation or proceeding:

OFFENSE CHAI			TRI	BUNAL OR AGENC INVOLVED	STATUS		
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- I am neither an officer nor an employee of any government agency or governmentowned and controlled corporation.
- I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances.
- I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of Paxys, Inc. of any changes in the abovementioned information within five (5) days from its occurrence.

DONE this	Nov. 9, 2023	at	San Francisco.	California	94104	IISA
HER BUNGET, TITLES	INDV. M. ZUZA	24.1	SHILL PRINCIPLINGS.	A .20111121213121	2-4 111-4	LIGHT -

GEORGE EDWIN SYCIP

, affiant exhibiting to me his Passport No. 506254556, issued on 7 January 2015 by the US Department of State, U.S.A. which expires on 6 January 2025.
Doc. No;
Page No;
Book No;
Series of 2023.
A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.
State of California)
County of San Francisco) Subscribed and sworm to (or affirmed) before me on
Subscribed and sworm to (or animited) before the on
* * *George Edwin Sycip * * proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the
person(s) appeared before me.
STEVE KWON COMM \$2359141 NOTARY PUBLIC CAULFORMA B Bith Fluction County Counterment Federal MAY 28, 2023 Notary Public

Offense Charged/Investigated	Tribunal/Agency Involved	Status
Alleged violation of Sections 74 and 75 in relation to Section 144 of the Corporation Code (or alleged violation of the right to inspect) – preliminary investigation	Office the Secretary – Department of Justice (OSEC-PR-DTF-2- 010916-001; NPS Docket Nos. XVI-INV- 15B-00033 to 00034, titled Harvest All Investment Limited, et al. v. Annsley B. Bangkas, et al./Harvest All Investment Limited, et al. v. George SyCip, et al.)	The Department of Justice ("DOJ") reversed the dismissal of the cases by the DOJ Prosecution Staff even though there was a finding that the directors, including, Mr. SyCip, had not issued a board resolution that expressly denied the inspection request. Mr. SyCip's Motion for Reconsideration of the DOJ Resolution is pending to date.
Alleged violation of Sections 74 and 75 in relation to Section 144 of the Corporation Code (or alleged violation of the right to inspect) – filed in court	Metropolitan Trial Court of Pasig, Branch 71 and Office of the City Prosecutor of Pasig (Criminal Case Nos. M-PSG-18-00148-CR to 00149-CR, titled People of the Philippines v. Annsley B. Bangkas, et al.)	This is an offshoot of the case above (e.g., NPS Docket Nos. XVI-INV-15B-00033 to 00034). The case was initially raffled to the Metropolitan Trial Court of Pasig, Branch 71, which issued and Order finding probable cause against Mr. SyCip and his co-accused for the issuance of a warrant of arrest. The Order is the subject of the of a Petition for Certiorari pending with the Regional Trial Court of Pasig. The Metropolitan Trial Court of Pasig, Branch 71 eventually issued a Resolution dated November 11, 2020 ("November 11, Resolution") dismissing the case for lack of jurisdiction without prejudice to its refiling with the proper Regional Trial Court. The motion for reconsideration filed by the prosecution was denied by the court through a Resolution dated February 22, 2021. The Office of the City Prosecutor of Pasig has issued a Resolution with the Regional Trial Court of Pasig has issued a Resolution dated May 27, 2021 recommending the refiling of the Information with the Regional Trial Court of Pasig.
Alleged violation of Sections 74 and 75 in relation to Section 144 of the Corporation Code (or violation of the right to	Office of the Secretary of Justice (NPS Docket No. XVI-INV-15B- 00053 titled Hedy S.C.	The Office of the Prosecutor General of the DOJ, through a Review Resolution dated March 20, 2018 ("March 20 Resolution") ruled in favor of the complainant

inspect) – preliminary investigation	Yap-Chua v. Jonathan Y. Dee, et al.)	even though the inspection request was granted by the board of directors, including Mr. SyCip. Mr. SyCip's Petition for Review of the March 20 Resolution, as well as Petitions filed by some of my co-respondents, are currently
		pending with the Secretary of Justice.
Alleged violation of Sections 74 and 75 in relation to Section 144 of the Corporation Code (or alleged violation of the right to inspect) – filed in court	Regional Trial Court of Pasig, Branch 157 (Criminal Case Nos. R- PSG-21-01844-CR to 01845-CR, titled People of the Philippines v. Jonathan Y. Dee, et al.)	This is an offshoot of the case above (e.g., NPS Docket No. XVI-INV-15B-00053). The case was initially raffled to the Metropolitan Trial Court of Pasig, Branch 70, which eventually issued an Order dated March 6, 2020 ("March 6 Order") dismissing the case for lack of subject matter jurisdiction. A motion for reconsideration of the March 6 Order was filed by the prosecution and was denied by the court through a Resolution dated
		November 12, 2020. The Office of the City Prosecutor of Pasig refiled the <i>Information</i> with the Regional Trial Court of Pasig and the case was raffled to Branch 157.
Alleged violation of Presidential Decree No. 1689, in relation to Article 315(2)(a) of the Revised Penal Code (syndicated estafa) and Article 171(1) of the Revised Penal Code (falsification of public document) — preliminary investigation	Office the Secretary – Department of Justice (NPS Docket Nos. XV- 07-INV-16B-01028 & XV-07-INV-16D-01843, titled Victory Fund Limited, et al. v. Jonathan Y. Dee, et al./Jonathan Y. Dee, et al. v. Hedy S.C. Yap-Chua)	The Office of the City Prosecutor – Manila dismissed both Complaints. The complainants' Appeal to the DOJ was also denied. Through a Resolution dated March 27, 2018 ("March 27 Resolution"), the DOJ partially granted the complainants' motion for reconsideration by finding probable cause for simple estafa against Mr. SyCip and some corespondents; the DOJ affirmed its ruling dismissing the syndicated estafa and falsification of public document charges. Several respondents, including Mr. SyCip, have filed Motions for Reconsideration of the March 27 Resolution, which are pending.
		One of the respondents filed a Petition for Certiorari with the Court of Appeals to challenge the March 27 Resolution.
Alleged violation of Article	Regional Trial Court of	This is an offshoot of the case

Re: PAXYS INC_SEC Form 17C Certification of Independent Director (Mr. George Edwin Y. Sycip)_13November2023

ICTD Submission <ictdsubmission+canned.response@sec.gov.ph>

Mon 11/13/2023 10:31 AM

To:Investor Relations <investor_relations@paxys.com>

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	6 6 0 9				
	S.E.C. Registration Number				
P A X Y S , I N C .					
(Company's Full Name)					
1 5 T H F L O O R , 6 7 5 0	AYALAOFFICE				
TOWER, AYALA AVEI	NUE, MAKATI				
CITY					
(Business Address, No. Street C					
MAYETTE H. TAPIA	(+632) 8250-3800				
Contact Person	Company Telephone Number				
1 2 3 1 Certificate of Independent	dent Directors				
Month Day FORM TYPE	Month Day				
Fiscal Year	Annual Meeting				
Secondary License Type, If	Applicable				
Dept. Requiring this Doc.	Amended Articles Number/Section				
Total No. of Stockholders	Domestic Foreign				
To be accomplished by SEC	To be accomplished by SEC Personnel concerned				
File Number	cu				
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CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

- I, **JOSE ANTONIO A. LICHAUCO**, Filipino, of legal age and a resident of #20 Pennsylvania Street, New Manila, Quezon City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law, do hereby declare that:
- 1. I am one of the nominees as Independent Director of Paxys, Inc. (hereinafter, the "Company") for the year 2022-2023. I have been one of its independent directors since May 2004 to December 2020, and have been reappointed as such for years 2021 and 2022 as approved by the stockholders during the annual stockholders' meeting in compliance with the Company's By-Laws and Manual on Corporate Governance.
- 2. I am affiliated with the following companies and organizations (including Government-Owned and Controlled Corporations):

Company/ Organization	/ Organization Position/ Relationship			
Asian Alliance Investment Corporation	President	2005 to Present		
Automated Technology (Phil.), Inc.	Director and Treasurer	2000 to Present		

- 3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of Paxys, Inc., as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
- 4. I am not related to any director, officer or substantial shareholder of Paxys, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Implementing Rules of the Securities Regulation Code (Republic Act 8799).
- 5. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding.
- 6. I am neither an officer nor an employee of any government agency or governmentowned and controlled corporation.
- 7. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances.
- 8. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of Paxys, Inc. of any changes in the abovementioned information within five (5) days from its occurrence.

DONE this OCT 0 6 2023 at Makati City.

JØSE ANTONIO A. LICHAUCO

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this CT 0 6 2023 at MAKATI CVTY, affiant exhibiting to me his Philippine Passport No. P2727466B issued by DFA NCR East on 7 August 2019 which expires on 6 August 2029.

Doc. No. Page No. Book No. Series of 2023.

Fred No

ATTY. JOEL FERRER FLORES
NOTARY PUBLIC FOR MAKATI CITY
UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2023 (2023-2024)
APPOINTMENT NO. M-115

ROLL NO. 77376

MGLE COMPLIANCE NO. 0001393, Jan. 03, 2023 Until Apr. 14, 2028

PTR NO. 9563564 / JAN.03.2023/MAKATI CITY

IBP NO. 261994 / JAN.03,2023 / PASIG CITY

1107 D BATAAN ST., GUADALUPE NUEVO, MAKATI CITY

Fw: PAXYS INC_SEC Form 17C Certification of Independent Director (Mr. Anton Lichauco)_09October2023

Investor Relations <investor_relations@paxys.com>

Mon 10/9/2023 4:32 PM

To:Mary Gwyn Gagaboan <gwyn.gagaboan@paxys.com>
Cc:Mayette Tapia <mayette.tapia@paxys.com>;Maricel Yap <maricel.yap@paxys.com>

Proof of filing and acceptance.

From: ICTD Submission <ictdsubmission+canned.response@sec.gov.ph>

Sent: Monday, October 9, 2023 4:27 PM

To: Investor Relations <investor_relations@paxys.com>

Subject: Re: PAXYS INC_SEC Form 17C Certification of Independent Director (Mr. Anton

Lichauco)_09October2023

Thank you for reaching out to ictdsubmission@sec.gov.ph!

Your submission is subject for Verification and Review of the Quality of the Attached Document only for Secondary Reports. The Official Copy of the submitted document/report with Barcode Page (Confirmation Receipt) will be made available after 7 working days via order through the SEC Express at https://secexpress.ph/. For further clarifications, please call (02) 8737-8888.

	 NOTICE TO
COMPANIES	

Please be informed of the reports that shall be filed only through ictdsubmission@sec.gov.ph.

Pursuant to SEC MC Circular No. 3 s 2021, scanned copies of the printed reports with wet signature and proper notarization shall be filed in PORTABLE DOCUMENT FORMAT (pdf) through email at ictdsubmission@sec.gov.ph such as the following SECONDARY REPORTS:

- 1. 17-A 6. ICA-QR 11. IHAR 16. 39-AR 21. Monthly Reports
- 2. 17-C 7. 23-A 12. AMLA-CF 17. 36-AR 22. Quarterly Reports
- 3. 17-L 8. 23-B 13. NPM 18. PNFS 23. Letters
- 4. 17-Q 9. GIS-G 14. NPAM 19. MCG 24. OPC (Alternate Nominee)
- 5. ICASR 10. 52-AR 15.BP-FCLC 20.S10/SEC-NTCE-EXEMPT

Further, effective 01 July 2023, the following reports shall be submitted through https://efast.sec.gov.ph/user/login.

- 1. FORM MC 18 7. Completion Report
- 2. FORM 1 MC 19 8. Certificate-SEC Form MCG- 2009
- 3. FORM 2- MC 19 9. Certificate-SEC Form MCG- 2002, 2020 ETC.
- 4. ACGR 10. Certification of Attendance in Corporate Governance
- I-ACGR 11. Secretary's Certificate Meeting of Board Directors (Appointment)

Republic of the Philippines)
Makati City) S.S.

UNDERTAKING

I, MAYETTE H. TAPIA, of legal age, Filipino citizen, with office address at 15th Floor 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, Philippines, after having been sworn under oath in accordance with law hereby depose and state that:

- 1. I am the Corporate Secretary and Corporate Information Officer of **PAXYS**, **INC**. (the "Company"), a corporation duly organized under Philippine law with principal office at 15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City, Philippines.
- 2. In compliance with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") requirements, the Company has attached the notarized Certification on the qualifications and disqualifications of its independent director, Mr. Jose Antonio Lichauco.
- 3. In order to ensure compliance, I hereby undertake, on behalf of the Company, to submit to the SEC the notarized original copy of Mr. George Y. Sycip's Certification within thirty (30) days before the Company's annual shareholders' meeting.
- 4. I have executed the foregoing to confirm the Company's Undertaking as required by the SEC.

OCT 0 9 2023

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have signed this Undertaking on this _____ at Makati City.

MAYETTE H. TAPIA

Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN on this OCT 0 9 2023 at MAKATI CITY affiant exhibiting to me the following competent evidence of identity:

Name	Competent Evidence of Identity					
	Type of ID and Number	Date and Place of Issue				
Mayette H. Tapia	Philippine Passport No. 0985037B	Issued on 9 March 2019 by DFA NCR Central which expires on 8 March 2029				

Doc. No. Page No. Page No. Series of 2023.

ATTY. JOEL FERRER FLORE

NOTARY PUBLIC FOR MAKATI CITY
UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2023 (2023-2024)

APPOINTMENT NO. M-115

ROLL NO. 77376

MCLE COMPLIANCE NO. 0001393, Jan. 03, 2023 Until Apr. 14, 2028
PTR NO. 9563564 / JAN.03.2023 / PASIG CITY
JEP NO. 261994 / JAN.03.2023 / PASIG CITY

1107 D BATAAN ST., GUADALUPE NUEVO, MAKATI CITY



PROXY FORM (DRAFT)

The undersigned stockholder of PAXYS, INC. (hereinafter, the "Corporation") hereby appoints or in his absence, the Chairman of the meeting, as attorney-in-fact and

			Of In	1118	abse	ince, the	Chairin	lan (n the	e meeting, as anorney-in-jaci and
meetin	g of	stoc		tion	on	11 Decei				d in his/her/its name at the annual t any of the adjournments thereof
I.	AP	PRO	OVAL OF RESOLUTI	ON	S					
	A.	Mi	nutes of the previous An	mua	1 Sto	ckholde	rs' Mee	ting	held	on 14 December 2022
	I	1	Yes	1	1	No		1]	Abstain
	В.	An	nual Report for 2022							
	I]	Yes	[]	No]]	Abstain
	C.	Re	appointment of Reyes Ta	acar	idon	g & Co.	as exter	nal a	udit	ors for 2023
	I]	Yes]]	No		[1	Abstain
	D.	Ra	tification of all acts and	resc	lutio	ons of the	e Board	of E	irec	tors and Management
	I]	Yes	[]	No		[]	Abstain
11.		EL	ECTION OF DIRECT	OF	RS					
	[]	Vote for all nominees	liste	d be	low				
			For Regular Director:							
			Tarcisio M. Medal Roger Leo A. Cari Lim Ghee Keong Christopher B. Ma Roberton A. Atend	ño Idia						
			For Independent Direc	tor:						
			George Edwin Y. Jose Antonio A. L.							
]]	Withhold authority for Withhold authority to						belo	w:

	Printed Name of Stockholder/Broker/PCD Participant
	Signature of Stockholder or Name of Signature of
Author	ized Signatory of Corporate Stockholder/Broker/PCD Participant

WE ARE NOT SOLICITING A PROXY, YOU ARE NOT REQUURED TO ISSUE A PROXY. THIS SAMPLE FORM IS PROVIDED ONLY FOR YOUR REFERENE AND CONVENIENCE.

ANY PROXY SHOULD BE RECEIVED BY THE CORPORATE SECRETARY ON OR BEFORE 1 DECEMBER 2023, THE DEADLINE OF SUBMISSION OF PROXIES.

THIS PROXY, WHEN PROPERLY EXECUTED, WILL BE VOTED IN THE MANNER AS DIRECTED HEREIN BY THE STOCKHOLDER(S). IF NO DIRECTION IS MADE, THIS PROXY WILL BE VOTED FOR THE ELECTION OF ALL NOMINEES AND FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE MATTERS STATED ABOVE AND FOR SUCH OTHER MATTERS AS MAY PROPERLY COME BEFORE THE MEETING IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THE INFORMATION STATEMENT AND/OR AS RECOMMENDED BY MANAGEMENT OR THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

A STOCKHOLDER GIVING A PROXY HAS THE POWER TO REVOKE IT AT ANY TIME BEFORE THE RIGHT GRANTED IS EXERCISED. A PROXY IS ALSO CONSIDERED REVOKED IF THE STKHOLDER ATTEND THE MEETING IN PERSON AND EXPRESSED HIS INTENTION TO VOTE IN PERSON.

NOTARIZATION OF THIS PROXY IS NOT REQUIRED.

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATION

at	I,,o	of legal age, Filipino, and with office address, do hereby certify that:
(the " Philip	I am the duly appointed Corporate Section Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and opines, with office address at	d existing under laws of the Republic of the
	Based on the records, during the law tors of the Corporation held on pproved:	wfully convened meeting of the Board of, the following resolutions were passed
	"RESOLVED, That	pointed, as the Corporation's Proxy olders' Meeting of PAXYS, INC. In at 2:00 p.m. at the Manila Golf & Makati City, Philippines or at any land, with full authority to vote the area of a such meeting and to act upon all matters and lented during such meeting (s) in the mished with a certified copy of this
accor	receipt of written notice of its revocation." 3. The foregoing resolution has not beer dance with the records of the Corporation preserved.	n modified, amended or revoked, and is in ntly in my custody.
		Corporate Secretary
		Date and Place of Execution
		Date and Flace of Execution





STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of **Paxys, Inc. and Subsidiaries** (the Group) is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2022, including the schedules attached therein, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the consolidated financial statements, including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

Reyes Tacandong & Co., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the consolidated financial statements of the Group in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

Tarcisio M. Medalla

Chairman of the Board and President

Pablito O. Lim

Group Chief Financial Officer

Signed this 24th day of March 2023.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me

AALLUIY.

15th Floor • 6750 Ayala Office Tower Ayala Avenue, Makati City, Philippines 1226 Tel No. (02) 8250-3800 • Fax No. (02) 8250-3801 www.paxys.com

NOTARY PUBLIC FOR MAKATI CITY UNTIL DI CEPTEER 11 20 2 (2023-2024)

FOLL NO. 77376 / MCLE (EXEMPT)
PTR NO. 9563564 / JAN. 03, 2023 / MAKATI CITY
IBP NO. 261994 / JAN. 03, 2023 / PASIG CITY

Book No. 3 Series of 20 23

18P NO. 261994 / JAN. 03, 2023 / PASTG CITY
1107 D. BATAAN ST., GUIDALUPE NUFVO, MAKATI CITY

COVER SHEET

for AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

2: All boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.

BOA/PRC Accreditation No. 4782 August 16, 2021, valid until April 18, 2024 SEC Accreditation No. 4782 SEC Group A Issued August 11, 2022 Valid for Financial Periods 2021 to 2025 BDO Towers Valero 8741 Paseo de Roxas Makati City 1226 Philippines Phone +632 8 982

Phone +632 8 982 9103 Fax +632 8 982 9111 Website www.reyestacandong.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Paxys, Inc. 15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower Ayala Avenue, Makati City

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Paxys, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 and the consolidated statements of income, consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 and notes to consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and their consolidated financial performance and their consolidated cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to the audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Accounting for Financial Assets

The Group has significant amount of financial assets, which mainly consist of cash equivalents and investment securities. This is significant to our audit because the aggregate balance of financial assets amounting to \$2,964.8 million as at December 31, 2022, which comprise 97% of the total assets, is substantial in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole. Moreover, the classification of financial instruments involves judgment in determining the business model to be used in managing its financial instruments to achieve the Group's business objectives and the determination of impairment losses on financial assets are determined based on estimates of expected credit losses.





We have assessed the propriety of recognition, classification and measurement, as well as management's assessment of the impairment of financial assets. Our audit procedures included, among others, (a) understanding of the Group's financial asset management and recording process; (b) verifying the existence of financial assets by obtaining external confirmations from custodians and examining the underlying documents; (c) evaluating the propriety of the classification of financial instruments based on the duly approved business model; (d) testing the reasonableness of recognized interest income and the changes in fair values of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss and other comprehensive income; and (e) evaluating management's assessment of impairment losses on financial assets based on expected credit losses.

Necessary disclosures are included in Note 5, Cash and Cash Equivalents, Note 6, Investment Securities, and Note 23, Financial Instruments.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2022, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2022 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified in the foregoing when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.



Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, these could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the subsidiaries or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore considered key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Michelle R. Mendoza-Cruz.

REYES TACANDONG & CO.

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 97380

Tax Identification No. 201-892-183-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782; Valid until April 13, 2024

SEC Accreditation No. 97380-SEC Group A

Issued April 8, 2021

Valid for Financial Periods 2020 to 2024

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-012-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 9564565

Issued January 3, 2023, Makati City

March 24, 2023 Makati City, Metro Manila

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Amounts in Thousands

	Note	2022	2021
ACCETO	11010	2022	2021
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	₽2,847,269	₽2,142,257
Investment securities	6	1,071,765	1,582,570
Trade and other receivables	7	62,024	37,681
Other current assets	8	31,109	28,332
Total Current Assets		4,012,167	3,790,840
Noncurrent Assets			
Right-of-use assets	22	43,944	48,790
Property and equipment	10	1,270	2,016
Other noncurrent assets	11	10,325	8,812
Total Noncurrent Assets		55,539	59,618
		P4 067 706	
	The state of the s	P4,067,706	₽3,850,458
Current Liabilities Trade and other payables Current portion of lease liabilities	12 22	P27,960 21,293	₽26,800
Income tax payable	24	120	13,902 2
Total Current Liabilities		49,373	40,704
Noncurrent Liabilities	The second secon		
lease liabilities not of current neutine	2.0		
	22	23,670	
Retirement liability	13	6,337	9,335
Retirement liability Other noncurrent liabilities		6,337 3,046	9,335 1,802
Retirement liability Other noncurrent liabilities Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13	6,337 3,046 33,053	9,335 1,802 47,251
Retirement liability Other noncurrent liabilities	13	6,337 3,046	9,335 1,802 47,251
Retirement liability Other noncurrent liabilities Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	13	6,337 3,046 33,053	9,335 1,802 47,251
Retirement liability Other noncurrent liabilities Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	13 12	6,337 3,046 33,053 82,426	9,335 1,802 47,251 87,955
Retirement liability Other noncurrent liabilities Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity Capital stock Additional paid-in capital	13 12	6,337 3,046 33,053 82,426	9,335 1,802 47,251 87,955
Retirement liability Other noncurrent liabilities Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity Capital stock Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	13 12	6,337 3,046 33,053 82,426	9,335 1,802 47,251 87,955 1,148,535 451,364
Retirement liability Other noncurrent liabilities Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity Capital stock Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Parent shares held by a subsidiary	13 12	6,337 3,046 33,053 82,426 1,148,535 451,364 2,917,879	9,335 1,802 47,251 87,955 1,148,535 451,364 2,881,202
Retirement liability Other noncurrent liabilities Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity Capital stock Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Parent shares held by a subsidiary	13 12	6,337 3,046 33,053 82,426 1,148,535 451,364	9,335 1,802 47,251 87,955 1,148,535 451,364 2,881,202 (1,149,886
	13 12	6,337 3,046 33,053 82,426 1,148,535 451,364 2,917,879 (1,149,886)	36,114 9,335 1,802 47,251 87,955 1,148,535 451,364 2,881,202 (1,149,886 431,288 3,762,503

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Amounts in Thousands, except Basic/Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share

		Years Ended December 31				
	Note	2022	2021	2020		
SERVICE INCOME		₽29,044	₽44,680	₽54,648		
COST OF SERVICES	16	(22,917)	(32,036)	(40,756)		
GROSS PROFIT		6,127	12,644	13,892		
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	17	(76,934)	(76,486)	(89,504)		
INTEREST INCOME	19	88,629	35,588	51,343		
NET FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAIN (LOSS)		9,293	5,831	(4,203)		
INTEREST EXPENSE	22	(1,917)	(1,530)	(1,267)		
OTHER INCOME	19	11,824	12,955	8,215		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX		37,022	(10,998)	(21,524)		
CURRENT INCOME TAX EXPENSE	20	5,948	2,415	4,401		
NET INCOME (LOSS)		₽31,074	(₽13,413)	(₽25,925)		
BASIC/DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE	21	₽0.039	(₽0.017)	(₽0.032)		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Amounts in Thousands

		Yea	rs Ended Decemi	oer 31
	Note	2022	2021	2020
NET INCOME (LOSS)	-	₽31,074	(P13,413)	(₽25,925)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
Items to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss				
Translation adjustments		267,371	165,669	(144,427)
Unrealized fair value gain (loss) on investment				
securities	6	(76,519)	(14,628)	10,160
Realized fair value gain on redemption of			, , , , , ,	
investment securities measured at fair value through other comprehensive				
Income	6	_	(8,243)	(22)
Item not to be Reclassified to Profit or Loss			(-)-:-/	(22)
Remeasurement gain on retirement liability	13	851	3,099	3,254
		191,703	145,897	(131,035)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		₽222,777	P132,484	(P156,960)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Amounts in Thousands

		Ye	Years Ended December 31			
	Note	2022	2021	2020		
CAPITAL STOCK	14	P1,148,535	₽1,148,535	₽1,148,535		
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	14	451,364	451,364	451,364		
PARENT SHARES HELD BY A SUBSIDIARY	14	(1,149,886)	(1,149,886)	(1,149,886		
RETAINED EARNINGS	14					
Balance at beginning of year		2,881,202	2,894,615	2,920,540		
Net income (loss)		31,074	(13,413)	(25,925		
Derecognition of remeasurement gains on			,//	(20)020		
retirement liability		5,603	_	_		
Balance at end of year		2,917,879	2,881,202	2,894,615		
OTHER EQUITY RESERVES						
Cumulative Translation Adjustment						
Balance at beginning of year		438,368	272,699	417,126		
Translation gain (loss)		267,371	165,669	(144,427)		
Balance at end of year		705,739	438,368	272,699		
Cumulative Fair Value Changes on						
Investment Securities	6					
Balance at beginning of year		(11,537)	11,334	1,196		
Net unrealized gain (loss)		(76,519)	(14,628)	10,160		
Realized fair value gain on redemption of						
investment securities reclassified to						
profit or loss		_	(8,243)	(22)		
Balance at end of year		(88,056)	(11,537)	11,334		
Cumulative Remeasurement Gains (Losses)						
on Retirement Liability	13					
Balance at beginning of year		4,457	1,358	(1,896)		
Remeasurement gain		851	3,099	3,254		
Derecognition of remeasurement gains						
reclassified to retained earnings		(5,603)				
Balance at end of year		(295)	4,457	1,358		
		617,388	431,288	285,391		
		₽3,985,280	₽3,762,503	₽3,630,019		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Amounts in Thousands

		Yea	ears Ended December 31			
	Note	2022	2021	2020		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Income (loss) before income tax		₽37,022	(P10,998)	(₽21,524)		
Adjustments for:		/	(, 20,550)	(1 22,324)		
Interest income	19	(88,629)	(35,588)	(51,343)		
Depreciation and amortization	19	18,456	17,095	18,832		
Net unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)	NTIVE:	(7,420)	(5,607)	4,238		
Provision for impairment losses on:		1.7	(0,007)	1,200		
Receivables	7	4,051	<u></u>	_		
Input value-added tax	17	-	7	9		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	22	1,917	1,530	1,267		
Retirement benefits - net	13	541	787	1,357		
Loss (gain) on redemption of investment		(30.00	,	2,557		
securities	19	103	(8,377)	(2,719)		
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		(62)	(0,0)	(2,715)		
Unrealized fair value gain on investment		1/				
securities at fair value through profit or loss	19	_	(98)	(359)		
Reversal of long-outstanding trade and other			1/	(000)		
payables	19	_	-	(788)		
Operating loss before working capital changes		(34,021)	(41,249)	(51,030)		
Decrease (increase) in:			(-//-	(02,000)		
Investment securities measured at fair value						
through profit or loss	6	45,390	113,024	88,626		
Trade and other receivables		(10,375)	(17,177)	(1,039)		
Other current assets		(2,777)	(2,965)	(2,478)		
Other noncurrent assets		(1,526)	-	_		
Increase (decrease) in:		•				
Trade and other payables		1,345	(447)	(3,580)		
Other noncurrent liabilities		1,244	_	(-,,		
Net cash generated from (used for) operations		(720)	51,186	30,499		
Interest received		91,883	55,080	70,711		
Retirement benefits paid		(2,688)		_		
Income taxes paid		(5,830)	(2,426)	(4,410)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		82,645	103,840	96,800		

(Forward)

		Ye	ears Ended Decer	nber 31
	Note	2022	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from:				
Redemption of investment securities measured				
at amortized cost and fair value through other				
comprehensive income	6	P1,677,133	₽479,089	₽149,279
Disposal of property and equipment		80	_	_
Additions to:				
Investment securities measured at amortized				
cost and at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	6	(1,172,013)	(1,099,705)	(847,165)
Property and equipment	10	(495)	(758)	(755)
Intangible assets	11	(18)	(15)	(114)
Increase (decrease) in due from related parties	7	6,931	(800)	(800)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		511,618	(622,189)	(699,555)
CASH FLOW FROM A FINANCING ACTIVITY				
Payments of lease liabilities	22	(19,195)	(14,858)	/1E 000\
	ha la	(15,155)	(14,050)	(15,909)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH				
EQUIVALENTS		575,068	(533,207)	(618,664)
			(555)257	(010,004)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES				
ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		129,944	125,997	(119,667)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING				
OF YEAR		2 142 257	2 540 463	2 207 700
		2,142,257	2,549,467	3,287,798
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	5	₽2,847,269	₽2,142,257	₽2,549,467

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 AND FOR EACH OF THE THREE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, 2021 AND 2020 Amounts in Thousands, Except as Indicated

1. Corporate Information

Paxys, Inc. (Paxys or the Parent Company) is an investment holding company incorporated in the Philippines and listed (stock symbol: PAX) in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE). The Parent Company was formerly known as Fil-Hispano Holdings Corporation and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 14, 1952. On June 18, 2001, the SEC approved the extension of the corporate existence of the Parent Company for 50 years until February 2052. However, in accordance with the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, effective February 23, 2019, the Parent Company shall have a perpetual existence.

On March 22, 1971, the shares of the Parent Company at ₹1 par value a share were listed with the PSE. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, 1,148,534,866 common shares of the Parent Company are listed and traded in the PSE at the price of ₹2 and ₹2.10 per share, respectively.

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the major shareholders of the Parent Company are All Asia Customer Services Holdings Ltd (AACSHL), a company incorporated in Hong Kong, and Paxys N.V., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent Company, with 54.93% and 30.09% equity interest, respectively.

Scopeworks Asia, Inc. (SWA), the operating subsidiary, provides outsourcing services such as data conversion, managed services, leasing and subleasing, and other outsourcing services.

The Parent Company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred herein as the Group.

The registered office address of the Parent Company is at 15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower, Ayala Avenue, Makati City.

Approval of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (BOD) on March 24, 2023, upon endorsement by the Group's Audit, Risk Management, and Related Party Transactions Committee on the same date.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). This financial reporting framework includes PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretation from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) issued by the Philippine Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council (formerly Financial Reporting Standards Council) and adopted by the SEC, including SEC pronouncements.

Measurement Bases

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso, which is the functional currency of the Parent Company. All amounts are rounded to the nearest thousands, unless otherwise stated.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investment securities measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset or the fair value of the consideration received in exchange for incurring a liability.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either: (a) in the principal market for the asset or liability; or (b) in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or most advantageous market must be accessible to the Group.

The fair value of an asset or liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their best economic interest.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured and/or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in the active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting year.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as discussed in the foregoing.

Information about the assumptions made in measuring fair value is included in the following notes to consolidated financial statements:

Note 3, Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions
Note 23, Financial Instruments

Adoption of Amended PFRS

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of the following amended PFRS which the Group adopted effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022:

- Amendments to PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment Proceeds Before Intended Use —
 The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment any
 proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition
 necessary for its intended use. Instead, the proceeds and related costs from such items shall be
 recognized in profit or loss. There is no transition relief for first-time adopters.
- Amendments to PAS 37, Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract The amendments specify which costs shall be included when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making. The 'costs of fulfilling' a contract comprise the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. These costs can either be incremental (e.g., the costs of direct labor and materials) or can be an allocation of costs directly related to fulfilling a contract (e.g., depreciation of fixed assets). At the date of initial application, the cumulative effect of applying the amendments is recognized as an opening balance adjustment to retained earnings or other component of equity, as applicable. Accordingly, the comparatives are not restated.
- Annual Improvements to PFRS 2018 to 2020 Cycle:
 - Amendment to PFRS 9, Financial Instruments Fees in the '10 per cent' Test for Derecognition of Financial Liabilities The amendment clarifies which fees an entity shall include when it applies the '10 per cent' test in assessing whether to derecognize a financial liability (i.e. whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability is substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability). These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or the lender on the other's behalf. The amendment applies to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applied the amendment.
 - Amendment to PFRS 16, Leases Lease Incentives The amendment removes from the Illustrative Example 13 the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor. The objective of the amendment is to avoid any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives because of how the requirements for lease incentives are illustrated.

The adoption of the amended PFRS did not materially affect the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Additional disclosures were included in the consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

Amended PFRS Issued but Not yet Effective

Relevant amended PFRS, which are not yet effective as at December 31, 2022 and have not been applied in preparing the consolidated financial statements, are summarized below.

- Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Making Materiality Judgments Disclosure Initiative Accounting Policies The amendments require an entity to disclose its material accounting policies, instead of its significant accounting policies and provide guidance on how an entity applies the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures. In assessing the materiality of accounting policy information, entities need to consider both the size of the transactions, other events or conditions and its nature. The amendments clarify (1) that accounting policy information may be material because of its nature, even if the related amounts are immaterial, (2) that accounting policy information is material if users of an entity's financial statements would need it to understand other material information in the financial statements, and (3) if an entity discloses immaterial accounting policy information, such information should not obscure material accounting policy information. In addition, PFRS Practice Statement 2 is amended by adding guidance and examples to explain and demonstrate the application of the 'four-step materiality process' to accounting policy information. The amendments should be applied prospectively. Earlier application is permitted.
- Amendments to PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors Definition of Accounting Estimates The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies, and the correction of errors. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". An entity develops an accounting estimate if an accounting policy requires an item in the financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty. The amendments clarify that a change in accounting estimate that results from new information or new developments is not a correction of an error, and that the effects of a change in an input or a measurement technique used to develop an accounting estimate are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors. A change in an accounting estimate may affect only the profit or loss in the current period, or the profit or loss of both the current and future periods. Earlier application is permitted.
- Amendments to PAS 12, Income Taxes Deferred Tax Related Assets and Liabilities from a Single Transaction — The amendments require companies to recognize deferred tax on transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal amounts of taxable and deductible temporary differences. The amendments should be applied on a modified retrospective basis. Earlier application is permitted.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024:

Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent — The amendments clarify the requirements for an entity to have the right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. The amendments also specify and clarify the following: (i) an entity's right to defer settlement must exist at the end of the reporting period, (ii) the classification is unaffected by management's intentions or expectations about whether the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement, (iii) how lending conditions affect classification, and (iv) requirements for classifying liabilities where an entity will or may settle by issuing its own equity instruments. The amendments must be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. If applied in earlier period, the Company shall also apply Amendments to PAS 1-Noncurrent Liabilities with Covenants for that period.

Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing amended PFRS is not expected to have any material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Additional disclosures will be included in the consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries, which it controls as at December 31 of each year. The Parent Company has control when it is exposed, or has right, to variable returns from its investment with the investee and it has the ability to affect those returns through its powers over the investee.

The wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Parent Company are as follows:

	Line of Business	Principal Place
Account Aller		of Business
Paxys N.V.	Investment holding	Curacao
Paxys Ltd.	Investment holding	Hong Kong
SWA	Business process outsourcing	Philippines
Paxys Realty, Inc. (PRI)	Real estate	Philippines
Paxys Global Services Pte. Ltd. (PGSPL)	Business process outsourcing	Singapore
Regional Operating Headquarters of PGSPL (PGS ROHQ)	Shared services	Philippines

PRI, PGSPL and PGS ROHQ are currently not in operations.

Each entity determines its own functional currency, which is the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to the entity, and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

The functional currency of all the subsidiaries, except Paxys N.V. and Paxys Ltd., is the Philippine Peso. The functional currency of Paxys N.V. and Paxys Ltd. is the United States Dollar (US\$). As at reporting date, the assets and liabilities of Paxys N.V. and Paxys Ltd. have been translated to the functional and presentation currency of the Parent Company (the Philippine Peso) at the closing exchange rate, while the profit and loss accounts are translated using weighted average exchange rate. The exchange differences arising on the translation of these accounts recorded in the "Cumulative translation adjustment," a separate component of equity included as part of "Other equity reserves."

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition or incorporation, being the date on which the Parent Company obtains control and continue to be consolidated until the date such control ceases. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Changes in the controlling equity ownership (i.e., acquisition of non-controlling interest or partial disposal of equity interest over a subsidiary) that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

When the Parent Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Parent Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; or
- The Parent Company's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The Parent Company re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

The separate financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the Parent Company, using uniform accounting policies. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealized gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated in full.

If the Parent Company loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognizes the assets and liabilities of the former subsidiary from the consolidated statement of financial position;
- Recognizes any investment retained in the former subsidiary when control is lost and subsequently accounts for it and for any amounts owed by or to the former subsidiary in accordance with relevant PFRS. The remaining equity interest is remeasured and the remeasured value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture; and
- Recognizes the gain or loss associated with the loss of control attributable to the former controlling interest.

Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Transaction costs incurred are recognized as expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability will be recognized either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it should not be remeasured. Subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. In instance where the contingent consideration does not fall within the scope of PFRS 9, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate PFRS.

Financial Assets and Liabilities

Date of Recognition. The Group recognizes a financial asset or liability in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument. In the case of a regular way of purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and derecognition, as applicable, is done using settlement date accounting.

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). The initial measurement of financial instruments, except for those measured or designated at FVPL, includes transaction cost.

"Day 1" Difference. Where the transaction in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Group recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" difference) in profit or loss. In cases where there is no observable data on inception, the Group deems the transaction price as the best estimate of fair value and recognizes "Day 1" difference in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Group determines the appropriate method of recognizing the "Day 1" difference.

Financial Assets

Classification. The Group classifies its financial assets at initial recognition under the following categories: (a) financial assets at FVPL, (b) financial assets at amortized cost and (c) financial assets at FVOCI. The classification of a financial instrument largely depends on the Group's business model and its contractual cash flow characteristics.

Financial Assets at FVPL. Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortized cost or FVOCI are classified under this category. Specifically, financial assets at FVPL include financial assets that are (a) held for trading, (b) designated upon initial recognition at FVPL, or (c) mandatorily required to be measured at fair value.

Financial assets are classified as held for trading if these are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless these are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not sole payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at FVPL, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortized cost or at FVOCI, debt instruments may be designated at FVPL on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at FVPL are measured at fair value at each reporting date, with any fair value gains or losses recognized in profit or loss to the extent these are not part of a designated hedging relationship.

This category includes investments in Unit Investment Trust Fund (UITF).

Financial Assets at FVOCI. For debt instruments, financial assets should be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

For equity instruments, the Group irrevocably designates the financial asset to be measured at FVOCI notwithstanding the foregoing conditions.

Financial assets at FVOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. After initial recognition, interest income (calculated using the effective interest method), foreign currency gains or losses and impairment losses of debt instruments measured at FVOCI are recognized directly in profit or loss. When debt instruments carried at FVOCI are derecognized, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

Dividends from equity instruments held at FVOCI are recognized in profit or loss when the right to receive payment is established, unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Foreign currency gains or losses and unrealized gains or losses from equity instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in the equity section of the statements of financial position. These fair value changes are recognized in equity and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years.

This category includes investments in various bonds.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. A financial asset should be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment, if any. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized, impaired and through an amortization process.

Financial assets at amortized cost are included under current assets if maturity is within 12 months from the reporting date. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

The Group classifies its cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, investment in bonds and rental and security deposits under this category.

Financial Liabilities

Classification. The Group classifies its financial liabilities at initial recognition as either financial liabilities at FVPL or financial liabilities at amortized cost. The classification of a financial instrument largely depends on the Group's business model and its contractual cash flow characteristics.

The Group does not have financial instruments classified as financial liabilities at FVPL.

Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost. Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost unless either the financial liability is held for trading and is therefore required to be measured at FVPL or the entity elects to measure the liability at FVPL. Financial liabilities are recognized when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Group having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments. These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs.

After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized or through the amortization process.

The Group classifies its trade and other payables (excluding statutory payables), lease liabilities and other noncurrent liabilities under this category.

Reclassification

The Group reclassifies its financial assets when, and only when, the Group changes its business model for managing those financial assets. The reclassification is applied prospectively from the first day of the first reporting year following the change in the business model (reclassification date).

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVPL, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets at FVOCI, any gain or loss arising from a difference between the previous amortized cost of the financial asset and fair value is recognized in other comprehensive income.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVPL category to financial assets at amortized cost, its fair value at the reclassification date becomes its new carrying amount.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at amortized cost, any gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income, and any difference between the new amortized cost and maturity amount, are amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest method. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired, any gain or loss that has been recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

In the case of a financial asset that does not have a fixed maturity, the gain or loss shall be recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset is sold or disposed of. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired, any previous gain or loss that has been recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVPL category to financial assets at FVOCI, its fair value at the reclassification date becomes its new carrying amount. Meanwhile, for a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at FVOCI category to financial assets at FVPL, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment at the reclassification date.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting year whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

The Group recognizes impairment loss based on expected credit loss (ECL), which is the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

For trade receivables, the Group calculates impairment based on lifetime ECL using a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other financial assets at amortized cost, which comprise cash equivalents, investment securities, other receivables (including due from related parties) and rental and security deposits, ECL is based on 12-month ECL, which pertains to the portion of lifetime ECL that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort and indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

For a financial asset that is credit-impaired at the reporting date, an entity should measure the ECL as the difference between the asset's gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events, among others: (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower; (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event or (c) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties. It may not be possible to identify a single discrete event instead, the combined effect of several events may have caused financial assets to become credit-impaired.

Financial assets are written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized by the Group when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset has expired; or
- The Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and benefits of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and benefits of the asset, but has transferred control over the asset.

Where the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and benefits of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset, if any, is measured at the lower of original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to pay.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in profit or loss.

Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Classification of Financial Instrument between Liability and Equity

A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- · Deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- Exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Group; or
- Satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

If the Group does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of financial liability.

Other Current Assets

Other current assets, which consist of input value-added tax (VAT) and prepaid expenses, are carried at face value, net of allowance for impairment losses.

Input VAT. Input VAT represents the net amount of VAT recoverable from the tax authority. Revenue, expenses and assets are recognized, net of the amount of VAT, except where the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority.

Prepaid Expenses. Prepaid expenses are expenses paid in advance and recorded as assets before these are utilized. Prepaid expenses are apportioned over the period covered by the payment and recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Prepaid expenses that are expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting year are classified as current assets. Otherwise, these are classified as other noncurrent assets.

Prepaid expenses include creditable withholding taxes (CWT) which represents the amount of tax withheld by the lessees in relation to the Group's rent income. CWT can be utilized as payment for income taxes provided that these are properly supported by certificates of creditable tax withheld at source subject to the rules on Philippine income taxation. Unutilized CWT can also be claimed for refund and cannot be withdrawn. CWT that is expected to be utilized as payment for income taxes within 12 months after the reporting year is classified as current assets. Otherwise, this is classified as other noncurrent asset.

Investments in Joint Ventures

The Parent Company has interests in joint ventures, whereby the venturers have a contractual arrangement that establishes joint control. A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control, and a jointly controlled entity is a joint venture that involves the establishment of a separate entity in which each venture has an interest.

Interest in a joint venture is initially recognized at cost and subsequently accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, the interest in a joint venture is carried at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share in the net assets of the joint venture, less any impairment in value. The share in the results of the operations of the joint venture is recognized in profit or loss. The Group's share of post-acquisition movements in the joint venture's equity reserves is recognized directly in equity.

Profits or losses resulting from the transactions between the Group and the joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture and for unrealized losses to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment of the asset transferred. Dividends received are treated as a reduction of the carrying value of the interest. If the Group's share of losses of a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture, the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses.

After the application of the equity method, the Group determines at the end of each reporting year whether there is any objective evidence that the investment may be impaired. If this is the case, the amount of impairment is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the investment and recoverable amount and recognizes the difference in profit or loss.

After the Group's investment is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the entity has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture. If the joint venture subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes the recognition of its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not previously recognized.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation, amortization and any impairment in value. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the items can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss in the year these are incurred.

Major renovations that qualify for capitalization are depreciated and amortized over the remaining useful life of the related asset or up to the date of the next major renovation, whichever is shorter.

Depreciation and amortization are calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Asset Type	Number of Years
Computer equipment	3 to 5
Communication equipment	3 to 5
Leasehold improvements	5 or lease term, whichever is shorter
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	2 to 5
Transportation equipment	5

Depreciation and amortization commence when an asset is in its location or condition capable of being operated in the manner intended by management. Depreciation and amortization cease at the earlier of the date that the item is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) in accordance with PFRS 5, Noncurrent Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, and the date the asset is derecognized.

The estimated useful lives and depreciation and amortization method of property and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, periodically to ensure that these are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from the items of property and equipment.

Fully depreciated property and equipment are retained in the books until these are no longer being used in the operations.

When an asset is disposed of, or is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal, the cost and accumulated depreciation, amortization and any impairment are derecognized. Gains and losses on disposals or retirement are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of the assets and are recognized in profit or loss.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are composed of computer software and programs.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and any impairment losses.

Intangible assets are amortized over the estimated economic lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at each reporting date. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over three to five years.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The carrying amount of right-of-use (ROU) assets, property and equipment, intangible assets and investments in joint ventures are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. For purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Nonfinancial assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment losses recognized in prior years are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized. After such a reversal, the depreciation and amortization are adjusted in future years to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount on a systematic basis over its remaining estimated useful lives.

Equity

Capital Stock. Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued.

Additional Paid-in Capital. Additional paid-in capital includes any premium received in the initial issuances of capital stock. Any transaction costs associated with the issuance of shares are deducted from additional paid-in capital, net of tax.

Parent Shares Held by a Subsidiary. Where any entity of the Group purchases the Parent Company's shares (treasury stock), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of related taxes), is deducted from equity until the shares are cancelled, reissued or disposed of. Where such shares are subsequently sold or reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transactions costs and the related tax effect, is included in equity.

Retained Earnings. Retained earnings represent the cumulative balance of net income or loss, dividend distributions, effects of the changes in accounting policy and other capital adjustments.

Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Other comprehensive income (loss) comprises items of income and expenses (including items previously presented as other equity reserves under the consolidated statement of changes in equity) that are not recognized in profit or loss for the year. Other comprehensive income (loss), which is presented as "Other equity reserves," includes cumulative translation adjustment, cumulative fair value changes on investment securities and cumulative remeasurement gains or losses on retirement liability.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contract with customers is recognized when the performance obligation in the contract has been satisfied, either at a point in time or over time. Revenue is recognized over time if one of the following criteria is met: (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits as the Group perform its obligations; (b) the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or (c) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Otherwise, revenue is recognized at a point in time.

The Group also assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as a principal or as an agent. The Group has assessed that it acts as a principal in all of its revenue sources.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

Service Income. Revenue is recognized as services are rendered.

Other Income. Revenue is recognized when there is an incidental economic benefit, other than the usual business operations, that will flow to the Group.

Interest income is outside the scope of PFRS 15. Specific recognition criteria is as follows:

Interest Income. Revenue is recognized as the interest accrues using the effective interest method that is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Cost and Expense Recognition

Costs and expenses are decreases in economic benefits during the year in the form of outflows, decrease of assets or incurrence of liabilities that result in decrease in equity, other than those relating to distributions to equity participants.

Cost of Services. Costs of services are recognized as expenses when the related services are rendered.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses constitute the costs of administering the business and costs incurred to sell and market the services. These expenses are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Interest Expense. Interest expense is recognized on lease liabilities which are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Employee Benefits

Short-term Benefits. The Group recognizes a liability net of amounts already paid and an expense for services rendered by employees during the year. Short-term benefits given by the Group to its employees include salaries and wages, social security contributions, short-term compensated absences, bonuses and non-monetary benefits.

Short-term employee benefit liabilities are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. The unpaid portion of the short-term employee benefits is measured on an undiscounted basis and is included as part of "Trade and Other Payables" account in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Retirement Benefits. Retirement benefit costs are actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method. This method reflects services rendered by employees up to the date of valuation and incorporates assumptions concerning employees' projected salaries. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed by a qualified actuary.

The Group recognizes service costs, comprising of current service costs, and interest cost or income in profit or loss. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the retirement liability.

Remeasurements of the retirement liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income.

The retirement liability is the present value of the defined benefit obligation. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using risk-free interest rate of government bonds that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related retirement and other long-term benefits liability.

Actuarial valuations are made annually so that the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements do not differ materially from the amounts that would be determined at the reporting date.

Termination Benefits. Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognizes termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either: terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal or providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy.

Leases

The Group as a Lessee. The Group recognizes ROU assets and lease liabilities at the lease commencement date. The ROU assets are initially measured at cost comprising the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, any initial direct and restoration costs.

The ROU assets are measured subsequently at cost, less amortization and any impairment losses. In addition, the cost is subsequently adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities resulting from reassessments or lease modifications.

The lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liabilities comprise of the following:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option
 payment of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising
 that option.

The lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or termination option.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis of accounting as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

The Group as a Lessor. Leases where the Group retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the year in which these are earned.

Foreign Currencies

Transactions and Balances. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group's entities at their respective functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of gain or loss on change in fair value of the item.

Foreign Operations. The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Philippine Peso at the rate of exchange ruling at financial reporting date and, the profit and loss amounts are translated at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The exchange differences arising on the translation are taken directly to "Cumulative translation adjustment," a separate component of equity included as part of "Other equity reserves." Upon disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative translation adjustment relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in profit or loss.

Income Taxes

Current Tax. Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rate and the tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting year.

Deferred Tax. Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the end of reporting year between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax liability is not recognized when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit or loss nor taxable profit or loss. Also, deferred tax liabilities are not provided on taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures when the parent, investor, joint venturer or joint operator is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward benefits of unused tax credits (excess of minimum corporate income taxes or MCIT over regular corporate income taxes or RCIT) and unused tax losses (net operating loss carryover or NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting year and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at the end of each reporting year and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting year.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off the deferred tax assets against the deferred tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity) is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity).

Related Party Relationship and Transactions

Related party transactions consist of transfers of resources, services or obligations between the Group and its related parties.

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. This includes: (a) individuals who, by owning directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control or are controlled by, or under common control with the Group; (b) associates; and, (c) individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Group that gives them significant influence over the Group and close members of the family of any such individual.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship and not merely on legal form.

Earnings (Loss) per Share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share. Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year, excluding parent shares held by a subsidiary.

There are no potential dilutive common shares as at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses, including revenue and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. The operating results of an operating segment are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, which is defined to be the Parent Company's BOD, to determine the resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the chief operating decision maker include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the year to acquire property and equipment and intangible assets.

Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pretax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as an interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. These are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Events after the Reporting Year

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Group's financial position at the end of reporting year (adjusting events) are reflected in the consolidated financial statements when material. Post year-end events that are non-adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements, when material.

3. Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires the Group to exercise judgments, make accounting estimates and use assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and related disclosures. The Group makes accounting estimates and uses assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. Future events may occur which will cause the assumptions used in arriving at the estimates to change. The effects of any change in estimates are reflected in the consolidated financial statements as these become reasonably determinable.

Judgments, accounting estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group believes the following represent a summary of significant judgments, accounting estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, as well as to the related revenues and expenses, within the next year, and related impact and associated risk in the consolidated financial statements.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management exercises judgment on the following items, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Determining the Functional Currency. Based on the economic substance of the underlying circumstances, the Group has determined that its functional currency is the Philippine Peso. The Philippine Peso is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Parent Company and certain subsidiaries operate. It is the currency that mainly influences the sale of services and the costs of providing the services.

Recognizing Service Revenue. For revenue recognized over time, the Group recognizes revenue if any of the following criteria is met:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group performance as the entity performs.
- The Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced.
- The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognized at a point in time.

The Group does not incur costs to obtain contracts with customers and does not provide ancillary services to the lessees under its sublease agreements.

Revenue on data conversion and managed facility and support services, amounting to ₱29.0 million, ₱44.7 million and ₱54.6 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively, are recognized in profit or loss over time.

Determining the Operating Segments. Determination of operating segments is based on the information about components of the Group that management uses to make decisions about the operating matters. Operating segments use internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the Parent Company's chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and assess its performance. The Parent Company reports separate information about an operating segment that meets any of the following quantitative thresholds: (a) its reported revenue, including both sales to external customers and intersegment sales or transfers, is 10% or more of the combined revenue, internal and external, of all operating segments; (b) the absolute amount of its reported profit or loss is 10% or more of the greater, in absolute amount, of (i) the combined reported profit of all operating segments that did not report a loss and (ii) the combined reported loss of all operating segments that reported a loss; and (c) its assets are 10% or more of the combined assets of all operating segments.

The Group determined that its operating segments are organized and managed separately based on the nature of the business segment, with each business representing a strategic business segment (see Note 4).

Recognizing the Deferred Tax Liability on Undistributed Income of a Foreign Subsidiary. Since Paxys N.V., a company incorporated and domiciled in Curacao, is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent Company, management believes that the Parent Company can control the timing of the dividend distribution of Paxys N.V. to the Parent Company and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Thus, no deferred tax liability was recognized on the undistributed income of Paxys N.V. Unrecognized deferred tax liability on undistributed income of a foreign subsidiary amounted to ₱808.6 million and ₱792.8 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 20).

Determining the Classification of Financial Instruments. Classification of financial instruments under PFRS 9 depends on the results of the business model test and "sole payment of principal and interest" (SPPI) test performed by the Group. The Group exercises judgment in determining the business model to be used in managing its financial instruments to achieve their business objectives.

The classification of various financial assets and liabilities of the Group are disclosed in Note 2.

Determining the Classification of Lease Arrangements and Appropriate Lease Term and Discount Rates. The Group, as a lessee, has various lease agreements with third parties for office space, parking space, storage and equipment.

The Group has exercised significant judgment in determining the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or in any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The leases are renewable upon mutual agreement by both parties or by the option of the lessee to be covered by a separate and new lease agreement. Accordingly, the renewal option was not considered in the lease term.

Significant management judgment was likewise exercised by the Group in determining the discount rate to be used in calculating the present value of ROU assets and lease liabilities. The discount rate of 4% also served as the incremental borrowing rate of the Group.

Rent expense amounting to ₱0.8 million, ₱2.0 million, ₱0.3 million in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively, includes rent on low-value asset leases on storage and equipment (see Note 22).

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, ROU assets amounted to ₽43.9 million and ₽48.8 million, respectively. Amortization on ROU assets amounted to ₽17.2 million in 2022, ₽15.2 million in 2021, and ₱14.8 million in 2020 (see Note 22).

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, lease liabilities amounted to ₹45.0 million and ₹50.0 million, respectively. Interest expense on lease liabilities amounted to ₹1.9 million, ₹1.5 million, and ₹1.3 million in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively (see Note 22).

The Group, as a lessor, has existing lease agreements for the sublease of its office space. The Group has determined that it retains the significant risk and benefits of ownership over the leased properties. Accordingly, the Company accounts for the lease agreements as operating leases.

Rent income amounted to ₽3.7 million, ₽3.1 million and ₽3.2 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 22).

Evaluating Contingencies. The Group is a party to certain lawsuits or claims arising from the ordinary course of business. However, the Group's management and legal counsel believe that the eventual liabilities under these lawsuits or claims, if any, will not have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Estimates and Assumptions

The key assumptions concerning future and other key sources of estimation at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are discussed below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when these occur.

Determining the Fair Value of Financial Instruments. Certain financial assets are carried at fair value and whose fair values are disclosed, which requires extensive use of accounting estimates. When the fair values of financial assets recorded or disclosed in the consolidated statements of financial position cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active market, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow model. The inputs to this model are taken from observable market where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

Fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in Note 23, Financial Instruments.

Assessing Impairment Losses on Financial Assets. Impairment losses on financial assets are determined based on expected credit losses. In assessing the expected credit losses, the Group uses historical loss experience adjusted for forward-looking factors, as appropriate.

The Group's cash and cash equivalents are maintained at reputable financial institutions with good industry rating and score.

For investment securities, except for financial assets at FVPL, the Group estimates impairment based on 12-month expected credit loss. Investment securities at amortized cost and FVOCI, which have credit quality equivalent to "high grade" and have low credit risk at reporting date, are presumed to have no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

The Group estimates impairment on trade receivables based on lifetime expected credit loss using a provision matrix that is based on days past due and takes into consideration historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors, as applicable. Management recognizes losses on credit-impaired receivables from related parties considering its ability to pay based on its available assets.

No provision for impairment losses on financial assets at amortized cost and FVOCI were recognized in 2022, 2021 and 2020.

The carrying amounts of financial assets at amortized cost and FVOCI as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Note	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	5	₽2,847,269	₽2,142,257
Investment securities at:	6		
Amortized cost		238,093	705,597
FVOCI		833,672	831,507
Trade and other receivables	7	62,024	37,681
Rental and security deposits	22	5,119	3,592

Assessing Impairment Losses on Input VAT. The provision for impairment losses on input VAT is maintained at a level considered adequate to provide for potentially unrecoverable claims. The Group, on a continuing basis, makes a review of the status of the claims, designed to identify those to be provided with any impairment losses. In these cases, management uses judgment based on the best available facts and circumstances. The amount and timing of recorded expenses for any year would therefore differ based on the judgments or estimates made.

The carrying amount of input VAT amounted to ₱27.0 million and ₱25.4 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Allowance for impairment losses on input VAT amounted to ₱49.6 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 (see Note 8).

Estimating the Useful Lives of Nonfinancial Assets. The estimated useful life of each of the items of property and equipment and intangible assets is estimated based on the year over which the assets are expected to be available for use. Such estimation is based on a collective assessment of similar business, internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. The estimated useful life of each asset is reviewed at each financial year end and updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits on the use of the asset. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in the amounts and timing of recorded expenses brought about by changes in the factors mentioned above. A change in the estimated useful life on property and equipment and intangible assets would impact the recorded expenses and noncurrent assets.

There is no change in the estimated useful lives of property and equipment and intangible assets in 2022, 2021 and 2020.

The carrying amount of property and equipment and intangible assets are as follows:

	Note	2022	2021
Property and equipment	10	₽1,270	₽2,016
Intangible assets	11	28	41

Assessing the Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets. The Group assesses at the end of each reporting year whether there is any indication that the nonfinancial assets listed below may be impaired. If such an indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset, which is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value-in-use. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used, which can be based on quoted prices or other available fair value indicators. In estimating the value-in-use, the Group is required to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash generating unit and also to choose an appropriate discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Determining the recoverable amounts of the nonfinancial assets, which involves the determination of future cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use and ultimate disposition of such assets, requires the use of estimates and assumptions that can materially affect the consolidated financial statements. Future events could indicate that these nonfinancial assets are impaired. Any resulting impairment loss could have a material adverse impact on the financial condition and results of operations of the Group.

The carrying amount of nonfinancial assets that are subject to impairment assessment when impairment indicators are present (such as obsolescence, physical damage, significant changes to the manner in which the asset is used, worse than expected economic performance, a drop in revenue or other external indicators) are as follows:

	Note	2022	2021
ROU assets	22	₽43,944	₽48,790
Property and equipment	. 10	1,270	2,016
Intangible assets	11	28	41

Investments in joint ventures are fully provided with allowance for impairment losses as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 (see Note 9).

Determining Retirement Liability. The determination of the cost of retirement benefits and related retirement liability is dependent on the selection of certain assumptions used by the actuary in calculating such amounts. The assumptions, which include among others, discount rate and salary increase rate are described in Note 13.

Actual results that differ from the assumptions are accumulated and are recognized as part of other comprehensive income. While management believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the Group's actual experience of significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the retirement liability.

Retirement liability amounted to ₱6.3 million and ₱9.3 million as at and December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The retirement benefits expense amounted to ₱0.5 million, ₱0.8 million and ₱1.4 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 13).

Assessing the Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The Group reviews the carrying amounts at the end of each reporting year and reduces the amount of deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 were not recognized because management believes that sufficient future taxable income may not be available against which the carry forward benefits of NOLCO, excess of MCIT over RCIT and other deductible temporary differences may be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets amounted to ₱57.3 million and ₱59.9 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 20).

4. Segment Information

The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of the services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different services and serves different market.

Segment Assets and Liabilities. Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and consist principally of operating cash, receivables, property and equipment and intangible assets. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of trade and other payables.

Inter-segment Transactions. Segment revenue, segment expenses and segment performance include transfers among business segments. Such transfers are eliminated in consolidation.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating income or loss and is measured consistently with operating income or loss in the consolidated financial statements.

Business segment information is reported on the basis that is used internally for evaluating segment performance and deciding how to allocate resources among operating segments. For management purposes, the Group is organized into business units based on the services rendered and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- Outsourcing This segment pertains to outsourcing services of the Group which include data conversion, managed services, leasing and subleasing, and other outsourcing services. On March 31, 2022, SWA and its client in the data conversion services terminated its agreement. As a result, employees servicing this customer, were separated effective in April 2022. SWA expanded its managed facility and support services in 2022.
- Others This segment includes holding and investment companies, which consist of the Parent Company, Paxys N.V., and other non-operating subsidiaries.

Business Segment Information

The following table presents the revenue and expenses and certain assets and liabilities information of the Group's business segments as at and for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020.

	2022				
	Outsourcing	Others	Eliminations	Consolidated	
Results of Operations		11111111111111111111111111111111111111			
Revenue from external customers	₽29,044	P-	P-	₽29,044	
Cost and expenses	(22,917)	(76,934)	_	(99,851)	
Operating income (loss)	6,127	(76,934)	-	(70,807)	
Interest income	125	88,504	-	88,629	
Net foreign exchange gain	1,719	9,752	(2,178)	9,293	
Other income	6,379	5,445	-	11,824	
Interest expense on lease liabilities	(700)	(1,217)	-	(1,917)	
Current income tax expense	(167)	(5,781)	-	(5,948)	
Net income	P13,483	P19,769	(F2,178)	₽31,074	
Assets and Liabilities					
Assets	₽59,970	P5,661,284	(P1,653,548)	P4,067,706	
Liabilities	74,178	197,331	(189,083)	82,426	
Other Segment Information					
Capital expenditures:					
Property and equipment	₽338	₽157	P-	P495	
Intangible assets	_	18	-	18	
Depreciation and amortization	10,592	7,864	_	18,456	

		2021				
·	Outsourcing	Others	Eliminations	Consolidated		
Results of Operations						
Revenue from external customers	₽44,680	P-	₽-	P44,680		
Cost and expenses	(32,036)	(76,486)	-	(108,522)		
Operating loss	12,644	(76,486)	-	(63,842)		
Other income	4,468	8,487	_	12,955		
Net foreign exchange gain (loss)	1,156	5,763	(1,088)	5,831		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	(785)	(745)		(1,530)		
Interest income	5	35,583	_	35,588		
Income tax expense	(75)	(2,340)	<u></u>	(2,415)		
Net income (loss)	₽17,413	(P29,738)	(₽1,088)	(P13,413)		
Assets and Liabilities						
Assets	₽66,872	P5,441,405	(P1,657,819)	₽3,850,458		
Liabilities	82,761	198,705	(193,511)	87,955		
Other Segment Information						
Capital expenditures:	200		-			
Property and equipment	₽570	₽188	₽	₽758		
Intangible assets	-	15	-	15		
Depreciation and amortization	8,595	8,500	_	17,095		
	2020					
I *	Outsourcing	Others	Eliminations	Consolidated		
Results of Operations						
Revenue from external customers	₽54,648	₽-	₽-	₽54,648		
Cost and expenses	(40,756)	(89,504)		(130,260)		
Operating income (loss)	13,892	(89,504)	-	(75,612)		
Other income – net	81	51,262		51,343		
Net foreign exchange gain (loss)	4,664	3,739	(188)	8,215		
Net foreign exchange gain (loss)	(865)	(4,302)	964	(4,203)		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	(981)	(286)	-	(1,267)		
Income tax expense	(392)	(4,009)	_	(4,401)		
Net income (loss)	₽16,399	(₽43,100)	₽776	(P25,925)		
Assets and Liabilities						
Assets	₽72,357	₽5,274,357	(₽1,653,422)	P3,693,292		
Liabilities	90,177	163,457	(190,361)	63,273		
Other Segment Information						
Capital expenditures:		1170-110-11				
Property and equipment	P476	₽279	P-	₽755		
Intangible assets	71	43	-	114		
Depreciation and amortization	10,715	8,117	-	18,832		

The outsourcing segment is managed and operated in the Philippines. Other reportable segments include the Parent Company and other non-operating companies with excess funds invested in corporate bonds and other short-term deposits from various banks. Interest income earned from these funds amounted to ₱88.6 million, ₱35.6 million and ₱51.3 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 19).

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	2022	2021
Cash on hand and cash in banks	P33,626	₽30,470
Cash equivalents	2,813,643	2,111,787
	₽2,847,269	₽2,142,257

Cash in banks earn interest at the respective bank deposit rates. Cash equivalents are short-term investments made for varying periods, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates. Any pre-termination or redemption prior to maturity date shall not result in significant change in investment values and penalties.

Total interest income earned amounted to ₹44.6 million, ₹12.0 million and ₹33.6 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 19).

6. Investment Securities

This account consists of financial assets measured at:

	2022	2021
FVOCI	₽833,672	₽831,507
Amortized cost	238,093	705,597
FVPL	_	45,466
	₽1,071,765	₽1,582,570

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

These consist of bonds with fixed interest rate and maturity date until 2023. Interest income earned from these bonds amounted to ₱17.6 million, ₱8.0 million and ₱6.4 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 19).

Movements in financial assets at amortized cost follow:

	2022	2021
Balances at beginning of the year	₽705,597	₽522,517
Additions	1,172,013	380,289
Redemption	(1,677,133)	(212,200)
Premium amortization	(31,493)	(11,201)
Translation adjustment	69,109	26,192
Balances at end of the year	₽238,093	₽705,597

Financial Assets at FVOCI

These pertain to investment in funds managed by international banks which provide fixed interest income and capital appreciation.

Movements in financial assets at FVOCI follow:

	2022	2021
Balances at beginning of the year	₽831,507	₽371,021
Additions	_	719,416
Redemption	_	(266,889)
Unrealized fair value loss	(76,519)	(14,628)
Translation adjustment	78,684	22,587
Balances at end of year	P833,672	₽831,507

Unrealized fair value loss amounting to ₽76.5 million in 2022 and ₽14.6 million in 2021 and fair value gain amounting to ₽10.2 million in 2020, respectively, were reported in other comprehensive income (loss).

The Group redeemed funds with an aggregate amount of nil in 2022 and ₱266.9 million in 2021. Gain on redemption recognized in profit or loss amounted to nil, ₱8.2 million and ₱22 thousand in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 19).

Interest income earned from these financial assets amounted to ₱26.5 million, ₱15.6 million and ₱11.3 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 19).

Financial Assets at FVPL

These pertain to investments in unit investment trust fund at local and international banks.

Movements in financial assets at FVPL follow:

2022	2021
₽45,466	₽156,262
(52,317)	(116,161)
6,954	3,137
_	1,996
(103)	232
R-	₽45,466
	₽45,466 (52,317) 6,954 - (103)

Unrealized gain from fair value changes on investment securities at FVPL amounted to nil, ₱98 thousand, ₱0.4 million in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively (see Note 19).

Realized loss from redemption of investment in UITF amounted to ₽0.1 million in 2022 and realized gain amounting to ₽0.1 million and ₽2.7 million in 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 19).

7. Trade and Other Receivables

This account consists of:

	Note	2022	2021
Trade		₽10,958	₽15,515
Due from related parties	15	95,632	88,701
Accrued interest		38,021	9,782
Others		18,083	20,302
	NICO STATE OF THE	162,694	134,300
Allowance for impairment losses		(100,670)	(96,619)
		₽62,024	₽37,681

Trade receivables are noninterest-bearing with average credit terms of 30 to 60 days.

Accrued interest is normally received within one year after the reporting date.

Other receivables comprise mainly of receivables from employees which are collectible upon demand.

Provisions for impairment losses recognized amounted to ₽4.1 million in 2022 (see Note 17).

8. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	2022	2021
Input VAT, net of allowance for impairment losses	₽27,049	₽25,391
Prepaid expenses	4,060	2,941
	₽31,109	₽28,332

Prepaid expenses include prepaid insurance, subscriptions and creditable withholding taxes.

Movements in the allowance for impairment losses on input VAT are as follows:

	Note	2022	2021
Balance at beginning of year		P49,607	₽49,600
Provision	17		7
Balance at end of year		₽49,607	₽49,607

9. Investments in Joint Ventures

The following are the joint ventures of the Group:

	Place of Incorporation	Principal Activity	Percentage of Ownership
Paxys Global Services Dalian Ltd (PGS Dalian)	China	Call center	50.0%
Simpro Solutions Limited (SSL)	Hong Kong	Call center	50.0%

The investments in joint ventures, with an aggregate cost of ₱28.7 million, are fully provided with allowance for impairment losses as at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

The Group has no outstanding commitments with the joint ventures as at December 31, 2022 and 2021. The joint ventures have no contingent liabilities or capital investments as at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

10. Property and Equipment

The balances and movements of this account are as follows:

				202	2		
				C	Office Furniture,		
	Note	Computer Equipment	Communication Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Fixtures and Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost				······································			
Balances at beginning of year		P110,316	P7,624	P161,048	₽15,279	P9,749	P304,016
Additions		157	_	338	_	_	495
Disposal		(67)		(3,153)	(1,408)		(4,628)
Balances at end of year		110,406	7,624	158,233	13,871	9,749	299,883
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization							
Balances at beginning of year		109,848	7,624	160,075	14,704	9,749	302,000
Depreciation and amortization	19	279	-	591	352	-	1,222
Disposal	SELENA CONTRACTOR	(67)		(3,153)	(1,389)		(4,609)
Balances at end of year		110,060	7,624	157,513	13,667	9,749	298,613
Net Book Value		₽346	₽	P720	P204	₽	P1,270

	-		STANGERSON SOLVEN THE THE TANK	202	1		Service Company of the Company of th
				C	Office Furniture,		
	Note	Computer Equipment	Communication Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Fixtures and Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
Cost			100				
Balances at beginning of year		P110,007	₽7,624	P160,728	P15,150	₽9,749	P303,258
Additions		309	-	320	129	-	758
Balances at end of year		110,316	7,624	161,048	15,279	9,749	304,016
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization					111		
Balances at beginning of year		109,210	7,624	159,563	14,184	9,749	300,330
Depreciation and amortization	19	638	_	512	520		1,670
Balances at end of year		109,848	7,624	160,075	14,704	9,749	302,000
Net Book Value	esimoes Waller (Carro	P468	R-	₽973	P575	P-	P2,016

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, fully depreciated property and equipment amounting to ₱63.6 million and ₱68.4 million, respectively are still being used by the Group.

11. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	Note	2022	2021
Creditable withholding tax for refund		₽5,178	₽4,981
Rental and security deposits	22	5,119	3,592
Intangible assets		28	41
Others		-	198
		₽10,325	₽8,812

Rental and security deposits mainly pertain to cash deposits on lease agreements, which are refundable at the end of the lease period.

Intangible assets pertain to computer software and programs, which are amortized over three to five years.

Movements in this account are as follows:

	Note	2022	2021
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year		P15,606	₽15,591
Additions		18	15
Balance at end of year		15,624	15,606
Accumulated Amortization			
Balance at beginning of year		15,565	15,345
Amortization	19	31	220
Balance at end of year		15,596	15,565
Net Book Value		₽28	₽41

Others consist of claims for tax refund expected to be received beyond 12 months after the reporting year.

12. Trade and Other Payables

This account consists of:

	Note	2022	2021
Trade		₽2,105	₽1,899
Accrued expenses:			
Professional fees		3,571	2,588
Contracted services		2,929	2,965
Taxes and licenses		1,753	1,753
Salaries and wages		377	2,054
Rent		292	600
Dividends	14	6,554	6,554
Statutory payables		6,298	6,655
Others		4,081	1,732
		₽27,960	₽26,800

Trade payables are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled on a 60-day term.

Accrued expenses are normally settled within 30 to 60 days.

Statutory payables represent withholding taxes payable, SSS, HDMF and PhilHealth premiums, and other liabilities to the government agencies.

Others mainly pertain to advance payments received from customers of SWA.

13. Retirement Benefits

The Parent Company and SWA maintain separate unfunded, non-contributory, and defined benefit plans covering all eligible employees. An independent actuary conducts an actuarial valuation of the retirement liability. The latest actuarial report is as at December 31, 2021 for the Parent Company. Management has assessed that the Parent Company's and SWA's estimates of retirement expense and retirement liability as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022 do not significantly differ had the Company obtained an updated actuarial valuation in 2022.

The retirement benefits expense recognized in the consolidated statements of income is as follows (see Note 18):

	2022	2021	2020
Current service costs	P114	₽332	₽660
Interest costs	427	455	697
	P541	₽787	₽1,357

The net cumulative remeasurement gains (losses) on retirement liability recognized as other comprehensive income follows:

	2022	2021	2020
Balance at beginning of year	₽4,457	₽1,358	(₽1,896)
Remeasurement gain	851	3,099	3,254
Derecognition of remeasurement gains	(5,603)		-
Balance at end of year	(₽295)	₽4,457	₽1,358

Changes in the present value of retirement liability are as follows:

	Note	2022	2021
Balance at beginning of year		₽9,335	₽11,647
Current service costs		114	332
Interest costs		427	455
Payment of retirement liability	4	(2,688)	-
Remeasurement gain		(851)	(3,099)
Balance at end of year		₽6,337	₽9,335

The principal assumptions used in determining the retirement liability are shown below:

8. 30 and 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	2022	2021
Discount rate	7.00%	5.08%
Salary increase rate	2.00%	2.00%

The sensitivity analysis based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions as at December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Change in Assumption	Effect on Retirement Liability
Discount rate	+100 bps	(₽1,132)
	-100 bps	1,400
Salary rate	+100 bps	1,461
	-100 bps	(1,192)

Each sensitivity analysis on the significant actuarial assumptions was prepared by remeasuring the defined benefit liability at the end of each reporting date after adjusting one of the current assumptions according to the applicable sensitivity increment or decrement (based on changes in the relevant assumption that were reasonably possible at the valuation date) while all other assumptions remained unchanged. The corresponding change in the defined benefit liability was expressed as a percentage change from the base defined benefit liability.

As at December 31, 2022, expected future benefit payments are shown below:

	₽4,894
More than five years	511
Within one year	₽4,383

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting year is at 5.4 years.

14. Equity

Capital Stock

This account consists of the following:

	Number of Shares	Amount
Common Stock "Class A" - ₽1 par value		
Authorized	1,800,000,000	P1,800,000
Issued and outstanding	1,148,534,866	1,148,535
*Number of shares and par value figures are stated at absolute values.		
Iditional Paid-in Capital		
is account consists of:		
Premium on issuance of shares of stock		₽348,213
Premium on forfeited stock option		103,151
		P451.364

Premium on issuance of shares of stock represents the excess of paid-up capital over the par value of capital stock. Premium on forfeited stock option represents increase in equity arising from equity-settled-share-based payment transactions.

Parent Shares Held by a Subsidiary

In 2014, Paxys N.V., through a tender offer, completed the purchase of 345,622,477 common shares of the Parent Company representing 30.09% of its outstanding capital stock for a total consideration of \$1,149.9 million.

Retained Earnings

Undistributed retained earnings of a foreign subsidiary amounting to ₱3,234 million and ₱3,171 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, are not available for dividend declaration until these are distributed by the subsidiary to the Parent Company.

Dividends payable of the Parent Company as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$\frac{9}{2}6.6\$ million, which pertain to dividends declared in prior years (see Note 12).

15. Related Party Transactions and Balances

In the normal course of business, the Group has transactions and balances with related parties pertaining to noninterest-bearing advances as follows:

Related Party	Year	Transactions during the Year	Due from Related Parties (see Note 7)
Joint Venture	2022	₽262	₽16,281
	2021	134	16,019
Entities with Common Stockholders	2022	6,669	79,351
	2021	4,476	72,682
	2022		₽95,632
	2021		88,701

Outstanding balances are unsecured, noninterest-bearing with no fixed repayment terms and are normally settled in cash. No guarantees have been provided or received for these balances. Impairment assessment is undertaken at each reporting date.

Allowance for impairment losses related to these receivables amounted to ₱73.4 million in 2022 and ₱69.3 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 7).

Compensation of Key Management Personnel of the Group

	2022	2021	2020
Salaries and wages	P13,919	₽13,919	₽13,919
Professional fees	7,168	5,124	7,102
Retirement benefits	-	-	547
Other short-term benefits	2,643	2,590	4,004
	₽23,730	₽21,633	₽25,572

16. Cost of Services

This account consists of:

	Note	2022	2021	2020
Depreciation and amortization	19	P10,592	₽8,266	₽10,473
Personnel cost	18	3,684	12,821	18,589
Utilities		3,313	3,068	3,046
Security and janitorial services		2,203	2,935	2,910
Communication		1,774	3,197	3,180
Rent	22	294	109	128
Association dues		206	252	267
Supplies		40	147	225
Others		811	1,241	1,938
		P22,917	₽32,036	₽40,756

Others pertain to insurance, transportation and travel, taxes and licenses, dues and repairs and maintenance and other miscellaneous expenses.

17. General and Administrative Expenses

This account consists of:

	Note	2022	2021	2020
Professional fees		₽26,617	₽24,022	₽37,472
Personnel cost	18	22,163	26,064	29,397
Depreciation and amortization	19	7,864	8,829	8,359
Provision for impairment loss on				
receivables	7	4,051	-	
Bank charges		2,921	2,348	1,483
Utilities		2,795	2,694	2,598
Communication		1,904	1,716	1,742
Insurance		1,450	1,600	1,787
Security and janitorial services		1,431	1,404	1,397
Entertainment, amusement				
and recreation		702	441	375
Membership dues		593	600	653
Rent	22	550	1,879	123
Transportation and travel		470	370	304
Provision for impairment losses on				
input VAT	8	-	7	9
Others		3,423	4,512	3,805
		₽76,934	₽76,486	₽89,504

18. Personnel Costs

This account consists of:

	Note	2022	2021	2020
Salaries and wages		P23,029	₽31,771	₽37,308
Retirement benefits	13	541	787	1,357
Trainings		74	103	272
Other employee benefits		2,203	6,224	9,049
		₽25,847	₽38,885	₽47,986

Other employee benefits pertain mainly to statutory contributions, incentives, and health care and insurance benefits of employees.

Personnel costs are allocated as follows:

	Note	2022	2021	2020
Cost of services	16	₽3,684	₽12,821	₽18,589
General and administrative expenses	17	22,163	26,064	29,397
		₽25,847	₽38,885	₽47,986

19. Interest Income, Other Income, Depreciation and Amortization

Interest Income

	Note	2022	2021	2020
Cash and cash equivalents	5	P44,573	₽11,973	₽33,604
Investment securities:	6			
Financial assets at:				
FVOCI		26,486	15,601	11,340
Amortized cost		17,570	8,014	6,399
		₽88,629	₽35,588	₽51,343

Other Income

	Note	2022	2021	2020
Rent	22	₽3,666	₽3,095	₽3,198
Gain on redemption of investment				
securities at:				
FVPL	6	(103)	134	2,697
FVOCI	6	-	8,243	22
Unrealized fair value gain on investment				
securities at FVPL	6	-	98	359
Reversal of long-outstanding trade and				
other payables	12	-	_	788
Others		8,261	1,385	1,151
		P11,824	₽12,955	₽8,215

Others pertain to income from sublease of office and parking spaces to third parties.

Depreciation and Amortization

This account consists of:

	Note	2022	2021	2020
ROU assets	22	₽17,203	₽15,205	₽14,786
Property and equipment	10	1,222	1,670	3,862
Intangible assets	11	31	220	184
		₽18,456	₽17,095	₽18,832

Depreciation and amortization are allocated as follows:

	Note	2022	2021	2020
Cost of services	16	₽10,592	₽8,266	₽10,473
General and administrative expenses	17	7,864	8,829	8,359
	THE STATE OF THE S	₽18,456	₽17,095	₽18,832

20. Income Taxes

a. The components of current income tax expense as presented in the consolidated statements of income are as follows:

	2022	2021	2020
Final tax	₽5,679	₽2,341	₽4,009
MCIT	269	74	392
	₽5,948	P2,415	₽4,401

b. The reconciliation of income tax expense (benefit) computed at statutory tax rate and income tax expense as shown in the consolidated statements of income is as follows:

	2021	2021	2020
Income tax expense (benefit) at statutory			
income tax rate	₽9,256	(₽2,750)	(₽6,457)
Net changes in unrecognized net deferred			
tax assets	(2,564)	(15,442)	9,121
Effect of changes in income tax rate	_	13,220	_
Income tax effects of:			
Expired NOLCO	17,436	15,064	12,650
Nontaxable income	(15,676)	(2,116)	(10,189)
Interest income subjected to final tax	(5,417)	(6,556)	(2,047)
Others	2,643	869	1,112
Expired MCIT	475	208	193
Difference in the tax rates of subsidiaries	(205)	(97)	-
Expenses subject to 10% preferential			
income tax rate	_	15	18
	P5,948	₽2,415	₽4,401

The Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) Act or RA No. 11534 was signed into law on March 26, 2021 and took effect on April 11, 2021 which reduced the corporate income tax rate from 30% to 25% starting July 1, 2020. In 2021, the change in effective tax rate resulted to a reduction in the current income tax expense by ₱0.1 million and increase in comprehensive income by ₱0.1 million.

The composition of current income tax expense in 2021 are as follows:

Current income tax expense for the taxable year December 31, 2021	₽2,513
Impact of change in income tax rate beginning January 1, 2020	(98)
	₽2,415

c. Details of unrecognized net deferred tax assets are as follows:

	2022	2021
NOLCO	₽44,717	₽50,040
Allowance for impairment losses on trade and other		
receivables and refundable deposits	9,133	6,825
Excess MCIT over RCIT	734	940
Others	2,738	2,081
	₽57,322	₽59,886

Management has assessed that sufficient future taxable income may not be available against which the carry-forward benefits of NOLCO, excess MCIT over RCIT and other deductible temporary differences may be utilized.

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group did not recognize deferred tax liability on undistributed income of Paxys N.V., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent Company, amounting to \$\infty\$808.6 million and \$\infty\$792.8 million, respectively. Management believes that the Parent Company can control the timing of the dividend distribution of Paxys N.V. to the Parent Company and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

d. Details of carry-forward benefits arising from NOLCO and excess MCIT over RCIT are as follows:

NOLCO

Year Incurred	Balance as at December 31, 2021	Additions (Applied)	Expired	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Available Until
2019	₽72,805	(₽3,060)	(P 69,745)	₽	2022
2020	67,903	(1,431)	_	66,472	2025
2021	59,606	_	-	59,606	2026
2022	_	53,562		53,562	2025
	P200,314	P49,071	(₽69,745)	₽179,640	

Under the Republic Act No. 11494, also known as "Bayanihan to Recover as One Act, and Revenue Regulation 25-2020, the Company is allowed to carry-over the NOLCO incurred for taxable year 2020 and 2021 for the next five years immediately following the year of such loss.

MCIT

	Balance as at December 31,		Applied/	Balance as at December 31,	
Year Incurred	2021	Additions	Expired	2022	Available Until
2019	P475	R-	(P475)	P-	2022
2020	392	_	-	392	2023
2021	73		-	73	2024
2022	-	269	- 4	269	2025
	₽940	₽269	(₽475)	₽734	

21. Earnings (Loss) per Share

Basic/diluted earnings (loss) per share are computed as follows:

	Note	2022	2021	2020
Net income (loss) (a)		₽31,074	(₽13,413)	(P25,925)
Issued and outstanding shares	14	1,148,535	1,148,535	1,148,535
Parent shares held by a subsidiary	14	(345,622)	(345,622)	(345,622)
Number of shares issued and outstanding (b)		802,913	802,913	802,913
Basic/diluted earnings (loss) per share (a/b)		₽0.039	(₽0.017)	(P0.032)

There are no potential dilutive common shares as at December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020.

22. Commitments

Lease Commitments

a. The Group as a Lessee

- i. The Parent Company has an existing lease agreement with a third party for the lease of office space and parking spaces for five years until April 30, 2026. The quarterly rent is subject to escalation rates ranging from 5% to 10% per annum. The lease is renewable upon mutual consent of the parties to be covered by a separate lease agreement. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, refundable security deposit, amounted to P1.4 million.
- ii. SWA has an existing non-cancellable five-year agreement with a third party for the lease of an office space in Laguna until December 31, 2018. This was extended for four years up to December 31, 2022, and was extended for another year and six months until June 2024. The rental rate is subject to an escalation rate of 5% per annum. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, refundable security deposit amounted to ₹1.5 million.
- iii. On October 21, 2018, SWA entered into a two-year lease agreement with a third party for the lease of an office space in Alabang until October 20, 2020. This was extended for another two years until October 20, 2022 and was no longer renewed thereafter. The rental rate was subjected to an escalation rate of 5% per annum upon renewal. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021 refundable security deposit amounted to ₱0.3 million.

iv. On July 1, 2022, the Company entered into a two-year lease agreement with a third party for the lease of an office space in Cebu until May 17, 2024. The lease is renewable for another year upon mutual agreement. The rental rate is subject to an escalation rate of 5% per annum effective on the third year of lease term. Refundable security deposit amounted to \$\text{P1.2 million as at December 31, 2022.}

Outstanding rental and security deposits on lease commitments, presented under "Other noncurrent assets" in the consolidated statements of financial position, amounted to \$\in\$5.1 million and \$\in\$3.6 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 11).

Amounts recognized in the consolidated statements of income follow:

	2022	2021	2020
Amortization on ROU assets	P17,203	₽15,205	₽14,786
Interest expense on lease liabilities	1,917	1,530	1,267
Rent expense	844	1,988	251
	₽19,964	₽18,723	₽16,304

Rent expense includes rent on low-value asset leases on storage and equipment.

Amortization of ROU assets is allocated as follows:

	Note	2022	2021
Cost of services	16	₽10,011	₽7,130
General and administrative expenses	17	7,192	8,075
		₽17,203	₽15,205

Rent expense is allocated as follows:

	Note	2022	2021	2020
General and administra	ntive	- Comment of the Comm		
expenses	17	₽550	₽1,879	₽123
Cost of services	16	294	109	128
		₽844	₽1,988	₽251

The movements in the ROU assets are presented below:

	Note	2022	2021
Balance at beginning of year		₽48,790	₽25,422
Addition		13,055	38,573
Amortization	19	(17,203)	(15,205)
Adjustment		(698)	_
Balance at end of year		₽43,944	₽48,790

The movements in the lease liabilities are presented below:

	2022	2021
Balance at beginning of year	₽50,016	₽24,770
Addition	13,055	38,574
Payments	(19,195)	(14,858)
Interest expense	1,917	1,530
Adjustment	(830)	-
	44,963	50,016
Current portion	21,293	13,902
Noncurrent portion	₽23,670	₽36,114

The future minimum lease payments under noncancellable leases are as follows:

	2022	2021
Within one year	₽8,291	₽15,663
After one year but not more than five years	19,652	38,354
	₽27,943	₽54,017

b. The Group as a Lessor

SWA also subleased a portion of its office space in Laguna to related parties and third parties, which ended in September 30, 2022. On October 1, 2022, the Company subleased office space to a third party for 21 months from October 1, 2022 to June 30, 2024.

Rent income from subleased portion amounted to ₱3.7 million, ₱3.1 million and ₱3.2 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 19). Security deposit under this sublease agreement, which are presented under other noncurrent liabilities, amounted to ₱0.3 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Facilities and Support Services Agreement

SWA entered into facilities and support services agreement for work-ready seats for a period of two years until October 30, 2022. The service agreement provided outsourced facility services, data connectivity, IT support and power for the leased work seats. Security deposit under this agreement, which are presented under other noncurrent liabilities, amounted to P1.3 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

In addition, SWA entered into another agreement with a third party for work-ready seats for a period of two years until May 17, 2024. The service agreement provides outsourced facility services, data connectivity, IT support and power for the leased work seats. Security deposit under this agreement, which are presented under other noncurrent liabilities, amounted to ₱2.9 million and ₱1.3 million as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Income earned from this agreement amounted to ₱21.7 million in 2022 and ₱14.8 million in 2021 and 2020, as part of the revenues in the consolidated statements of income of the Group.

23. Financial Instruments

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, investment securities, trade and other receivables, rental and security deposits, and trade and other payables (excluding statutory payables), lease liabilities and other noncurrent liabilities which arise directly from the operations. The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk. The BOD reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and these are summarized below.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk results mainly from foreign currency denominated services rendered by SWA and other business transactions of the Group denominated in foreign currencies. The Group's consolidated financial position and financial performance may be affected by the movements in the U.S. Dollar (US\$) to Philippine Peso exchange rates.

The following rates of exchange have been used by the Group in translating foreign currency consolidated statements of income and consolidated statements of financial position items as at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	2022		2022 2021		1
	Closing	Average	Closing	Average	
Philippine Peso to 1 unit of US\$	₽55.76	₽54.47	₽51.00	₽49.36	

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the significant foreign currency-denominated financial assets of the Group are as follows:

	2022		2021	
		Philippine Peso		Philippine Peso
	In US\$	Equivalent	In US\$	Equivalent
Cash and cash equivalents	US\$30,785	P1,716,418	US\$26,173	P1,334,797
Trade and other receivables	639	35,627	165	8,415
Investment securities -				
Financial assets at:				
FVOCI	14,952	833,672	16,304	831,507
Amortized cost	575	32,082	13,450	685,950
FVPL			850	43,351
Foreign currency-denominated				
financial assets	US\$46,951	P2,617,799	US\$56,942	P2,904,020

A reasonably possible change of -1.29/+1.29 in 2022 and -2.98/+2.98 in 2021 in the US\$ to Philippine Peso exchange rate based on latest year-on-year movement in the currency, with all other variables held constant, shall result to the following income before tax movements in the Group's consolidated statements of income:

	2022		2021	
	Increase (Decrease) in Exchange Rates	Increase (Decrease) on Income before Tax	Increase (Decrease) in Exchange Rates	Increase (Decrease) on Income before Tax
US\$	4.76	₽223,256	2.98	₽130,712
	(4.76)	(223,256)	(2.98)	(130,712)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Group will incur losses when its counterparties fail to discharge their contractual obligations.

Receivables are monitored on an on-going basis to minimize the Group's exposure to possible losses. The Group trades only with recognized, creditworthy third parties. It is Group policy to subject customers who trade on credit terms to credit verification procedures.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents and investment securities is considered negligible because the counterparties are reputable banks and investment institutions with high quality external credit ratings.

The gross maximum exposure of the Group to credit risk corresponds to the total gross amounts of the following financial assets:

	Note	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents(a)	5	₽2,847,219	₽2,142,192
Investment securities -	6		
Financial assets at:			
FVOCI		833,672	831,507
Amortized cost		238,093	705,597
FVPL		-	45,466
Trade and other receivables	7	162,694	134,300
Rental and security deposits(b)	22	5,119	3,592
		₽4,086,797	₽3,862,654

^(a)Excluding cash on hand amounting to \$50 and \$65 as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The analysis of the financial assets that were past due but not impaired follows:

				2022			
	Neither Past	Past Due	Past Due but not Impaired				
	Due nor Impaired	Less than 30 Days	30 to 60 Days	More than 60 Days	Total	Impaired	Total
Cash and cash equivalents ^(a) Investment securities - Financial assets at:	P2,847,219	p	P-	₽	P2,847,219	P	P2,847,219
FVOCI	833,672	_	-	-	833,672	_	833,672
Amortized cost	238,093	_	-	_	238,093	2-	238,093
Trade and other receivables:							
Trade	1,342	-	-	-	1,342	9,616	10,958
Accrued interest	38,021		-	_	38,021	-	38,021
Due from related parties	_	-	-	22,262	22,262	73,370	95,632
Others	399	-	_	-	399	17,684	18,083
Rental and security							
deposits(b)	5,119	-	_	-	5,119	_	5,119
	₽3,963,865	P	₽	₽22,262	₽3,986,127	P100,670	P4,086,797

⁽a)Excluding cash on hand amounting to ₽50.

⁽b) Included under "Other noncurrent assets".

⁽b)Included under "Other noncurrent assets."

				2021			
	Neither Past	Past Due	but not Impa	ired			
	Due nor	Less than	30 to 60	More than			
	Impaired	30 Days	Days	60 Days	Total	Impaired	Total
Cash and cash equivalents(a)	₽2,142,192	₽-	P-	P-	₽2,142,192	P-	₽2,142,192
Investment securities -							
Financial assets at:							
Amortized cost	831,507	-	-	-	831,507	-	831,507
FVOCI	705,597	-	-	-	705,597	-	705,597
FVPL	45,466	_	_	-	45,466		45,466
Trade and other receivables:							
Trade	5,899	-	<u></u>	_	5,899	9,616	15,515
Accrued interest	9,782	-	-	-	9,782	-	9,782
Due from related parties	-	_	-	19,382	19,382	69,319	88,701
Others	2,366	-	-	350 S	2,366	17,684	20,050
Rental and security							
deposits ^(b)	3,592	_			3,592	-	3,592
	P3.746,401	P-	₽-	₽19,382	₽3,765,783	₽96,619	₽3,862,402

⁽a) Excluding cash on hand amounting to P65.

The table below shows the credit quality of the financial assets classified as neither past due nor impaired as at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	2022					
	High Grade	Standard Grade	Total	High Grade	Standard Grade	Total
Cash and cash equivalents(o)	P2,847,219	P-	P2,847,219	P2,142,192	₽-	P2,142,192
Investment securities -						
Financial assets at:						
FVOCI	833,672	_	833,672	831,507	-	831,507
Amortized cost	238,093	_	238,093	705,597		705,597
FVPL	-	_	-	45,466		45,466
Trade and other receivables	_	62,024	62,024	18,047		18,047
Rental and security deposits(b)	-	5,119	5,119	-	3,592	3,592
	₽3,918,984	P67,143	P3,986,127	P3,742,809	P3,592	₽3,746,401

⁽a) Excluding cash on hand amounting to P50 and P65 as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

For trade receivables, the Group calculates impairment based on lifetime ECL using a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other financial assets at amortized cost, which comprise cash equivalents, investment securities, other receivables (including due from related parties) and rental and security deposits, ECL is based on 12-month ECL. However, the ECL for certain receivables, which are identified as credit-impaired, is based on lifetime ECL.

The credit quality of financial assets is managed by the Group using high grade and standard grade as internal credit ratings.

High Grade. Financial assets with high credit quality are normally collected within the credit period and without history of default collection.

Cash and cash equivalents and investment securities are placed in or deposited with reputable banks, thus, are fully realizable. The probability of default is close to zero and significant change in credit risk is unlikely for these financial instruments.

⁽b) Included under "Other current assets" and "Other noncurrent assets."

⁽b) Included under "Other current assets" and "Other noncurrent assets."

Standard Grade. Standard grade financial assets pertain mainly to receivables from counter parties that have a strong capacity to meet contractual obligations in the near term and have acceptable probability of default.

Past due receivables from related parties are not impaired when management assesses that these are fully realizable based on the counter parties' available assets.

Receivables from related parties are considered credit-impaired when the counter parties have no liquid assets and/or available assets to pay the outstanding receivables. Thus, these are provided with allowance for impairment losses.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk may arise primarily from mismatch of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities.

The Group's objective is to maintain continuity of funding. The Group's liquidity risk management policy is to measure and forecast its cash commitments, to match debt maturities with the assets being financed, to maintain a diversity of funding sources with its access to bank financing and the capital market and to hold a sufficient level of cash reserves.

The Group monitors its risk of shortage of funds by considering the maturity of both its financial assets and liabilities projected cash flows.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial assets and liabilities (excluding statutory payables) used to manage liquidity based on contractual undiscounted payments.

		2022	2			2021		
-	Upon	Within	Over			Within	Over	
	Demand	One Year	One Year	Total	Upon Demand	One Year	One Year	Total
Financial Assets		***************************************		trianing to the later to the la				
Cash and cash equivalents	P2,847,219	P-	P-	P2,847,219	P2,142,192	R-	P-	F2,142,192
Investment securities -								
Financial assets at:								
Amortized cost		833,672	-	833,672	_	705,597	-	705,597
FVOCI	238,093	-	-	238,093	831,507		-	831,507
FVPL	8		-	-	45,466	***		45,466
Trade and other								
receivables	62,024		_	62,024	1	18,047	-	18,047
Rental and security								
deposits	*		5,119	5,119	-	-	3,592	3,592
Total undiscounted								ewindii.w. ar
financial assets	P3,147,336	₽833,672	₽5,119	P3,986,127	3,019,165	723,644	3,592	3,746,401
Financial Liabilities								
Trade payables	-	2,105	***	2,105	-	1,899	-	1,899
Accrued expenses	-	8,922	-	8,922	-	9,960	-	9,960
Dividends payable	6,554	-	-	6,554	6,554	_	-	6,554
Other current liabilities	-	4,081	-	4,081	-	1,626	-	1,626
Lease liabilities	-	21,293	23,670	44,963	-	15,663	38,354	54,017
Total undiscounted							3	
financial liabilities	6,554	36,401	23,670	66,625	6,554	29,148	38,354	74,056
Net undiscounted			and the second s					****
financial assets								
(liabilities)	P3,140,782	P797,271	(P18,551)	P3,919,502	P3,012,611	P694,496	(P34,762)	P3,672,345

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value.

The Group competes in an industry where opportunities for growth still abound. Projects are selected if their expected returns are higher than cost of capital. Funding is sourced from a combination of retained earnings, debt and new capital. The Group aims for flexibility in the capital structure to meet changing conditions and adapt with minimum cost and delay. It looks at solvency by keeping its debt capacity within its ability to generate future cash flows.

The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements. The table below summarizes the equity components of the Group.

	2022	2021
Capital stock	P1,148,535	₽1,148,535
Additional paid-in capital	451,364	451,364
Parent shares held by a subsidiary	(1,149,886)	(1,149,886)
Other equity reserves	617,388	431,288
Retained earnings	2,917,879	2,881,202
	₽3,985,280	₽3,762,503

Fair Values

The following is a comparison by category of carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments that are reflected in the consolidated financial statements:

	2022		2021	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	₽2,847,269	P2,847,269	₽2,142,257	₽2,142,257
Investment securities -				
Financial assets at:				
Amortized cost	833,672	833,672	705,597	705,597
FVOCI	238,093	238,093	831,507	831,507
FVPL	-		45,466	45,466
Trade and other receivables	62,024	62,024	37,681	37,681
Rental and security deposits	5,119	5,119	3,592	3,592
Salara and the salara	P3,986,177	₽3,986,177	₽3,766,100	P3,766,100
Financial Liabilities				
Trade and other payables*:				
Trade	₽2,105	₽2,105	₽1,899	₽1,899
Accrued expenses	8,922	8,922	9,960	9,960
Dividends	6,554	6,554	6,554	6,554
Other current liabilities	4,081	4,081	1,626	1,626
Lease liabilities	44,963	44,963	50,016	46,787
Other noncurrent liabilities			1,802	1,802
	₽66,625	₽66,625	₽71,857	₽68,628

^{*}Excluding statutory payables amounting to P6,289 and P6,655 as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Cash and Cash Equivalents, Financial Assets at Amortized Cost, Trade and Other Receivables and Trade and Other Payables (excluding statutory payables). Due to the relatively short-term maturities of the financial assets and liabilities, the fair values approximate the carrying amounts at initial recognition.

Financial Assets at FVPL. The fair value of the Group's financial assets at FVPL is based on the net asset value as at end of the reporting period and is categorized as Level 2.

Financial Assets at FVOCI. The fair value of the Group's financial assets at FVOCI is estimated by reference to quoted bid price in an active market at the end of the reporting period and is categorized as Level 1.

Lease Liabilities. The fair value of lease liabilities was determined based on Level 2 in which the inputs are based on the discounted interest rate of the prevailing comparable instrument in the market.

Rental and Security Deposits and Other Noncurrent Liabilities. Fair values of security deposits are based on the present value of the expected future cash flows using discount rates ranging from 1.21% to 1.81%. These are categorized under Level 2 of the fair value measurements hierarchy for financial instruments.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

BOA/PRC Accreditation No. 4782 August 15, 2021, valid until April 13, 2024 SEC Accreditation No. 4782 SEC Group A Issued August 11, 2022 Valid for Financial Periods 2021 to 2025 BDO Towers Valero

8741 Paseo de Roxas

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Fax : +632 8 982 9111

Website : www.reyestacandono.com

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES FOR FILING WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Paxys, Inc. 15th Floor, 6750 Ayala Office Tower Ayala Avenue, Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of Paxys, Inc. (the Parent Company) and Subsidiaries (the Group) as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 and for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2023. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Supplementary Schedules for submission to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) are the responsibility of the Group's management.

The supplementary schedules include the following:

- Schedules Required under Annex 68-E of the Revised Securities Regulation Code (SRC) Rule 68 as at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021
- Schedules Required under Annex 68-J of the Revised SRC Rule 68 as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022
- Reconciliation of the Parent Company Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration for the year ended December 31, 2022
- Corporate Structure as at December 31, 2022

The Supplementary Schedule on Financial Soundness Indicators, including their definitions, formulas, calculation, and their appropriateness or usefulness to the intended users, is the responsibility of the Group's management. These financial soundness indicators are not measures of operating performance defined by Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. The components of these financial soundness indicators have been traced to the Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 and for each of the three years ended December 31, 2022 and no material exceptions were noted.





The supplementary schedules are presented for purposes of complying with the Revised SRC Rule 68 issued by the SEC, and are not part of the basic consolidated financial statements. The supplementary schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state, in all material respects, the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

REYES TACANDONG & CO.

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 97380

Tax Identification No. 201-892-183-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782; Valid until April 13, 2024

SEC Accreditation No. 97380-SEC Group A

Issued April 8, 2021

Valid for Financial Periods 2020 to 2024

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-012-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 9564565

Issued January 3, 2023, Makati City

March 24, 2023 Makati City, Metro Manila

PAXYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

LIST OF SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2022

Schedules Required under Annex 68-J of the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68

		Page No.
А	Financial Assets	1
В	Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties, and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)	2
С	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of the Financial Statements	3
D	Long-term Borrowings	*
E	Indebtedness to Related Parties	*
F	Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers	*
G	Capital Stock	4
Other Requi	red Information	
Н	Reconciliation of the Parent Company Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration for the year ended December 31, 2022	5
Ĭ	Financial Soundness Indicators as at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021	6
J	Corporate Structure as at December 31, 2022	7

^{*} Not Applicable

PAXYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCIAL ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Amounts in Thousands)

		Amount Shown	
	Number of Shares	in the Statement	Income
	or Principal Amount	of Financial	Received and
Financial Asset/ Name of issuing entity	of Bonds	Position	Accrued
Cash in Banks			
BDO Unibank, Inc.		₽10,849	₽3
UBS Bank		8,768	101
Bank Julius Baer		3,031	-
Bank of the Philippine Islands		6,326	4
J.P. Morgan Chase Bank		4,172	11
Security Bank Corporation		430	_
		33,576	119
Cash Equivalents			
Bank of the Philippine Islands		609,369	6,754
UBS Bank		1,448,287	25,881
Bank Julius Baer		401,134	6,692
J.P. Morgan Chase Bank		344,133	4,964
Security Bank Corporation		9,701	141
BDO Unibank, Inc.		1,019	22
		2,813,643	44,454
		2,847,219	44,573
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other			
Comprehensive Income			
Fixed Income Investments:			
J.P. Morgan Chase Bank	\$716	585,516	17,943
Bank Julius Baer	488	248,156	8,543
	1,204	833,672	26,486
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost			
Bank of the Philippine Islands	₽187,735	238,093	14,761
UBS Bank	-	-	947
J.P. Morgan Chase Bank	-	-	1,862
	187,735	238,093	17,570
Trade and Other Receivables - Net			
Due from related parties		22,262	-
Trade		1,342	-
Accrued interest		38,022	_
Others		398	_
		62,024	-
Rental and Security Deposits		5,119	-
		₽3,986,127	₽88,629

SCHEDOLE D	FOCKHOLDERS	Balance at Noncurrent end of year	– R2,097	
	S AND PRINCIPAL ST	Current	P2,097	
ARIES	ELATED PARTIES	Amounts Written-off	OL.	
PAXYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES	OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, RELATED (OTHER THAN RELATED PARTIES) DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Amounts in Thousands)	Amounts	P593	
PAXYS, INC	OTHER TH/ OTHER TH/ DEC	Additions	P839	
	LE FROM DIRECTO	Balance at Beginning of Year	P1,851	
	AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, RELATED PARTIES AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS (OTHER THAN RELATED PARTIES) DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Amounts in Thousands)		Advances to officers and employees	

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	PAXY	PAXYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES	SIDIARIES			
ELIM	AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES WHICH ARE ELIMINATED DURING CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Amounts in Thousands)	BLE FROM RELATED ONSOLIDATION OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Amounts in Thousands)	TED PARTIES W OF FINANCIAL 022 ands)	/HICH ARE STATEMENTS		
	Balance at					
	Beginning of		Amounts			Balance at end
Related Parties	Year	Additions*	Collected*	Current	Noncurrent	of Year
Due from Related Parties						
Paxys Global Services, Inc.	P66,773	P405	ar.	P67,178	al.	P67,178
Scopeworks Asia, Inc.	58,146	162	12,000	46,308	1	46,308
Paxys Global Services Pte. Ltd	34,985	3,746	m	38,728	ı	38,728
Paxys N.V.	21,027	2,772	1,029	22,770	1	22,770
Paxys Global Services Ltd. Regional Operating						
Headquarters	13,937	1,392	1	15,329	1	15,329
Paxys Ltd.	12,433	284	1	12,717	1	12,717
	P207,301	₽8,761	P13,032	P203,030	-GF	R203,030
*inclusive of foreign currency translation adjustments on dollar-denominated receivables	r-denominated receivables					

, ULE G			Others	171,850,551	
SCHEDULE G				171,85	
	×	Directors and	officers	217,800	
		Number of shares	related parties	976,466,515	
PAXYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES	CAPITAL STOCK DECEMBER 31, 2022	Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion,	and other rights held by related parties	1	
PAXYS, INC.	CAPI		position caption	1,148,534,866	
			authorized	1,800,000,000	
			Title of issue	Common shares - "Class A" at P1 par value	

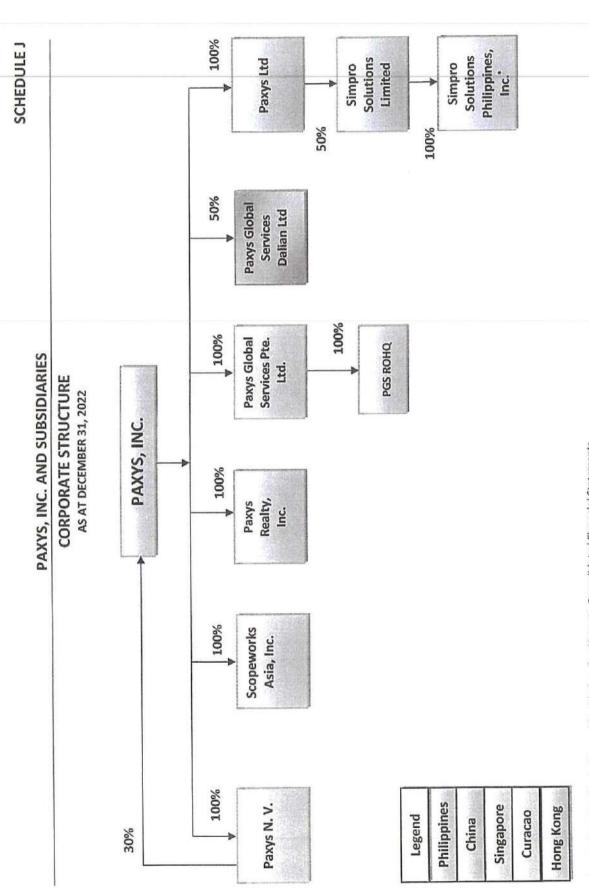
PAXYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES RECONCILIATION OF PARENT COMPANY RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Deficit at Beginning of Year	(₽260,152,233)
Net unrealized foreign exchange gain in 2021	(5,838,031)
Deficit at Beginning of Year, as Adjusted	(265,990,264)
Net Loss Actually Realized during the Year	
Net loss closed to retained earnings	(33,031,058)
Unrealized foreign exchange gain in 2022	(8,366,908)
Unrealized foreign exchange gain in 2021, realized in 2022	5,838,031
	(35,559,935)
Deficit at End of Year	(₱301,550,199)

PAXYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	Formula		2022	2021
Liquidity ratio				
Current ratio	Total Current Assets	₽4,012,367	81.27	93.13:1
	Divide by: Total Current Liabilities	49,373		
	Current ratio	81.27		
Solvency ratio		100		
Debt to equity ratio	Total Liabilities	₽82,426	0.02: 1	0.02: 1
	Divide by: Total Equity	3,985,280		
	Debt to equity ratio	0.02		
Profitability ratio				
Return on equity	Net Income	₽31,074	0.008%	(0.36%)
	Divide by: Total Equity	3,985,280		
	Return on equity	0.008%		
Net income margin	Net Income	₽31,074	106.99%	(30.02%)
	Divide by: Revenue	29,044		
	Net income margin	106.99%		
Earnings before	Net income before tax	₽37,022	197.61%	17.07%
interest, tax,	Add: Depreciation and amortization	18,456		
depreciation and	Interest expense	1,917		
amortization	EBITDA	57,395		
(EBITDA) margin	Divided by: Revenue	29,044		
ari Mil		197.61%		
	· ·			



*Currently under dissolution and liquidation. See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements



MINUTES OF THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS

OF

PAXYS, INC.

Held at the Manila Golf and Country Club Harvard Road, Forbes Park, Makati City on December 13, 2022 at 2:00 p.m.

CALL TO ORDER

The Chairman, Mr. Tarcisio M. Medalla¹, called the meeting to order and presided over the same. He introduced the members of the Board of Directors who were present, namely, Roger Leo A. Cariño,² Christopher B. Maldia, Roberto A. Atendido, and Independent Director Jose Antonio A. Lichauco.³ The Corporate Secretary, Atty. Mayette H. Tapia, recorded the proceedings.

PROOF OF NOTICE AND CERTIFICATION OF QUORUM

The Corporate Secretary reported that pursuant to SEC's Notices dated April 20, 2020 and February 16, 2022, the notice of the meeting was published - in print format and online format on November 18 and 19, 2022 in the business sections of The Philippine Star and Bworldonline.com, both newspapers of general circulation. A copy of the notice, together with the Definitive Information Statement, minutes of the previous meeting, and other documents related to the meeting were also made accessible through the Corporation's website.

As set out in the Requirements and Procedure for Participation and Voting in the meeting, which was attached to the Company's Definitive Information Statement and posted in the Company's website, stockholders who successfully registered within the prescribed period will be included in the determination of quorum. By voting *in absentia* or by proxy, a stockholder will be deemed present for purposes of determining quorum.

The Corporate Secretary announced that there were present, in person and by proxy, at least 976,600,929 shares representing at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock. The list of attendees and proxies is available at the

Chairman of Executive Committee and of the Compensation Committee

² Treasurer

³ Chairman of Audit, Risk Management, and Related Party Transaction Committee

office of the Corporation. She therefore certified that there was a quorum for the transaction of business.

PARTICIPATION AND VOTING PROCEDURES DURING THE ANNUAL MEETING

The Corporate Secretary explained participation and voting procedures adopted for the annual meeting. According to her, under the Company's By-Laws, every stockholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share of stock standing in his/her name in the books of the Corporation. For the election of directors, each stockholder may cumulate his/her votes.

Stockholders who successfully registered for the meeting were given the opportunity to cast their votes by submitting their proxy forms provided in the Company's website.

For items other than the election of directors, the stockholders had the option to either vote in favor of or against a matter for approval, or to abstain. For the election of directors, the stockholders had the option to vote their shares for each of the nominees, not vote for any nominee, or vote for one or some nominees only, in such number of shares as the stockholders prefer; provided that the total number of votes cast did not exceed the number of shares owned by them multiplied by the number of directors to be elected.

Votes received by proxy form were validated by Professional Stock and Transfer, Inc., the Corporation's stock and transfer agent. The results of the voting, with full details of the affirmative and negative votes, as well as abstentions, will be reflected in the minutes of the meeting.

For all items in the agenda to be approved during the meeting, other than the election of directors, the vote of the stockholders representing at least a majority of the outstanding capital stock will be sufficient to approve the matter.

For the election of directors, the seven (7) nominees receiving the highest number of votes will be declared the duly elected members of the Board of Directors for the current term.

Finally, stockholders, once successfully registered, were also given an opportunity to raise questions or express comments limited to the agenda items by submitting the same through the Company's email. Management will endeavor to reply to these questions or address these comments via email.

APPROVAL OF MINUTES OF PREVIOUS MEETING

The next item of business was the approval of the minutes of the previous meeting of the stockholders held on December 14, 2021, copies of which had been earlier distributed to the stockholders.

There being no objections, the reading of the minutes of the previous annual stockholders' meeting was dispensed with.

The Corporate Secretary noted for the record that stockholders owning at least 976,600,929 shares representing at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock, voted in favor of approving the minutes; 0 shares voted against; and 0 shares abstained on the matter. The affirmative votes are sufficient to approve the resolution.

Therefore, the following resolution was unanimously approved by the stockholders holding at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation:

"RESOLVED, that the minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of the Corporation held on December 14, 2021 be, as it is hereby, approved."

ANNUAL REPORT

The next matter on the agenda was the Annual Report of Management to the stockholders. The Chairman, Mr. Tarcisio M. Medalla, presented the highlights of management report, copies of which had been previously distributed to the stockholders together with the audited financial statements as of calendar year ended December 31, 2021; third quarter report for the period ended September 30, 2022; and interim period financial report.

After the report, the Corporate Secretary presented the proposed resolution and the voting results.

The Corporate Secretary noted for the record that stockholders owning at least 976,600,929 shares representing at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock, voted in favor of approving the management report and audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021; 0 shares voted against; and 0 shares abstained on the matter. The affirmative votes are sufficient to approve the resolution.

Therefore, based on the voting forms results, the following resolution was unanimously approved by the stockholders holding at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation:

"RESOLVED, that the Management Report as presented by the President and the Corporation's audited financial statements for year ended December 31, 2021 be, as it is hereby, approved."

Thereafter, the Corporate Secretary was requested to preside over the remainder of the meeting.

RATIFICATION OF CORPORATE ACTS

The Corporate Secretary stated that the next item on the agenda was the ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors, officers and management of the Corporation from the last annual stockholders' meeting to date. There being no questions or objections, a motion was requested on the matter.

The Corporate Secretary noted that for the record that stockholders owning at least 976,600,929 shares representing at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock, voted in favor of ratifying and approving the acts; 0 shares voted against; and 0 shares abstained on the matter. The affirmative votes are sufficient to approve the resolution.

Based on the voting forms results, the following resolution was unanimously approved by the stockholders holding at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation:

"RESOLVED, that all acts, proceedings, transactions, contracts, agreements, resolutions, and deeds, authorized and entered into by the Board of Directors, Management, and/or Officers of Paxys, Inc. from the date of the last annual stockholders' meeting up to the present be, as they are hereby, ratified, confirmed, and approved."

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The next matter on the agenda was the election of the members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

The Corporate Secretary explained that in accordance with the Corporation's Corporate Governance Manual, all nominations for director were reviewed and approved by the Nominations and Governance Committee. Under

SEC rules, only nominees whose names have been submitted to and evaluated by the Nominations and Governance Committee, and whose names appear in the Final List of Candidates set forth in the Definitive Information Statement, shall be eligible for election as Independent Directors.

The following were nominated as members of the Board of Directors for the current term and until their successors are duly elected and qualified in accordance with the By-Laws:

- TARCISIO M. MEDALLA
- 2. ROGER LEO A. CARIÑO
- 3. CHRISTOPHER B. MALDIA
- 4. LIM GHEE KEONG
- 5. ROBERTO A. ATENDIDO

and as Independent Directors:

- GEORGE EDWIN Y. SYCIP
- 7. JOSE ANTONIO A. LICHAUCO

The Corporate Secretary noted that based on the tabulation and validation by our stock and transfer agent, stockholders owning at least 976,600,929 shares representing at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock, voted to elect all the seven (7) candidates to the Board of Directors. The Corporate Secretary also flashed on the screen is the summary of the votes received by each candidate.

Based on the tabulation and validation by our stock and transfer agent, and there being only seven (7) nominees to the seven (7) available seats for directors, the above nominees were unanimously elected by the stockholders holding at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation, as directors for the current year to serve as such for a period of one year and until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

The Chairman also declared that the independent directors on the Board are Mr. George Edwin Y. SyCip and Mr. Jose Antonio A. Lichauco.

APPOINTMENT OF EXTERNAL AUDITORS

Thereafter, the meeting proceeded with the appointment of the external auditors of the Corporation for the current year. The Company's Audit and Governance Committee endorsed its reappointment following the review of the qualifications and performance of Reyes Tacandong & Co.

The Corporate Secretary noted that note for the record that stockholders owning at least 976,600,929 shares representing at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock, voted in favor of the appointment of Reyes, Tacandong & Company; 0 shares voted against; and 0 shares abstained on the matter. The affirmative votes are sufficient to approve the resolution.

There being no objection, and based on the voting forms result, the following resolution was approved by the stockholders holding at least 85.03% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation:

"RESOLVED, that the accounting firm of Reyes Tacandong & Company be re-appointed external auditors of the Corporation for the year 2022-2023."

OTHER MATTERS/QUESTION AND ANSWER

The Chairman inquired if there were any questions or comments on the agenda submitted by email or through the meeting portal. The Corporate Secretary confirmed that there were no questions or comments received by email or through the meeting portal, prior to the meeting. The Corporate Secretary reminded the attendees that for any questions that may have been raised through email or on the meeting portal during this meeting, the response will be sent via email.

ADJOURNMENT

There being no further business to transact on motion duly made and seconded, the meeting was adjourned.

MAYETTE H. TAPIA
Corporate Secretary

ATTESTED:

TARCISIO M. MEDALLA Chairman of the Stockholders' Meeting





CHARTER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. INTRODUCTION

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Paxys, Inc. (the "Corporation" or "Paxys") is the supreme authority in matters of governance and in managing the business of the Corporation. Within their authority under the Corporation Code and other applicable laws and the By-laws of the Corporation (the "By-laws"), the Directors, acting as a Board, have the fullest powers to regulate the concerns of the Corporation according to their best judgment.

The Board is responsible to promote and adhere to the principles and best practices of corporate governance, to foster the long-term success of the Corporation and to secure its sustained competitiveness in the global environment in a manner consistent with its fiduciary responsibility.

The Board shall exercise its powers and duties in the best interest of the Corporation, its shareholders, and other stakeholders.

Section 2, COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

- 1. Number of Directors. The Board shall have seven (7) members.
- Board Competencies and Diversity. The Board shall be composed of members who possess the necessary knowledge, skills and experience required to properly perform the duties of the Board.

The Board shall encourage the selection of a mix of competent Directors, each of whom can add value and independent judgment in the formulation of sound corporate strategies and policies. Careful attention must be given to ensure that there is independence and diversity, and appropriate representation of women in the Board to the greatest extent possible.

- Review of Board Profile. The Board shall regularly review its composition, taking into account the evolving requirements of the Corporation and best practices in corporate governance.
- 4. Independent Directors The Board shall have such number of Independent Directors as may be required by law and the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and of the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) (hereafter, the "Philippine Requirements") and the standards or criteria set by the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) for the strengthening of the ASEAN capital market development and integration for the establishment of an ASEAN Economic Community (hereafter, the "ASEAN Standards").

To be considered independent, a Director shall, apart from his fees and shareholdings, hold no interests or relationships with the Corporation that may hinder his independence from the Corporation, Management, or shareholders which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with his exercise of independent judgment in carrying out his responsibilities as a Director of the Corporation. For this purpose, an Independent Director shall submit to the Corporate Secretary a letter of confirmation stating that he holds no interests affiliated with the Corporation, Management or controlling shareholder at the time of his election or appointment and/or re-election as a Director.

Section 3. BOARD INDEPENDENCE AND CONFLICT OF INTEREST

It is the responsibility of each Director to promote the best interest of the Corporation. Therefore, in making decisions, they should only pursue the interest of the Corporation, and must not consider their personal interest.

- Disclosure of Interest. Each Director shall disclose any conflict of interest annually.
 Director with any material conflict of interest that has been determined to be permanent in nature shall be disqualified from the Board.
 - Notwithstanding the precautions set by the annual disclosure of conflict of interest, a Director shall abstain from participating in the discussion of, and voting on, any matter where he is in conflict of interest.
- Dealing in Corporation's Shares. In line with the insider trading policy of the Corporation, each Director is required to report to the Board within three (3) business days from dealing in the shares of stock of the Corporation (the "Shares").
- Number of Independent Non-executive Directors. In line with best practice in corporate governance and in accordance with the ASEAN Standards, it is the Corporation's goal to have Independent Non-executive Directors comprising at least 2/3 of the Board.
- 4. Policy on Multiple Board Seats. The Corporation shall ensure that adequate time and attention is given to the fulfilment of the Directors of their duties. The Independent Directors and Non-executive Directors shall hold no more than five board seats in publiclylisted companies.
- 5. Confidentiality Rule Directors shall keep confidential all the information contained in the confidential reports or discussions. They shall also ensure that all persons who have access to the same information likewise comply with this rule. The confidentiality rule applicable to incumbent Directors shall continue to apply to former Directors.

Section 4. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The Directors shall be elected by the Corporation's stockholders entitled to vote at the annual meeting in accordance with the By-laws and the Voting Procedure for Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

- Nomination of Directors. Pursuant to the Corporation Code, any shareholder, including minority shareholders, shall have the right to nominate candidates for the Board. The list of names of the nominees to the Board of Directors, together with the written consent of the nominees shall be filed and submitted to the Nomination and Governance Committee through the office of the Corporate Secretary at least thirty (30) business days prior to the date set for the annual meeting wherein they will be elected.
- Required Vote. For the election of Directors, it is necessary for one-half plus one of the outstanding shares of stock to be present or represented in the annual stockholders' meeting.
- 3. Ownership of Corporation Shares. No person shall be elected nor be competent to hold the office of Director unless at least one (1) share of stock of the Corporation shall stand in his name in the books of the Corporation at the time of his election.
- 4. Ground for Disqualification for Nomination. No person shall qualify or be eligible for nomination or election to the Board of Directors if he is engaged in any business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Corporation in accordance with the Bylaws.
- Term of Office. Directors shall hold office for a term of one (1) year, more or less, immediately upon their election and until their successors shall have been elected and qualified in accordance with the By-Laws.
- 6. Term Limits for Independent Directors. Independent Directors can serve as such for five (5) consecutive years, provided that service for a period of at least six (6) months shall be equivalent to one (1) year, regardless of the manner by which the Independent Director position was relinquished or terminated.
- 7. Re-election of Independent Directors. After completion of the five-year service period, an Independent Director shall be ineligible for election as such in the Corporation unless the Independent Director has undergone a "cooling off" period of two (2) years, provided, that during such period, the Independent Director concerned has not engaged in any activity that under existing rules of the SEC disqualifies a person from being elected as Independent Director of the Corporation.

An Independent Director re-elected as such in the Corporation after the "cooling off" period can serve for another four (4) consecutive years under the conditions mentioned in paragraph 6 above.

- 8. Disassociation of Independent Directors. After serving as Independent Director for nine (9) years, the Independent Director shall be perpetually barred from being elected as such in the Corporation, without prejudice to being elected as Independent Director in other companies outside of the business conglomerate, where applicable, under the same conditions provided for in the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 9. Filling of Vacancies/Succession Planning. In case any vacancy or vacancies should occur on the Board of Directors other than removal or expiration of term, due to death, resignation or other causes, the remaining Directors, if still consisting a quorum, may fill said vacancies by election from among the stockholders and the stockholders so elected shall act as members of said Board until the new Board of Directors is elected. In case of the vacancy of the position of the Chairman, the appointed Vice-Chairman shall perform his duties and responsibilities. The Board will decide of the same Vice-Chairman may also serve as the President/CEO of the Corporation or if there is a need to appoint another officer for the latter position.

Section 5. BOARD MEETINGS

- Frequency of Meetings. The Board shall meet at least six (6) times each calendar year.
 It shall hold meetings before the start of the financial year, immediately after the annual meeting of stockholders, at least once every quarter, and on such other days that it may designate.
 - It may be convened in special meeting by the Chairman or at least the request majority of the directors.
- 2. Quorum. Two-thirds (2/3) of the number of Directors as fixed in the articles of incorporation shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of corporate business.
- 3. Attendance. Directors are encouraged to attend all Board meetings, either in person or via teleconferencing facility. A Director who fails, without any justifiable cause, to attend at least 75% of the total number of Board meetings during any term shall not be eligible for re-election.
- 4. Notice of Meeting. The Board meetings shall be announced at least two weeks in advance. Notice of meetings may be given by any customary means of communication (e.g. by e-mail, in writing, by telephone, by telefax, etc.). The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and include a detailed agenda. As a rule, Board materials are to be distributed to all Directors at least five (5) business days prior to each Board meeting.
- 5. Chairman of the Meeting. Board meetings shall be chaired by the Chairman of the Board or, in his or her absence, by the Vice Chairman.

- 6. Matters for Discussion in Meetings. In any Board meeting, decisions may be made on matters not included in the distributed meeting agenda only if there are no objections posed by any member of the Board.
- 7. Minutes of the Meeting. Minutes of the Board meetings shall be taken and recorded by the Office of the Corporate Secretary. Minutes shall be signed by the chairman of the meeting and by the individual who has been appointed to take notes during the meeting.
- Executive Sessions. At least once a year, the Non-executive Directors must meet without any executives present.

Section 6. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD

- Duties, Powers and Attributes of the Board. The Board of Directors shall have the following duties, powers and attributes, in addition to those assigned to it by the Corporation Code or other applicable law and the By-Laws which are not set forth herein:
 - (a) Adopt, continuously review, monitor the implementation of the corporate strategy;
 - (b) Determine the period, manner and conditions under which the Corporation shall engage in the kinds of business comprised in Article II of the Articles of Incorporation;
 - (c) Review the vision and mission statement of the Corporation every year;
 - (d) Determine the manner in which the corporate capital shall be invested, subject to the provisions of Article II of the Corporation's By-Laws;
 - (e) Make rules for the internal regulation of the Corporation;
 - (f) Create committees and other bodies it may deem advantageous or necessary in running the affairs of the Corporation;
 - (g) Determine the creation of branches, agencies, office departments of any class, under the conditions it may deem convenient;
 - (h) Decide as to the safekeeping of the funds of the Corporation, open current accounts, fixed deposit accounts and savings accounts with any bank authorized to operate in the Philippines and/or abroad;
 - (i) Approve the budgets and general expense accounts of the Corporation each year and each quarter, if necessary;
 - (j) Fix annually the percentage to be written off on all capital expenditures of the Corporation such as buildings, furniture and fixtures, etc. and determine the distribution of profits and dividends;
 - (k) Submit annually to the annual meeting of stockholders the Balance Sheet, profit and Income Statement and Annual Report on the condition of the Corporation;
 - (I) Call special meetings;
 - (m) Authorize any other person or persons it may deem fit to purchase, sell, or mortgage the real or personal properties of the Corporation;
 - (n) Authorize any other person or persons it may deem fit to cancel mortgages or pledges executed as securities for loans and bonds when the mortgages have been repaid to the Corporation and when the bonds have been cancelled;
 - (o) Determine the time and manner of issuance of unissued stocks of the Corporation;

- (p) Settle any doubts that may arise relative to the interpretation of the Corporation's By-Laws and supply any omissions, reporting thereon to the stockholders' general meeting for such action as it may see fit to take;
- (q) Conduct an annual performance assessment of the Board, the individual Directors, the board committees, the President and CEO, and other key management officials. Attached as Annex "A" Guidelines in Conducting Performance Assessments.
- (r) Oversee the process of disclosure and communications of relevant corporate information in accordance with applicable laws, rules, and company policies.
- 2. Adherence to the Code of Conduct and Ethics. The Board shall ensure that all Directors, executives and employees adhere to the Corporation's Code of Conduct and Ethics. The Board shall adopt measures for the strict implementation and monitoring of compliance with the Code.
- 3. Reporting Responsibility of the Management. Management shall inform the Board regularly, promptly and comprehensively about any issues concerning the Corporation's strategy, risk management, and compliance. Management shall regularly update the Board of the implementation of the Corporation's strategy and explain variances from the approved plans and targets.
- 4. Approval of the Financial Statements. Based on the report by the Audit, Risk and Related Party Transactions Committee, the Board shall, with the help of independent auditors, approve the financial statements of the Corporation.
- Approval of Annual Plans and Budgets. The Board shall be responsible in approving the annual plans and budget of the Corporation, as well as the corresponding investments and personnel movements.

Section 7. THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

- Powers of the Chairman. The Chairman of the Board is the legal representative of the Corporation and has powers:
 - (a) To preside at all of stockholders' meetings and meetings of the Board;
 - (b) To cast the deciding vote in case of a tie in the stockholders' meetings or in the Board meetings;
 - (c) To exercise such other powers which are given him in the By-laws.
- Chairman of Board Meetings. The Chairman of the Board shall chair all Board meetings, or in case of his absence, the Vice Chairman shall automatically take his place as Acting Chairman of the Board.

The Chairman of the Board shall ensure that all Board members are allowed to freely express their opinions about any matter being discussed.

Section 8. CORPORATE SECRETARY

It shall be the duty of the Corporate Secretary, who must be a citizen and a resident of the Philippines, to prepare and keep the minutes of all meetings of the Board and stockholders and attend to the correspondence and files of the Corporation, to sign, jointly with the President, all stock certificates, keep and affix the corporate seal, record all transfers of stock and cancellations and keep all stock certificates transferred, likewise, keep a list in alphabetical order of all stockholders of the Corporation and of their residences and the shares owned by each, and to perform all other duties which may be assigned to him by the Board.

Section 9. BOARD COMMITTEES

- Creation of Board Committees. The Board may create such committees (each a "Board Committee") as it may deem necessary to support it in the performance of its functions and in accordance with the By-Laws and to aid in good governance.
- 2. Delegation of Rights and Responsibilities to the Board Committees. The Board may delegate part of its rights and responsibilities to any of its committees. The committees shall be composed of Board members and key officers of the Corporation specifically chosen for their particular background and areas of expertise that will allow them to adequately perform the functions assigned to their committee. The rights and responsibilities of each Board committee may be defined in greater detail in specific committee charters duly approved by the Board.
- 3. Board Committee Charters. The Board shall adopt for each Board Committee a charter providing, among others, the composition of the Board Committee, the qualifications of the members, the powers, duties and responsibilities of the Board Committee and the rules governing the exercise of those powers or performance of the duties and responsibilities.
- 4. Board Committees. The Board shall constitute an Executive Committee, an Audit, Risk and Related Party Transaction Committee, a Compensation and Remuneration Committee, and a Nomination and Corporate Governance Committee.

Section 10. COMPENSATION OF THE BOARD

Non-executive Directors shall be entitled to receive from the Corporation, pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors, fees and other compensation for their services as Directors. The Board shall have the sole authority, in accordance with a resolution of the stockholders or the By-laws, to determine the amount, form and structure of the fees and other compensation of the Directors.

Section 11. ORIENTATION AND CONTINUING EDUCATION PROGRAMS FOR DIRECTORS

Prior to assuming office, all new Directors shall undergo orientation program on the Corporation's business and corporate structure, its vision, mission and corporate strategy, the By-laws, and Manual of Corporate Governance, and other relevant matters essential for the effective performance of their duties and responsibilities.

Directors shall likewise be required to undergo training and continuing education programs to further their knowledge and assist in their development as Directors.

Section 12. MISCELLANEOUS

- Access to Information. The Board shall have reasonably free and full access to all relevant information, data, records, properties and personnel of the Corporation.
- Technical Assistance. The Board may invite such members of Management and other persons to its meetings and may secure independent expert advice as it may deem desirable or appropriate.
- 3. Annual Review. This Charter shall be reviewed by the Board annually.
- 4. Effectivity. This Charter shall take effect when approved by the Board and shall apply prospectively.

Annex A

Guidelines in Conducting Performance Assessments

Annual performance assessments of the Board, the individual Directors, the Board Committees, and the President and CEO and key management officials shall be conducted in accordance with the following guidelines:

I. For the performance assessment of the Board

The Board shall conduct a self-evaluation where all the board members shall participate. An outside consultant may be employed to conduct simultaneous evaluation of the Board's performance. In evaluating the Board's performance, the following criteria/factors shall be considered:

- (i) Knowledge Whether the Board possesses adequate information on industry trends and overall business environment;
- (ii) Strategy and Implementation Whether the Board has adopted appropriate corporate strategy and whether the same has been effectively implemented;
- (iii) Risk Management Whether the Board has a keen understanding of the types of risks to which the Corporation may be exposed and would be vulnerable, and whether it has adopted appropriate systems and processes to manage these risks;
- (iv) Corporate Ethics Whether the Board has taken the lead role to ensure faithful compliance with all the applicable laws and rules, and the Corporation's By-laws, Manual of Corporate Governance, Code of Conduct and Ethics, and other relevant company policies; and
- (v) Internal Control/Oversight Function Whether the Board has taken reasonable steps to ensure that the Corporation is properly managed, including monitoring of the operational and financial results.

II. For the performance assessment of the Directors

The Board shall assess the performance of its individual members. In evaluating the performance of each Director, the following criteria/factors shall be considered:

- (i) Knowledge Whether the Director has an in-depth knowledge of the Corporation's business and strategic direction;
- (ii) Participation Whether the Director attended all, some or only a few of the meetings of the Board and of the committees in which he/she is a member, and whether he/she made valuable contributions in the discussion of matters before the Board and/or the committees; and
- (iii) Fair Dealing Whether the Director conducted fair business transactions with the Corporation and ensured that his/her personal interest did not conflict with the interest of the Corporation

III. For the performance assessment of the Board Committees

The Board Committees shall assess their respective performance. The Board may conduct simultaneous evaluation of the performance of each Board Committee. In evaluating the performance of the Board Committees, the following criteria/factors shall be considered:

- (i) Committee Organization Whether the Committee is composed of appropriate number of Directors with the right balance of skills, experiences and backgrounds to ensure the proper performance of the roles and responsibilities of the Committee;
- (ii) Committee Meetings Whether the Committee had adequate number of meetings to sufficiently focus on significant matters of concern; and
- (iii) Committee Processes and Procedures Whether the Committee adopted processes and procedures to ensure timely resolution of matters before it.

IV. For the performance assessment of the President and CEO, and other key management officials

The Board shall assess the performance of the President and CEO, and other key management officials. In evaluating their performance, the following criteria/factors shall be considered:

- (i) Compliance Whether the President and CEO, and other key management officials have taken steps to ensure the Corporation's compliance with all the legal requirements in the management of its affairs;
- (ii) Administration Whether the President and CEO, and other key management officials have effectively managed the day-to-day operations of the Corporation towards the achievement of the organization's goals and objectives;
- (iii) Knowledge, Skills and Competence Whether the President and CEO, and other key management officials possess appropriate knowledge, skills and competence essential to the due performance of duties;
- (iv) Corporate Ethics Whether the President and CEO, and other key management officials have consistently demonstrated integrity and observed the corporate core values; and
- (v) Board-Management Relationship Whether the President and CEO, and other key management officials have worked closely with the Board and provided the latter with complete, adequate information on the operations and affairs of the Corporation in a timely manner.





Annual Board Assessment Form (Board)

This Self-Assessment Questionnaire is composed of varying statements based on the roles, functions and responsibilities of the Board and Board Members found under the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance. For each statement, you will be asked to choose from among the following responses:

1-	Disagree	
2-	Neutral	
3-	Agree	

Please be forthright in your responses. This questionnaire aims to determine the Board's strengths and weaknesses. Thank you.

	PERFORMANCE OF INDIVIDUAL BOARD MEMBERS	1	2	3
I. C	Company Policies			
1	The Board effectively represents and protects the interests of the owners of the business, as well as other key external stakeholders.			
2	The Board ensures effective business governance of the various businesses in which the Company has an interest, with the objective of preserving stakeholder value in the long run.			
3	The Board ensures that key financial decisions made related to investments/capital expenditures are governed by appropriate processes and with proper Board approval.			
4	The Board ensures that the strategic business direction of the businesses of the Company is soundly established, and consistent with overall Company goals and strategies.			
5	The Board sets performance measures for the business of the Executive Management, and specific performance measures of the CEO to determine his effectiveness in the role.			
6	The Board ensures that appropriate compensation policies are in place, and that the compensation received by senior managers are at an appropriate level related to his/her contribution to the Company.			
7	The Board receives reports on progress related to the execution of strategic plans, financial performance of the business, and other matters related to the role and responsibilities of the Board from the Executive Management.			
	7.1 The Board has sufficient opportunity to evaluate such reports, and question the Executive Management on any matter of concern or clarification.			
8	If needed, the Board determines what are the additional board committees that should be establish, as well as their roles and composition.			
9	The Board has consistent understanding on and agrees with the Company's strategic business direction and the risks that should be considered therewith.			



H.	The Board and the Executive Management	
1	The Board works in close cooperation with the Executive Management to effectively communicate the Company's strategic business direction, as well as to discuss the progress of the projects.	_
2	The Board communicates to the Executive Management any perceived stakeholder concerns.	
3	The Board takes a direct interest in leadership succession, for the Company CEO and other key group senior management positions in particular, to ensure that appropriate processes are being effectively adopted to avoid some leadership gaps.	
4	The Board and Executive Management have reached consensus on the overall risk management framework and strategy for the organization.	
5	When communicating strategic direction, the Board and Executive Management includes formal references to defined risk appetite and tolerances.	
III.	Board Meetings and Facilities	
1	The Board meets on a regular basis to deliberate, with special emergency meetings held whenever required.	
2	The Board facilitates the conduct of Annual General Meetings, and any other special shareholder meetings that may be required.	
3	The Agenda for the Board meetings are relevant and appropriate	
4	The length of the Board meeting is sufficient to address matters that require Board attention.	
5	The quality of the presentations and/or reports are very satisfactory in form and in substance.	
6	The reporters are competent, articulate, clear, concise, and are responsive to queries from the Board.	
7	The materials are organized, updated, concise, and accurate.	
8	The materials were furnished to the Board before the scheduled Board meeting, giving the members of the Board sufficient time to read the materials.	
9	The venue for the Board meeting is sufficient for the size and needs of the Board and well equipped with video and teleconferencing facilities.	
IV.	Board Composition	
1	The size of the Board is appropriate for the size of the Company.	_
2	The number of Independent Directors is sufficient.	
3	There is a system of ensuring continuity of the functions of the Board.	-
4	The members of the Board are very competent and are fully cognizant of their functions.	
٧.	Board Committees	
1	The number and kinds of committees are appropriate considering the	
	size and needs of the Company.	
2	The members of the committees are properly assigned based on their expertise and strengths.	
3	The frequency, length, and agenda discussed during committee	



the Board.		
thers		
For the next five (5) years, the Board should concentrat	e on the following is:
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Annual Board Assessment Form (Member)

This Self-Assessment Questionnaire is composed of varying statements based on the roles, functions, and responsibilities of the Board and Board Members found under the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance. For each statement, you will be asked to choose from among the following responses:

1-	Disagree	
2-	Neutral	
3-	Agree	

Please be forthright in your responses. This questionnaire aims to determine the Board's strengths and weaknesses.

	PERFORMANCE OF INDIVIDUAL BOARD MEMBERS	1	2	3
I. Co	ompany Policies			
1	I take time to understand the Company and its subsidiaries, its goals and strategies, its businesses, its governance, and other key policies.			
2	I represent the Company positively and constructively in all external dealings, seeking to enhance the Company name and reputation.			
II. At	tendance and Participation			
1	I regularly attend Board and/or Committee meetings.			
2	I contribute effectively to discussions during Board and Committee meetings.			
3	I willingly offer alternative viewpoints during discussions to reflect own personal experiences and opinions.			
4	I offer any viewpoints objectively, avoiding any comments of a personal nature about another member of the Board or his/her viewpoints.			
5	I listen to the viewpoints of other Board members with full respect and with care, in order to achieve optimal understanding.			
6	I fully support decisions made by the Board in the external arena, even if that decision did not completely reflect my own viewpoints.			
III. Pe	erformance			
1	I seek to find ways to continuously improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the Board or any committee that I am a member of, taking any relevant suggestions to the Board Chairman or Committee Chairman, as the case maybe, for his consideration.			
2	I am prepared to receive and act upon any feedback received through the Board or Committee Chairman on ways to improve performance as a Board Director or Committee member.			
3	I maintain complete external confidentiality on details of Board discussions, individual viewpoints and any matters of sensitivity, other than as the Board agrees is to be communicated in a specific manner.			
4	I always exercise independent judgment based on my assessments of			



	the situation or problem, even if my position is unpopular.	
5	I strive to keep myself informed of industry developments and business	
	trends affecting the businesses of the Company.	

For the succeeding questions, please answer those which are applicable to you.

	I maintain a primary identity as a Board member, while dealing with	
	Board matters, at the same time bringing to the Board the benefit of	
	closer knowledge of operational considerations.	
B. For I	ndependent Directors only	
	especial Contracts of the septiment of t	
	I bring fully to the Board the benefit of the particular experience or	
	expertise that encouraged the invitation to become a Board member, at	
	the same time not feeling constrained to contribute on matters that may	
2 - 1	be outside my personal experience and expertise.	
. For E	Board Committee members only	
1	I am familiar of the mandate of the committee that I am a member of.	
2	I am familiar with specific areas of concern covered by the committee	
	that I am a member of, and do not seek to divert into other areas not	
	specifically envisioned by the committee mandate.	
3	I engage constructively with the Company CEO and any other senior	
	leader of the Company, who may be consulted for the purpose of the	
	Committee being better informed, or better positioned to offer the Board	
	a more reliable recommendation.	
4	I maintain external confidentiality related to details of Committee	
	discussion, including the individual views of members, other than as	
	agreed for formal communication to the Board and/or Executive	
	Management by the Committee as a whole.	
D. For E	Board Committee Chairmen only	
1	I oversee the conduct of the Board Committee in line with the	
	Committee mandate including:	
2	I manage the agenda of Committee meetings by taking into	
	consideration the relevant and appropriate issues concerning the	
	Committee.	
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3	I effectively chair Committee meetings, ensuring proper consideration	
3		
3	I effectively chair Committee meetings, ensuring proper consideration of matters for discussion and recommendation to the full Board. I ensure that each member of the Committee has full opportunity to	
4	I effectively chair Committee meetings, ensuring proper consideration of matters for discussion and recommendation to the full Board. I ensure that each member of the Committee has full opportunity to express views and contribute effectively to discussion.	
	I effectively chair Committee meetings, ensuring proper consideration of matters for discussion and recommendation to the full Board. I ensure that each member of the Committee has full opportunity to express views and contribute effectively to discussion. I draw the attention of a Committee member who, for one reason or	
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CHARTER OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The Board of Directors ("Board) of Paxys, Inc. (the "Corporation") hereby adopts this Charter of the Executive Committee (the "Committee"):

Section 1. Membership

 Composition – The Committee shall be composed of not less than three (3) but not more than five (5) members, majority of whom shall be citizens of the Philippines, to be appointed by the Board.

The Board shall designate from among the members of the Committee a Chairman and a Vice Chairman.

The Board may from time to time increase the membership of the Committee, and appoint additional members therein, who may or may not be directors.

- Term The Board shall appoint the members of the Committee at the annual
 organizational meeting of the Board and each member shall serve upon his election
 until the next organizational meeting of the Board unless removed or replaced by the
 Board.
- 3. Vacancy Any vacancy in the Committee caused by the death, resignation, or disqualification of any member, or by any other cause, may be filled by the Board. The member elected to fill the vacancy shall hold office for the remainder of the term, or until his successor shall have been duly elected and qualified.

Section 2. Powers, Duties and Responsibilities of Committee

The Committee shall exercise the powers and perform the duties of the Board of Directors during the intervening period between the Board's meetings. It shall act by majority vote of all its members on such specific matters within the competence of the Board as provided in the By-laws and applicable laws, rules and regulations, except with respect to:

- 1. approval of any action for which shareholders' approval is also required;
- 2. filling of vacancies in the Board;
- 3. amendment or repeal of By-Laws or the adoption of new By-Laws;

- amendment or repeal of any resolution of the Board which by its express terms is not so amendable or repealable;
- 5. distribution of cash dividends to the shareholders; and
- 6. exercise of powers delegated by the Board exclusively to other committees, if any.

Section 3. Specific Powers, Duties and Responsibilities of the Chairman of the Executive Committee

The Chairman of the Committee is the legal representative of the Corporation. He shall:

- 1. execute the resolutions of the stockholders' General Meetings, of the Board, and of the Committee;
- sign, in accordance with said resolutions, such contracts, instruments, and powers of attorney as may be necessary;
- represent the Corporation and vote at the stockholders' meetings all stocks owned by the Corporation in other corporations or companies;
- 4. manage the business of the Corporation, and for this purpose, he shall have the following additional powers and duties:
 - (a) prepare semi-annually the budget of administration expenses;
 - (b) appoint and discharge the employees occupying the positions authorized by the Board or by the Committee;
 - (c) supervise the accounting and cash, and sign, with the President and the Treasurer, the Balance Sheet, profit and Loss Statement and Annual Reports;
 - (d) attend to the correspondence and sign receipts for incoming monies.
- 5. preside in all stockholders' meeting in case of absence of the Chairman of the Board.

With the consent of the Board, the Chairman of the Committee may delegate to any of the officers of the Corporation any and all powers granted him under this section; provided, however, that such delegation shall not divest the Chairman of the authority to exercise the same powers; provided further, that any such delegation of powers shall be submitted for ratification and confirmation at the next general meeting of stockholders.

With the consent of the Committee, the Chairman may also delegate powers to the President; provided, however, that any such delegation of powers shall also be submitted for ratification and confirmation by the stockholders.

Section 4. Resolutions and Actions

An act of the Committee which is within the scope of its powers shall not require ratification or approval by the Board for its validity and effectivity; provided, however, that such act shall be subject to revision or alteration by the Board; provided, further, that no rights or acts of third parties shall be affected by such revision or alteration.

Section 5. Meetings

The Committee shall hold meetings as often as may be deemed necessary or desirable at a time and place determined by its Chairman.

The actions of the Committee may also be taken by written consent (in physical, electronic or digital format) by majority of the members when deemed necessary by the Committee or its Chairman.

The minutes of the Committee meeting will be recorded and maintained by the Corporate Secretary and presented to the Committee at the next Committee meeting for approval. The Corporate Secretary or his designated representative shall act as secretary for the meetings.

Section 6. Miscellaneous

- 1) Access to Information The Committee shall have reasonably free and full access to all relevant information, data, records, properties and personnel.
- 2) Technical Assistance The Corporate Secretary, management and personnel of the Corporation shall provide technical assistance and support to the Committee.
- 3) Reports to the Board The Chairman of the Committee or his designated representative shall report to the Board of all actions of the Committee at the meeting of the Board following such actions.
- 4) Confidentiality of Records The Corporate Secretary shall keep and have custody of the records of the Committee. Except for information that are required to be disclosed pursuant to law or regulations issued by competent government authorities, the records shall be kept confidential.
- 5) Annual Review This Charter shall be reviewed by the Committee annually. Any proposed changes shall be approved by the Board.
- 6) Effectivity This Charter shall take effect when approved by the Board of Directors.





Audit, Risk and Related Party Committee Charter

PURPOSE/OBJECTIVES

The principal responsibility of the committee is to assist the board in fulfilling its corporate governance and fiduciary oversight responsibilities in relation to the risk management, internal control systems, accounting policies and practices, internal and external audit functions and financial reporting of Paxys, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

The committee is also tasked to assist the board in ensuring transparency and fairness for all stakeholders by reviewing and approving proposed related party transactions for purposes of determining whether such transactions are within arm's length basis.

AUTHORITY

The audit committee has authority to conduct or authorize investigations into any matters within its scope of responsibility. Employees are to cooperate fully with the Audit Committee members.

- The committee is authorized to investigate any matter within the scope of its responsibilities and make appropriate recommendations to the board.
- The committee will have unrestricted access to senior management of Paxys, Inc. and its subsidiaries, and to company records as required.
- The committee is authorized to meet with the external and internal auditors, without any
 other member of management being present, as the Committee deems appropriate.
- The committee is authorized to obtain any independent legal or other professional advice that it considers necessary to execute its functions.
- The committee is authorized to expend organizational resources whenever necessary to fulfill its responsibilities.

COMPOSITION

The Audit, Risk and Related Party Transactions Committee will comprise of at least three and no more than six members of the Board of Directors. The Board or its nominating committee will appoint committee members and the committee chairman.

The Committee Chairman should be independent (must not be the Chairman of the Board) and members should be financially literate. At least one member shall be a "financial expert", as defined by applicable legislation and regulation. At least one member should have a significant relevant understanding of the business of the Group.

MEETINGS

The committee will meet at least three (3) times a year, with authority to convene additional meetings, as circumstances require. All committee members are expected to attend each meeting, in person or via tele- or video-conference. The committee will invite members of management, external auditors, internal auditors and/or others to attend meetings and provide pertinent information, as necessary. It will hold private meetings with auditors and executive sessions as necessary. Meeting agendas will be prepared and provided in advance to members, along with executive reports. Minutes will be prepared and to be kept by the corporate secretary and shall be accessible to all members of the board.

Recommendations of the committee are referred to the board for approval, with the exception of the external and internal audit plans.

RESPONSIBILITIES

The scope of its responsibility entails serving as the focal point for communication between and among the:

- Board of Directors
- External Auditors
- Internal Auditors
- Risk Management Group
- Executive Management

The committee will carry out the following responsibilities:

(1) Financial Reporting Process

- Review with the external and internal auditors, significant accounting and reporting issues, significant adjustments recommended, including complex or unusual transactions and highly judgmental areas, and recent professional and regulatory pronouncements, and understand their impact on the financial statements.
- Review with management, the external and the internal auditors, the results of the audit, including any difficulties encountered.
- Review with the General Counsel the status of legal matters that may have an effect on the financial statements.
- Review the annual financial statements, and consider whether they are complete, consistent with information known to committee members, and reflect appropriate accounting principles.
- Review with the head of the internal audit and the external auditor the coordination of audit effort to assure completeness of coverage, reduction of redundant efforts, and the effective use of audit resources.

(2) System of Risk Management

- The primary purpose of the committee concerning risk management is to assist the Board in defining the group's risk appetite and oversee the group's risk profile and performance against the defined risk appetite.
- Review and assess the effectiveness of the organization's risk management system, including risks of information technology systems, and that the company is able to optimize its opportunities through its risk management program.
- Inquire of management, the head of the internal audit, the risk management head, and the
 external auditor about significant risks or exposures and assess the steps management has
 taken to minimize such risks to the company.

(3) System of Internal Control

- 9. Ensure that the organization has a comprehensive policy on internal control and compliance.
- Consider and review with the external and internal auditors, the effectiveness of the organization's internal control system, including information technology security and control.
- Understand the scope of internal and external auditors' review of internal control over financial reporting, and obtain reports on significant findings and recommendations, together with management's responses thereto.
- 12. Review the role of the internal auditor in the corporate governance process, including corporate governance documentation and training.

(4) Internal Audit Process

- Oversee the selection process for the Chief audit executive and review and concur in his/her appointment, replacement, or dismissal.
- Assure and maintain, through the organizational structure of the organization and by other means, the independence of the internal audit process.
- Ensure that internal auditors have access to all documents, information and systems in the organization.
- Ensure there are no unjustified restrictions or limitations placed on the Chief Audit Executive and internal audit staff.
- Review with management and the Chief Audit Executive the charter, objectives, plans, activities, staffing, budget, qualifications and the organizational structure of the Internal Audit Department.

- 18. Review significant audit findings for the year and management's responses thereto, including the responsiveness and timeliness of management's actions pertaining to any reported findings and recommendations.
- 19. Review the effectiveness of the internal audit function, including compliance with The Institute of Internal Auditors' Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing.
- 20. On a need basis, meet separately with the Chief Audit Executive to discuss any matters that the committee or internal audit believes should be discussed privately.

(5) External Audit of the Financial Statements

- Review the external auditor's proposed audit scope and approach, including coordination of audit effort with internal audit.
- Recommend the appointment, retention and discharge, and review the performance, of the external auditor.
- 23. Review and recommend the compensation of the external auditor.
- 24. Review and recommend for approval of the full board, the audited financial statements, associated management letter, attestation on the effectiveness of the internal control structure and procedures for financial reporting, other required auditor communications, and all other auditor reports and communications relating to the financial statements.
- Review the responsiveness and timeliness of management's follow-up activities pertaining to any reported findings and recommendations.
- On a need basis, meet separately with the external auditor to discuss any matters that the committee or auditors believe should be discussed privately.

(6) Related Party Transactions (RPTs)

- 27. Evaluates on an ongoing basis the existing relations between and among businesses and counterparties to ensure that all related parties are continuously identified, RPTs are monitored, and subsequent changes in relationships with counterparties (from non-related to related and vice versa) are captured. Related parties, RPTs and changes in relationships should be reflected in the relevant reports to the Board and regulators/supervisors.
- 28. Evaluates all material RPTs to ensure that these are not undertaken on more favorable economic terms (e.g., price, commissions, interest rates, fees, tenor, collateral requirement) to such related parties than similar transactions with non-related parties under similar circumstances and that no corporate or business resources of the company are misappropriated or misapplied, and to determine any potential reputational risk issues that may arise as a result of or in connection with the transactions. In evaluating RPTs, the Committee takes into account, among others, the following:

- The related party's relationship to the company and interest in the transaction;
- The material facts of the proposed RPT, including the proposed aggregate value of such transaction;
- The benefits to the corporation of the proposed RPT;
- The availability of other sources of comparable products or services; and
- An assessment of whether the proposed RPT is on terms and conditions that are comparable to the terms generally available to an unrelated party under similar circumstances. The company should have an effective price discovery system in place and exercise due diligence in determining a fair price for RPTs.
- 29. Ensures that appropriate disclosure is made, and/or information is provided to regulating and supervising authorities relating to the company's RPT exposures, and policies on conflicts of interest or potential conflicts of interest. The disclosure should include information on the approach to managing material conflicts of interest that are inconsistent with such policies, and conflicts that could arise as a result of the company's affiliation or transactions with other related parties.
- 30. Reports to the Board of Directors on a regular basis, the status and aggregate exposures to each related party, as well as the total amount of exposures to all related parties.
- 31. Ensures that transactions with related parties, including write-off of exposures are subject to a periodic independent review or audit process.
- 32. Oversees the implementation of the system for identifying, monitoring, measuring, controlling, and reporting RPTs, including a periodic review of RPT policies and procedures.

(7) Organization's Processes for Monitoring Compliance

- 33. Review the effectiveness of the system for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and the results of management's investigation and follow-up (including disciplinary action) of any instances of noncompliance.
- 34. Review the process for communicating to all affected parties the ethics policy, code of conduct and fraud policy to organization personnel, and for monitoring compliance therewith.
- Obtain regular updates from management and organization legal counsel regarding compliance matters.

(8) Special Investigations and Whistleblower Mechanism

 Provide an appropriate confidential mechanism for whistleblowers to provide information on potentially fraudulent transactions and breaches of internal control, without fear of retribution to the employee.

(9) Committee Management and Reporting Responsibilities

- 37. Prepare an annual report to the board on the activities of the committee, including major governance and control issues and significant risks.
- 38. Perform other activities related to this charter as requested by the Board of Directors.
- 39. Confirm annually that all responsibilities outlined in this charter have been carried out. Prepare letter for inclusion in the annual report that describes the committee's composition and responsibilities, and how they were discharged.





NOMINATION AND GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE CHARTER

COMPOSITION

The Nomination and Governance Committee (the "Committee") of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company shall consist of at least 3 and not more than 6 Directors, with at least one Independent Director. Members of the Committee shall be appointed and may be removed by the Board.

PURPOSE

The purpose of the Committee shall be to assist the Board in identifying qualified individuals to become member of the Board, in determining the composition of the Board and its committees, in monitoring and assessing the Board's effectiveness, and in developing and implementing the Company's corporate governance principles and guidelines.

AUTHORITY and RESPONSIBILITIES

In furtherance of its purpose, the Committee shall have the following authority and responsibilities:

- To pre-screen and shortlist candidates nominated to become a member of the Board in accordance with the qualifications and disqualifications for Directors set forth in existing laws, relevant regulations and the Corporate Governance Manual;
- To consider and recommend to the Board the permanent or temporary disqualification or such other appropriate administrative sanction of any Director based on the grounds provided under the Corporate Governance Manual and the Committee Charter.
- 3. To determine and submit an appropriate recommendation or finding on whether a candidate's directorship in other corporations would affect his capacity to serve and perform his duties as a Director diligently, taking into consideration the following factors:
 (a) the nature of the Company's business;
 (b) the number of directorships/active memberships and officerships of a Director in other corporations or organizations;
 (c) any possible conflict of interest; and
 (d) such other factors which the Board may consider from time to time.
- 4. To ensure that the Executive Directors, the Independent Directors and Non-Executive Directors who serve as full-time executives in other corporations shall submit themselves to a low-indicative limit on directorships in other corporations in order that the capacity of said Directors to serve the Company with utmost diligence shall not be compromised.

- To ensure that the Company shall conform with the requirement to have an Independent Director or such number of Independent Directors as maybe required by law and its Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws;
- In connection with the qualification and election of Independent Directors for purposes of the stockholder's meeting, to conduct the nomination process for the election of Independent Directors under the procedures/guidelines provided under the Committee's Charter.
- 7. After the nomination, to prepare a final list of all candidates which shall contain all the information about all the nominees for Independent Directors, which list, shall be made available to the Securities and Exchange Commission and to all stockholders through the filing and distribution of the Information Statement or Proxy Statement. The name of the person or group of persons who recommended the nomination of the Independent Director shall be identified in such report including any relationship with the nominee. Only nominees whose names appear on the final List of Candidates shall be eligible as Independent Directors. No other nomination shall be entertained after the final List of Candidates shall have been prepared. No further nomination shall be entertained or allowed on the floor during the actual stockholders' meeting.
- To identify and recommend the candidates among the incumbent Directors to fill
 vacancies in any of the Board Committees, taking into consideration the factors set out in
 the respective Charters of said Committees as well as any other factors it deems
 appropriate.
- 9. To identify candidates for any vacancies in the Board.
- To conduct an annual board evaluation process to assess the effectiveness of the Board.
- 11. To develop and recommend to the Board for its approval a set of corporate governance principles, standards and guidelines and taking a leadership role in shaping the corporate governance of the Company. The Committee shall review the guidelines at least annually, and recommend changes as necessary.
- To develop and recommend to the Board for its approval an annual self-evaluation process of the Board and its committees. The Committee shall oversee the annual selfevaluations.
- 13. Assist the Board by ensuring that appropriate senior leadership succession planning is in place throughout the group and recommending to the Board appropriate potential and actual successors to the chief executive officer and other key senior leadership roles.
- 14. Monitor the Group's fiduciary and regulatory responsibilities with respect to external reporting; i.e., corporate plan, annual report, and other similar reports.

The Committee shall have the authority to delegate any of its responsibilities to subcommittees as the Committee may deem appropriate in its sole discretion.

The Committee shall have the authority to retain a search firm engaged to assist in identifying candidates for director, and to retain outside counsel and any other advisors as the Committee

may deem appropriate in its sole discretion. The Committee shall have sole authority to approve related fees and retention terms.

REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

The Committee shall report its actions and recommendations to the Board after each committee meeting and shall conduct and present to the Board an annual performance evaluation of the Committee. The Committee shall review at least annually the adequacy of this Charter and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval.





Compensation and Remuneration Committee Charter

PURPOSE/OBJECTIVES

This Charter sets out the basis on which the Board has established a Compensation and Remuneration Committee pursuant to its authority. This Charter may be amended by resolution of the Board.

COMPOSITION

The will comprise of at least three and no more than six members of the Board of Directors. The Board or its nominating committee will appoint committee members and the committee chairman.

The Committee Chairman should be independent (must not be the Chairman of the Board) and members should be financially literate..

MEETINGS

The committee will meet at least once (1) a year, with authority to convene additional meetings, as circumstances require. All committee members are expected to attend each meeting, in person or via tele- or video-conference.

The Committee may seek the advice of the Company's auditors, solicitors and other external consultants or specialists as to any matter pertaining to the duties of the Committee.

A notice of each meeting shall be forwarded to members of the Committee at least five working days prior to the date of the meeting. The notice will include relevant supporting papers for the agenda items to be reviewed and discussed.

All minutes of the Committee will be entered into a minute book maintained for that purpose and will be open at all times for inspection by any director, provided no conflict of interest exists.

A quorum will comprise any two committee members. In the absence of the Committee Chairman or appointed delegate, the members shall elect one of their number as Chairman for that meeting.

RESPONSIBILITIES

Without limiting its role, specific duties and responsibilities of the Committee include the following:

- to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of all executive directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;
- to review and approve the compensation payable to executive directors and senior management in connection with any loss or termination of their office or appointment to ensure that such compensation is determined in accordance with relevant contractual terms and that such compensation is otherwise fair and not excessive for the Company;
- to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
- to ensure that no director or any of his or her associates is involved in deciding his or her own remuneration;
- to consult the Chairman and/or the Chief Executive Officer about their remuneration proposals for other executive directors. The Committee should have access to independent professional advice if necessary;
- to consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment, responsibilities and employment conditions in the Group (which comprises the Company and its subsidiaries); and
- to consider other topics as defined by the Board.

REPORTING

The Committee shall provide a report of the actions of the Committee at the next Board meeting.

The Committee Chairman will also, if requested, provide a brief verbal report to the Board as to any material matters arising out of the Committee meeting.

REVIEW

The Board will review the membership and terms of reference of the Committee annually.





Assessment Form (Executive Committee)

This Self-Assessment Questionnaire is composed of varying statements based on the roles, functions and responsibilities of the Executive Committee found under Executive Committee Charter. For each statement, you will be asked to choose from among the following responses:

1-	Disagree
2-	Neutral
3-	Agree

Please be forthright in your responses. This questionnaire aims to determine the Board's strengths and weaknesses. Thank you.

100	PERFORMANCE OF THE COMMITTEE	2	3
I.	Functions of the Committee		
1	The Committee accordingly exercises the powers and perform the duties of the Board of Directors during the intervening period between the Board's meetings.		
2	The Chairman of the Committee accordingly performed his duties and functions as the legal representative of the Corporation		
3	With the consent of the Committee, the Chairman is allowed to delegate powers to the President and such delegation of powers is submitted for ratification and confirmation by the stockholders.		
4	The Committee acts by majority vote of all its members on such specific matters within the competence of the Board as provided in the By-laws and applicable laws, rules and regulations, except for those matters enumerated in the Charter that can only be performed by the Board.		
II.	The Committee and the Board		
1	The Committee works in close cooperation with the Board to effectively communicate its proposals.		
	With the consent of the Board, the Chairman of the Committee is allowed to delegate to any of the officers of the Corporation any and all powers granted him under the Charter and such delegation did not divest the Chairman of the authority to exercise the same powers, which is also submitted for ratification and confirmation at the next general meeting of stockholders.		
2	The Chairman of the Committee or his designated representative reports to the Board all actions of the Committee at the meeting of the Board following such actions.		
3	The act of the Committee which is within the scope of its powers, no longer required the ratification or approval by the Board for its validity and effectivity, subject only to revision or alteration by the Board when necessary.		

4	When revisions and alternations by the Board on the act of the			
	Committee is made, the Committee ensures that these revisions and alterations same do not affect the rights or acts of third parties.			
[[].	Committee Meetings and Facilities			
1	The Committee holds meetings as often as may be deemed necessary or desirable.			
2	The Chairman facilitates the conduct of the meeting.			
3	The Agenda for the Committee meetings are relevant and appropriate			
4	The length of the Committee meeting is sufficient to address matters that require Board attention.			
5	The venue for the Board meeting is sufficient for the size and needs of the Board and well equipped with video and teleconferencing facilities.	.47		
6	The minutes of the Committee meeting will be recorded and maintained by the Corporate Secretary and presented to the Committee at the next Committee meeting for approval.	Maria I		
IV.	Committee Composition			
1	The size of the Committee is appropriate for the considering the size and needs of the Company.	i,		
2	The number of Independent Directors is sufficient.			
3	There is a system of ensuring continuity of the functions of the Executive Committee.			
4	The members of the committees are properly assigned based on their expertise and strengths.			
	Overall, I am very satisfied with the effectiveness and performance of the Executive Committee.			
	Others		1	Τ
	For the next five (5) years, the Executive Committee should concentra following issues?	te on	the	
	following issues?			_
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Assessment Form (Audit, Risk and Related Party Transactions Committee)

This Self-Assessment Questionnaire is composed of varying statements based on the roles, functions and responsibilities of the Committee found under Committee Charter. For each statement, you will be asked to choose from among the following responses:

1-	Disagree	
2-	Neutral	
3-	Agree	

Please be forthright in your responses. This questionnaire aims to determine the Board's strengths and weaknesses. Thank you.

THE REAL PROPERTY.	PERFORMANCE OF THE COMMITTEE	2	1
I. F	unctions of the Committee		
- 1	The Committee accordingly exercises the powers and perform the duties of the Board of Directors during the intervening period between the Board's meetings.		
2	The Chairman of the Committee accordingly performed his duties and functions as the legal representative of the Corporation		
3	With the consent of the Committee, the Chairman is allowed to delegate powers to the President and such delegation of powers is submitted for ratification and confirmation by the stockholders.		
4	The Committee acts by majority vote of all its members on such specific matters within the competence of the Board as provided in the By-laws and applicable laws, rules and regulations, except for those matters enumerated in the Charter that can only be performed by the Board.		
5	The committee has the authority and resources to conduct and perform the roles and responsibilities as identified in the Committee Charter which includes overseeing and monitoring of the overall financial reporting process, risk management, internal controls, internal/external audits, compliances to laws and regulations, related party transactions, including the mechanisms for special investigations and whistleblowing systems.		
II. T	he Committee and the Board		
1	The Committee works in close cooperation with the Board to effectively communicate its proposals.		
	With the consent of the Board, the Chairman of the Committee is allowed to delegate to any of the officers of the Corporation any and all powers granted him under the Charter and such delegation did not divest the Chairman of the authority to exercise the same powers, which is also submitted for ratification and confirmation at the next general meeting of stockholders.		

2	The Chairman of the Committee or his designated representative	
	reports to the Board all actions of the Committee at the meeting of the	
	Board following such actions.	
3	The act of the Committee which is within the scope of its powers, no	
	longer required the ratification or approval by the Board for its validity and	
	effectivity, subject only to revision or alteration by the Board when	-
	necessary.	
4	When revisions and alternations by the Board on the act of the	
	Committee is made, the Committee ensures that these revisions and	
	alterations same do not affect the rights or acts of third parties.	
III. (Committee Meetings and Facilities	
1	The Committee holds meetings as often as may be deemed necessary	
	or desirable.	
2	The Chairman facilitates the conduct of the meeting.	
3	The Agenda for the Committee meetings are relevant and appropriate	
4	The length of the Committee meeting is sufficient to address matters that	
	require Board attention.	
5	The venue for the Board meeting is sufficient for the size and needs of	
	the Board and well equipped with video and teleconferencing facilities.	
6	The minutes of the Committee meeting will be recorded and maintained	
	by the Corporate Secretary and presented to the Committee at the next	
	Committee meeting for approval.	
V. (Committee Composition	
1	The size of the Committee is appropriate for the considering the size and	
	needs of the Company.	
2	The number of Independent Directors is sufficient.	
3	There is a system of ensuring continuity of the functions of the	
	Committee.	
4	The members of the committees are properly assigned based on their	
	expertise and strengths.	
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	Audit, Risk Management and RPT Committee.	
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